

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.7330, 20.1107, 1.2836)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.7330, 20.1107, 1.2836)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.0429, 20.3030,  
2.8625)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A7800
RGB	154, 120, 0
RGB Percent	60%, 47%, 0%
CMY	0.3961, 0.5294, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	47°, 100%, 30%
HSV	47°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625
YIQ	116.4860, 58.7840, -30.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

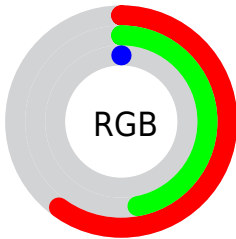
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	44, 154, 0
Decimal	10123264
CIELab	52.18, 3.74, 58.08
CIELCh	52, 58.199, 86.319
Yxy	20.3030, 0.4639, 0.4699
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288313344 (0xFF9A7800)
YUV	116.4860, -57.4276, 32.8998
Hunter-Lab	45.0589, 0.5467, 27.7746

# Details

The XYZ color **20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **6.4049, 3.4773, 30.9052**, and the grayscale version is **16.9093, 17.7899, 19.3732**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.8580, 43.8838, 11.2126**, and **7.3544, 7.2314, 1.0082** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.0431, 20.3036, 2.8626**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5487, 21.1720, 3.4709**.

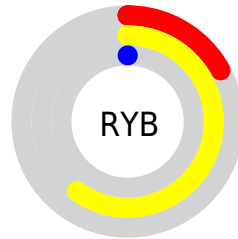
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (47%)

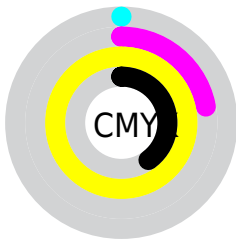
Blue (0%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (0%)

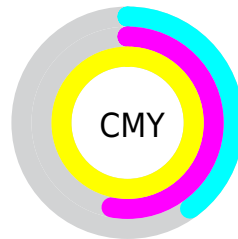


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.0429, 20.3030,  
2.8625


 20.0429, 20.3030,  
2.8625


244.9764,  
253.5507, 134.5896


 12.5347, 12.6155,  
1.0249


 42.9925, 43.9246,  
11.2872

 7.1837, 7.1643,  
0.0000


 59.1646, 60.6275,  
18.7114

 3.6246, 3.5651,  
0.0000

 78.9553, 81.1043,  
28.8348

 1.4920, 1.4334,  
0.0000

 102.7301,  
105.7394, 42.0760

 0.3204, 0.2411,  
0.0000

 130.8542,  
134.9172, 58.8536

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 163.6931,

169.0221, 79.5860

■ 201.6120,  
208.4385, 104.6918

■ 20.0429, 20.3030,  
2.8625

■ 20.0429, 20.3030,  
2.8625

■ 20.0431, 20.3036,  
2.8626

■ 20.5487, 21.1720,  
3.4709

■ 21.1352, 22.0960,  
4.4341

■ 21.8333, 23.0883,  
5.9120

■ 22.6554, 24.1542,  
7.9693

■ 23.6122, 25.2980,  
10.6611

■ 24.7129, 26.5238,  
14.0360

■ 25.9661, 27.8352,  
18.1378

■ 27.3796, 29.2355,  
23.0070

■ 28.9604, 30.7277,  
28.6806

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.3795, 20.3030, 4.4942



20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625



14.6474, 20.3030, 3.8040

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625



10.7370, 20.3030, 40.0942



30.4967, 20.3030, 45.7735

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625



6.4049, 3.4773, 30.9052

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.8401, 20.3030, 66.5318



20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625



13.6119, 20.3030, 62.2334

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625



9.9681, 20.3030, 20.0647



18.5706, 20.3030, 73.7308



33.1491, 20.3030, 24.2824



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625



12.1367, 20.3030, 6.2995



18.5706, 20.3030, 73.7308



28.8332, 20.3030, 53.4225

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0434, 20.3040, 2.8629



47.0238, 50.4163, 32.4581



13.6439, 6.9971, 2.2957



10.4350, 11.1962, 6.6548



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0434, 20.3040, 2.8629



36.2619, 36.5866, 5.1507



18.3572, 26.6174, 4.1704



6.5932, 6.9915, 6.6078



16.3569, 16.5962, 2.3413



0.2702, 0.2994, 0.0435



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.4049, 3.4773, 30.9052



11.5140, 6.0750, 56.1020



6.7501, 2.8061, 30.7574



5.9896, 6.2365, 7.8171



5.2411, 2.8788, 25.1871



0.1016, 0.0895, 0.3843



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0429, 20.3030,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625

### Protanopia

18.3620, 20.3475, 3.1894

### Deuteranopia

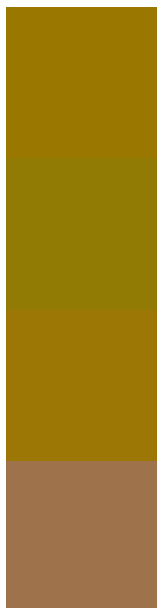
20.6228, 20.2435, 3.0502



## Tritanopia

23.6815, 20.4180, 20.4622

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625

## Protanomaly

18.9644, 20.2879, 3.0600

## Deuteranomaly

20.5288, 20.3727, 2.9939

## Tritanomaly

21.5358, 20.0524, 9.5729

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

16.8032, 17.9628, 9.0601

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 120, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 120, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 120, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 120, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 120, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 120, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 120, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 120, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 120, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 120,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.0429, 20.3030, 2.8625 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 120, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
120, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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