

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.8040, 9.7944, 19.6719)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.8040, 9.7944, 19.6719)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.7236, 9.7549,
19.5822)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8007B
RGB	168, 0, 123
RGB Percent	66%, 0%, 48%
CMY	0.3412, 0.9999, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.27, 0.34
HSL	316°, 100%, 33%
HSV	316°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822
YIQ	64.2540, 60.6450, 73.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

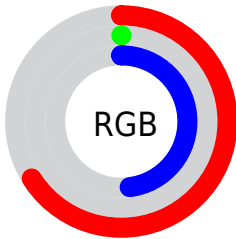
Format	Color
RYB	168, 0, 123
Decimal	11010171
CIELab	37.40, 65.85, -20.83
CIELCh	37, 69.066, 342.451
Yxy	9.7549, 0.4020, 0.1988
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289200251 (0xFFA8007B)
YUV	64.2540, 28.9618, 90.9852
Hunter-Lab	31.2328, 58.0657, -15.3103

Details

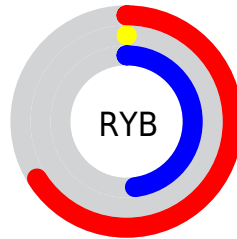
The XYZ color **19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **14.4771, 28.1952, 7.1642**, and the grayscale version is **4.8647, 5.1181, 5.5736**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.4575, 25.3503, 43.7296**, and **7.7916, 3.8739, 6.8156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.7233, 9.7548, 19.5802**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.2097, 10.2657, 21.1665**.

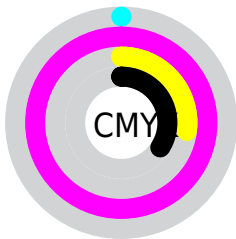
Distribution



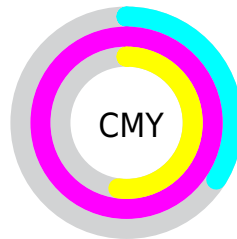
- Red (66%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.7236, 9.7549,
19.5822

■ 19.7236, 9.7549,
19.5822

243.2770,
188.9137, 262.1733

■ 12.3014, 5.2368,
11.9107

■ 42.4608, 25.3335,
43.5653

■ 7.0229, 2.3868,
6.5611

■ 58.5065, 37.1627,
60.7140

■ 3.5229, 0.8191,
3.1149

■ 78.1573, 52.1977,
81.8587

■ 1.4359, 0.0000,
1.1536

■ 101.7787, 70.8229,
107.4182

■ 0.2816, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 129.7361, 93.4227,
137.8108

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 162.3946,

120.3815, 173.4552

200.1199,
152.0837, 214.7698

■ 19.7236, 9.7549,
19.5822

■ 19.7236, 9.7549,
19.5822

■ 19.7233, 9.7548,
19.5802

■ 20.2097, 10.2657,
21.1665

■ 20.8748, 11.1135,
22.8752

■ 21.7870, 12.4343,
24.7318

■ 22.9769, 14.2889,
26.7474

■ 24.4704, 16.7290,
28.9313

■ 26.2904, 19.8001,
31.2920

■ 28.4575, 23.5432,
33.8371

■ 30.9907, 27.9957,
36.5736

■ 33.9074, 33.1926,
39.5081

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1232, 9.7549, 39.8227



19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822



20.0432, 9.7549, 6.2564

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822



7.5862, 9.7549, 0.0000



4.3762, 9.7549, 36.3030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822



14.4771, 28.1952, 7.1642

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.2764, 9.7549, 16.6535



19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822



4.7022, 9.7549, 0.9452

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822



12.0230, 9.7549, 0.0000



3.3734, 9.7549, 4.9213



6.9759, 9.7549, 53.6002

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822



18.2488, 9.7549, 2.2654



3.3734, 9.7549, 4.9213



3.8615, 9.7549, 29.3028

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.7239, 9.7554, 19.5824



51.4009, 42.3053, 61.1323



8.1423, 3.3814, 37.2694



10.8439, 8.5972, 12.9111



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.7239, 9.7554, 19.5824



35.6972, 17.6640, 35.0389



16.5186, 8.4733, 2.7033



7.7548, 7.6318, 9.0262



14.9163, 7.3752, 14.9026



0.3825, 0.1873, 0.4655

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.7239, 9.7554, 19.5824



35.6972, 17.6640, 35.0389



17.9525, 29.5853, 25.4655



7.7548, 7.6318, 9.0262



14.9163, 7.3752, 14.9026



0.3825, 0.1873, 0.4655

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

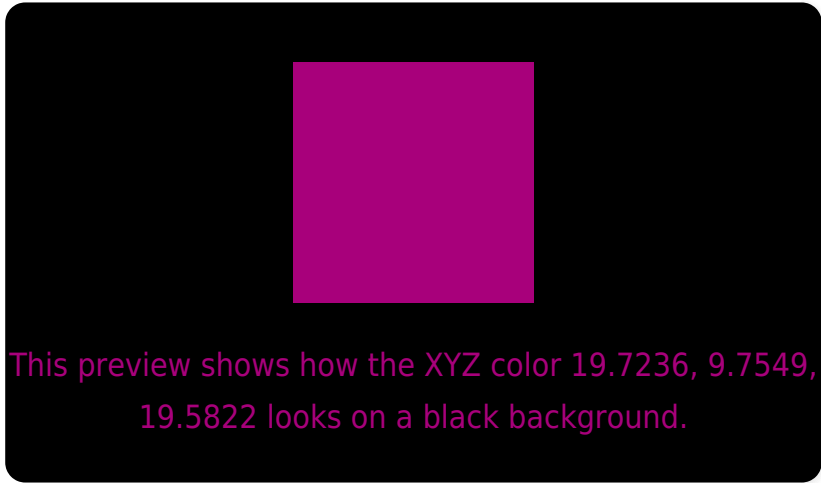
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.7236, 9.7549,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822

Protanopia

12.1027, 10.5257, 41.9512

Deuteranopia

10.5974, 10.4088, 17.6702



Tritanopia

16.8001, 10.2222, 4.2196

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822

Protanomaly

11.3454, 7.2549, 32.2549

Deuteranomaly

11.9356, 7.9473, 18.0444

Tritanomaly

17.3466, 9.5151, 7.9435

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822

Achromatopsia

4.8732, 5.1269, 5.5832

Achromatomaly

7.9121, 5.0665, 9.1553

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 0, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 0, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 0, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 0, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 0, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 0, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 0, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 0, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 0, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 0,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.7236, 9.7549, 19.5822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 0, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 0,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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