

Converting Colors

XYZ(19.8812, 9.7630, 22.8906)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(19.8812, 9.7630, 22.8906)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.9595, 9.8004,
23.0300)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A60085
RGB	166, 0, 133
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 52%
CMY	0.3490, 0.9999, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.20, 0.35
HSL	312°, 100%, 33%
HSV	312°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300
YIQ	64.7960, 56.2430, 76.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

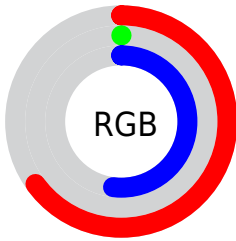
Format	Color
R_YB	166, 0, 133
Decimal	10879109
CIE _{Lab}	37.48, 66.67, -26.95
CIE _{LCh}	37, 71.911, 337.988
Yxy	9.8004, 0.3781, 0.1856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289069189 (0xFFA60085)
YUV	64.7960, 33.6246, 88.7559
Hunter-Lab	31.3056, 59.0214, -21.7029

Details

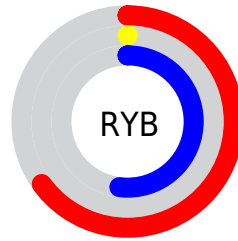
The XYZ color **19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. A complement of this color would be **13.9113, 27.3826, 5.9924**, and the grayscale version is **4.9396, 5.1968, 5.6593**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.8567, 25.4376, 49.1055**, and **7.8680, 3.8757, 8.5170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.9594, 9.8004, 23.0287**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3859, 10.2824, 24.3150**.

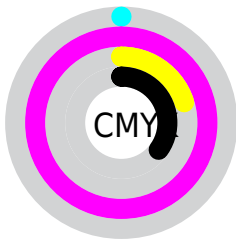
Distribution



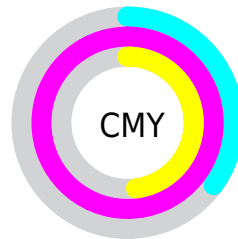
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.9595, 9.8004,
23.0300

■ 19.9595, 9.8004,
23.0300

244.5335,
189.2415, 281.0060

■ 12.4737, 5.2668,
14.4102

■ 42.8537, 25.4194,
49.3664

■ 7.1416, 2.4047,
8.2645

■ 58.9929, 37.2736,
67.9200

■ 3.5980, 0.8283,
4.1745

■ 78.7472, 52.3368,
90.6220

■ 1.4773, 0.0000,
1.7215

■ 102.4820, 70.9934,
117.8909

■ 0.3103, 0.0000,
0.3754

■ 130.5627, 93.6277,
150.1452

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 163.3546,

120.6243, 187.8034

201.2231,
152.3674, 231.2842

■ 19.9595, 9.8004,
23.0300

■ 19.9595, 9.8004,
23.0300

■ 19.9594, 9.8004,
23.0287

■ 20.3859, 10.2824,
24.3150

■ 20.9802, 11.0887,
25.6915

■ 21.8093, 12.3530,
27.1824

■ 22.9028, 14.1342,
28.7976

■ 24.2857, 16.4825,
30.5459

■ 25.9802, 19.4419,
32.4350

■ 28.0062, 23.0522,
34.4717

■ 30.3819, 27.3499,
36.6625

■ 33.1242, 32.3686,
39.0133

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7765, 9.8004, 44.9197



19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



20.8892, 9.8004, 7.5641

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



8.1554, 9.8004, 0.0000



3.9952, 9.8004, 34.5931

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



13.9113, 27.3826, 5.9924

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.0744, 9.8004, 14.5297



19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



4.9138, 9.8004, 0.5556

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



12.9792, 9.8004, 0.0000



3.3451, 9.8004, 3.7823



6.4148, 9.8004, 54.5848

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



19.3280, 9.8004, 2.7197



3.3451, 9.8004, 3.7823



3.5429, 9.8004, 27.1977

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.9598, 9.8009, 23.0302



50.6024, 41.4318, 62.3449



7.4318, 3.0364, 36.2710



10.9766, 8.6503, 13.6101



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.9598, 9.8009, 23.0302



36.1475, 17.7560, 41.3909



16.3592, 8.3606, 4.0692



7.7770, 7.6407, 9.1430



15.4942, 7.6064, 17.9456



0.3928, 0.1914, 0.5200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9598, 9.8009, 23.0302



36.1475, 17.7560, 41.3909



16.6420, 28.4749, 20.3720



7.7770, 7.6407, 9.1430



15.4942, 7.6064, 17.9456



0.3928, 0.1914, 0.5200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

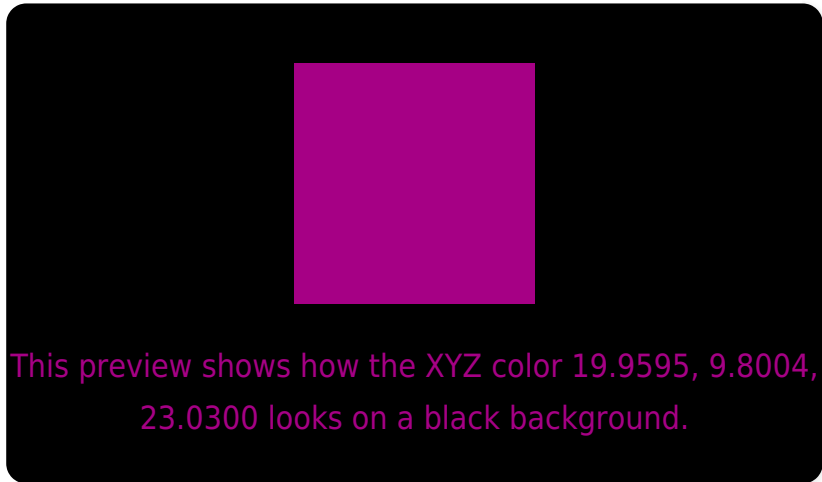
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.9595, 9.8004,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300

Protanopia

12.4594, 10.5673, 48.3967

Deuteranopia

10.6661, 10.4985, 20.8663



Tritanopia

16.4148, 10.2054, 4.7191

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



Protanomaly

10.2527, 6.5790, 37.2887



Deuteranomaly

11.9150, 7.8643, 21.3120



Tritanomaly

17.0055, 9.3936, 9.1005

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300



Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565



Achromatomaly

8.1179, 5.1488, 10.2388

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 0, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 0, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 0, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 0, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 0, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 0, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 0, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.9595, 9.8004, 23.0300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 0, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 0,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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