

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.9114, 39.2556, 17.0121)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.9114, 39.2556, 17.0121)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.7603, 40.2880,  
17.2192)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C45E
RGB	0, 196, 94
RGB Percent	0%, 77%, 37%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2314, 0.6314
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.52, 0.23
HSL	149°, 100%, 38%
HSV	149°, 100%, 77%
XYZ	21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192
YIQ	125.7680, -84.0740, -73.2740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

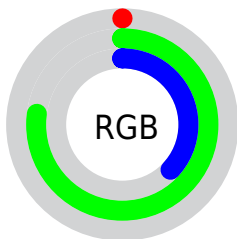
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 132, 196
Decimal	50270
CIELab	69.67, -63.41, 39.56
CIELCh	70, 74.737, 148.041
Yxy	40.2880, 0.2745, 0.5083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240350 (0xFF00C45E)
YUV	125.7680, -15.6616, -110.2985
Hunter-Lab	63.4728, -49.8825, 28.3465

# Details

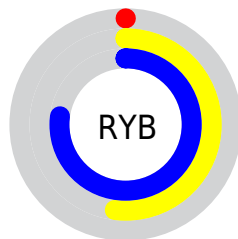
The XYZ color **21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **25.1646, 12.6958, 13.6966**, and the grayscale version is **19.8257, 20.8581, 22.7145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.8856, 75.6683, 39.3811**, and **9.9795, 19.2316, 5.5690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.7610, 40.2895, 17.2192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.5303, 40.6296, 19.8058**.

# Distribution



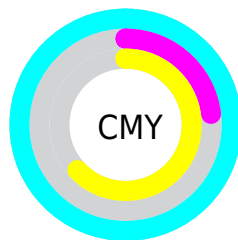
- Red (0%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.7603, 40.2880,  
17.2192


 21.7603, 40.2880,  
17.2192


253.9479,  
347.3360, 248.5190


 13.7965, 27.7632,  
10.2273


 45.8313, 75.6019,  
39.4981

 8.0600, 18.1472,  
5.4423


 62.6692, 99.1597,  
55.6221


 4.1855, 11.0557,  
2.4458


 83.1959, 127.1640,  
75.6273

 1.8076, 6.1043,  
0.8112

 107.7767,  
159.9991, 99.9321

 0.5222, 2.9086,  
0.0000

 136.7769,  
198.0495, 128.9552

 0.0000, 1.0842,  
0.0000

170.5619,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

241.6995, 163.1150

0.0000

209.4972,  
291.3335, 202.8301

■ 21.7603, 40.2880,  
17.2192

■ 21.7603, 40.2880,  
17.2192

■ 21.7610, 40.2895,  
17.2192

■ 22.5303, 40.6296,  
19.8058

■ 23.6456, 41.1409,  
22.7351

■ 25.2094, 41.8759,  
26.0239

■ 27.2756, 42.8622,  
29.6853

■ 29.8899, 44.1230,  
33.7314

■ 33.0926, 45.6791,  
38.1737

■ 36.9202, 47.5489,  
43.0233

■ 41.4058, 49.7494,  
48.2907

■ 46.5805, 52.2964,  
53.9859

# Harmonies

## Analogous

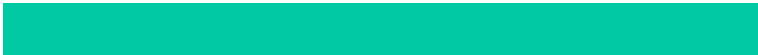
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3697, 40.2880, 7.4361



21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



19.4397, 40.2880, 41.6302

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



37.5034, 40.2880, 149.7331



62.6962, 40.2880, 19.4200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



25.1646, 12.6958, 13.6966

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.5448, 40.2880, 46.1821



21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



50.2951, 40.2880, 132.7844

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



27.2577, 40.2880, 128.0791



61.5988, 40.2880, 89.3912



51.9639, 40.2880, 8.1551



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



20.1674, 40.2880, 67.8882



61.5988, 40.2880, 89.3912



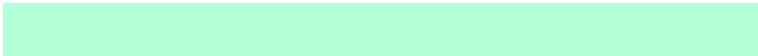
64.9255, 40.2880, 26.3080

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7613, 40.2896, 17.2201



66.5249, 85.9602, 77.5023



25.5124, 42.4568, 6.8505



13.5782, 18.0758, 15.7671



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7613, 40.2896, 17.2201



39.2910, 72.9324, 30.5141



28.9772, 43.1760, 55.2187



10.1411, 11.3375, 11.7464



14.0249, 25.9040, 11.2902



0.6408, 1.1332, 0.6712



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.1646, 12.6958, 13.6966



45.4534, 22.9454, 24.1176



22.8017, 11.7507, 1.2541



10.2872, 10.1635, 11.6028



16.2123, 8.1747, 9.0301



0.7352, 0.3671, 0.5728



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

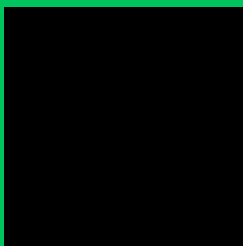
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

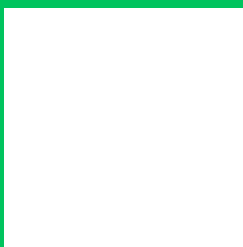
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.7603, 40.2880,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192

### Protanopia

36.3212, 39.5966, 14.3229

### Deuteranopia

40.0949, 39.3064, 18.3056



## Tritanopia

30.7548, 40.4046, 60.8215

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



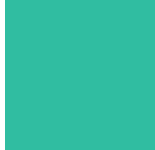
## Protanomaly

25.4893, 36.8667, 15.0051



## Deuteranomaly

26.6422, 35.9380, 17.5891



## Tritanomaly

25.8495, 39.5968, 39.9987

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192



## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206



## Achromatomaly

17.4121, 25.0536, 19.8377

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 196, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 196, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 196, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 196, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 196, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 196, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 196, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 196, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 196, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 196, 94)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.7603, 40.2880, 17.2192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 196, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 196,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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