

# Converting Colors

XYZ(19.9833, 16.2218, 15.7539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(19.9833, 16.2218, 15.7539)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.9213, 16.1787,  
15.7085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	99606A
RGB	153, 96, 106
RGB Percent	60%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.4000, 0.6235, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.31, 0.40
HSL	349°, 23%, 49%
HSV	349°, 37%, 60%
XYZ	19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085
YIQ	114.1830, 30.7620, 15.1940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

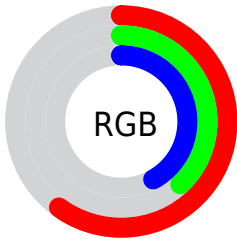
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 96, 106
Decimal	10051690
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.21, 24.56, 4.08
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 24.893, 9.444
Yxy	16.1787, 0.3845, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288241770 (0xFF99606A)
YUV	114.1830, -4.0342, 34.0425
Hunter-Lab	40.2228, 18.0167, 5.0010

# Details

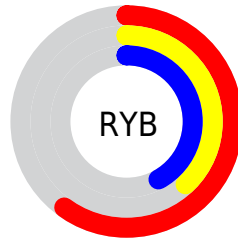
The XYZ color **19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **21.1738, 27.2529, 30.1325**, and the grayscale version is **16.0548, 16.8909, 18.3942**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.8140, 36.8571, 36.7559**, and **7.1019, 5.1390, 4.7553** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0503, 13.4105, 12.0825**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.1615, 19.5305, 19.9342**.

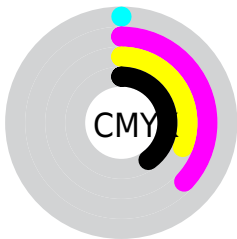
# Distribution



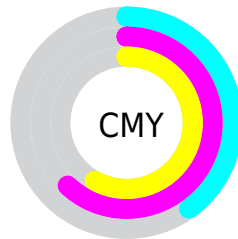
- Red (60%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 19.9213, 16.1787,  
15.7085

■ 19.9213, 16.1787,  
15.7085

244.3304,  
230.3939, 239.4021

■ 12.4458, 9.6507,  
9.1660

■ 42.7901, 36.9082,  
36.8511

■ 7.1224, 5.1680,  
4.7513

■ 58.9142, 51.8784,  
52.2883

■ 3.5858, 2.3462,  
2.0459

■ 78.6518, 70.4315,  
71.5275

■ 1.4706, 0.7980,  
0.5833

■ 102.3683, 92.9519,  
94.9872

■ 0.3057, 0.0000,  
0.0000

130.4290,  
119.8239, 123.0860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

163.1994,

151.4320, 156.2424

201.0448,  
188.1605, 194.8749

■ 19.9213, 16.1787,  
15.7085

■ 19.9213, 16.1787,  
15.7085

■ 18.0503, 13.4105,  
12.0825

■ 22.1615, 19.5305,  
19.9342

■ 16.5270, 11.1901,  
9.0278

■ 24.7879, 23.4941,  
24.7843

■ 15.3300, 9.4817,  
6.5152

■ 27.8183, 28.0989,  
30.2831

■ 14.4347, 8.2439,  
4.5124

■ 31.2689, 33.3717,  
36.4536

■ 13.8130, 7.4291,  
2.9835

■ 35.1549, 39.3375,  
43.3173

■ 13.4208, 6.9589,  
1.8844

■ 39.4909, 46.0203,  
50.8951

■ 13.3328, 6.8507,  
1.6465

■ 44.2908, 53.4429,  
59.2068

■ 49.5677, 61.6269,  
68.2715

■ 55.3344, 70.5934,  
78.1075

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.6713, 16.1787, 22.2036



19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085



18.8675, 16.1787, 11.0057

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085



12.8519, 16.1787, 9.8413



13.9443, 16.1787, 31.5086

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085



21.1738, 27.2529, 30.1325

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3466, 16.1787, 26.4519



19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085



11.7587, 16.1787, 13.7081

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085



14.6961, 16.1787, 8.1895



11.5829, 16.1787, 19.6717



16.0794, 16.1787, 32.4085



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085



17.6213, 16.1787, 9.1314



11.5829, 16.1787, 19.6717



13.3325, 16.1787, 30.1898

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.9217, 16.1795, 15.7088



47.5789, 46.9114, 50.1870



21.1832, 16.4661, 32.1989



10.3588, 10.1350, 10.8151



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.9217, 16.1795, 15.7088



32.7452, 24.6332, 22.4621



21.2717, 19.6635, 13.7417



6.2508, 6.2395, 6.7010



11.0286, 5.6657, 1.4094



0.1746, 0.0886, 0.0721



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9217, 16.1795, 15.7088



32.7452, 24.6332, 22.4621



19.2313, 22.1014, 33.3895



6.2508, 6.2395, 6.7010



11.0286, 5.6657, 1.4094

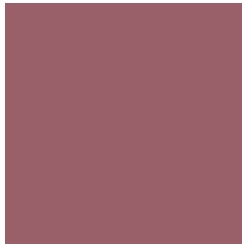


0.1746, 0.0886, 0.0721



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

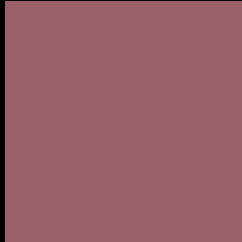
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

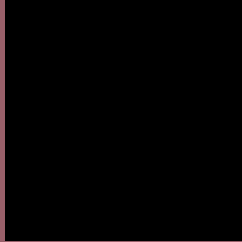
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.9213, 16.1787,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085

### Protanopia

15.8281, 16.4036, 18.5516

### Deuteranopia

16.4654, 16.1602, 15.3481



## Tritanopia

19.8184, 16.1375, 15.1670

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085

## Protanomaly

16.9808, 16.0671, 17.5355

## Deuteranomaly

17.6535, 16.1548, 15.5523

## Tritanomaly

19.8695, 16.1580, 15.4362

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085

## Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

## Achromatomaly

17.0290, 16.2523, 17.2784

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 96, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 96, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 96, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 96, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 96, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 96, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 96, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 96, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 96, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 96,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.9213, 16.1787, 15.7085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 96, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 96,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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