

Converting Colors

XYZ(2.4697, 11.0282, 7.3025)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(2.4697, 11.0282, 7.3025)
contains.

XYZ(7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(7.6099, 13.5989,
7.5340)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007743
RGB	0, 119, 67
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 26%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5333, 0.7372
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.44, 0.53
HSL	154°, 100%, 23%
HSV	154°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340
YIQ	77.4910, -54.2320, -41.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

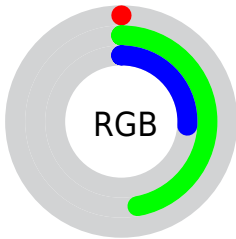
Format	Color
RYB	0, 76, 119
Decimal	30531
CIELab	43.65, -41.62, 20.74
CIELCh	44, 46.501, 153.511
Yxy	13.5989, 0.2648, 0.4731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220611 (0xFF007743)
YUV	77.4910, -5.1721, -67.9596
Hunter-Lab	36.8767, -27.6988, 13.7006

Details

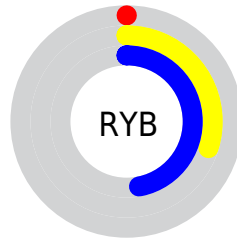
The XYZ color **7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **8.2279, 4.1700, 3.6201**, and the grayscale version is **7.1626, 7.5357, 8.2063**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.8854, 32.3025, 21.6572**, and **2.2828, 4.3181, 1.5238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.6103, 13.5995, 7.5343**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.9236, 13.7421, 8.4003**.

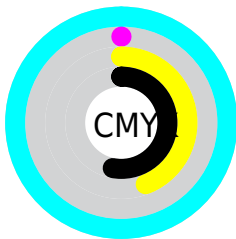
Distribution



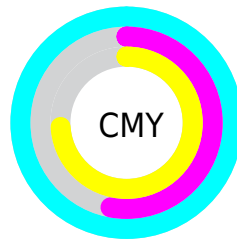
- Red (0%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (53%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 7.6099, 13.5989,
7.5340

 7.6099, 13.5989,
7.5340


167.0761,
214.7211, 181.8258


 3.8961, 7.8422,
3.7148


 20.8829, 32.3756,
21.5706


 1.6435, 3.9942,
1.4702

 31.1727, 46.1645,
32.6250


 0.4205, 1.6703,
0.1956

 44.3853, 63.3995,
46.9283

 0.0000, 0.4043,
0.0000

 60.8859, 84.4651,
64.8989

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 81.0399, 109.7456,
86.9554

 105.2128,

139.6256, 113.5164

133.7697,
174.4892, 145.0003

7.6099, 13.5989,
7.5340

7.6099, 13.5989,
7.5340

7.6103, 13.5995,
7.5343

7.9236, 13.7421,
8.4003

8.3228, 13.9275,
9.3454

8.8602, 14.1823,
10.3737

9.5505, 14.5142,
11.4877

10.4064, 14.9297,
12.6896

■ 11.4393, 15.4347,
13.9816

■ 12.6595, 16.0343,
15.3657

■ 14.0763, 16.7335,
16.8439

■ 15.6988, 17.5367,
18.4181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.4273, 13.5989, 3.5807



7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340



7.1132, 13.5989, 16.0714

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340



13.3596, 13.5989, 45.2608



19.6985, 13.5989, 6.2560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340



8.2279, 4.1700, 3.6201

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.2645, 13.5989, 13.6106



7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340



17.1966, 13.5989, 38.6586

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340



10.0430, 13.5989, 41.0381



20.2728, 13.5989, 25.6927



16.3123, 13.5989, 3.1242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340



7.5022, 13.5989, 24.3511



20.2728, 13.5989, 25.6927



20.4813, 13.5989, 8.1530

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.6103, 13.5995, 7.5343



22.4900, 28.6238, 27.3199



8.0944, 13.9661, 2.2691



5.1460, 6.6931, 6.2705



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.6103, 13.5995, 7.5343



13.5572, 24.3238, 13.1218



9.2409, 13.1539, 19.5054



3.7189, 4.1295, 4.3536



8.0803, 14.4461, 7.9789



38.9400, 70.2233, 36.5849

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2279, 4.1700, 3.6201



14.6659, 7.4401, 6.1273



7.6726, 4.0513, 0.3776



3.7442, 3.7250, 4.1799



8.7366, 4.4284, 3.8213



42.1596, 21.4139, 16.4355

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6099, 13.5989,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340

Protanopia

12.5026, 13.5481, 6.3710

Deuteranopia

13.7058, 13.4142, 7.9977



Tritanopia

10.4567, 13.7509, 20.5154

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340

Protanomaly

9.0383, 12.6739, 6.6726

Deuteranomaly

9.4014, 12.3700, 7.6865

Tritanomaly

9.0079, 13.4677, 14.6951

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

6.2964, 8.7883, 7.6678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 119, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 119, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 119, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 119, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 119, 67) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 119, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 119, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 119, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 119, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 119, 67)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.6099, 13.5989, 7.5340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 119, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 119,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor