

Converting Colors

XYZ(2.4912, 1.2388, 2.1678)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(2.4912, 1.2388, 2.1678)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400029
RGB	64, 0, 41
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 16%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.36, 0.75
HSL	322°, 100%, 13%
HSV	322°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066
YIQ	23.8100, 24.9830, 26.3190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 41
Decimal	4194345
CIELab	10.92, 32.94, -8.11
CIElCh	11, 33.927, 346.169
Yxy	1.2501, 0.4211, 0.2094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384425 (0xFF400029)
YUV	23.8100, 8.4747, 35.2466
Hunter-Lab	11.1808, 20.5789, -3.8747

Details

The XYZ color **2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **1.9881, 3.7287, 1.4257**, and the grayscale version is **0.8525, 0.8969, 0.9767**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **9.8905, 6.5979, 9.5563**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2065**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2.6254, 1.4056, 2.4474**.

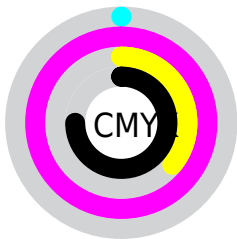
Distribution



- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 2.5146, 1.2501,
2.2066


 2.5146, 1.2501,
2.2066


 117.6931,
102.4033, 125.5066


 0.9026, 0.1021,
0.6782


 9.8924, 6.6184,
9.5983

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 16.3890, 11.8158,
16.3260


 25.2445, 19.2013,
25.6330


 36.8243, 29.1593,
37.9379


 51.4937, 42.0740,
53.6592


 69.6180, 58.3300,


73.2153


 91.5627, 78.3117,
97.0250

 2.5146, 1.2501,
2.2066


 2.5146, 1.2501,
2.2066


 2.5146, 1.2501,
2.2065

 2.6254, 1.4056,
2.4474

 2.7411, 1.5670,
2.7017

 2.8821, 1.7752,
2.9763

 3.0551, 2.0434,
3.2738

 3.2621, 2.3757,
3.5949

■ 3.5053, 2.7761,
3.9406

■ 3.7863, 3.2482,
4.3115

■ 4.1070, 3.7954,
4.7086

■ 4.4688, 4.4208,
5.1323

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



2.1097, 1.2501, 4.6510



2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066



2.4965, 1.2501, 0.6560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066



0.9210, 1.2501, 0.0000



0.5757, 1.2501, 4.8491

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066



1.9881, 3.7287, 1.4257

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.3538, 1.2501, 2.3729



2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066



0.5518, 1.2501, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066



1.4551, 1.2501, 0.0000



0.3450, 1.2501, 0.7495



0.9561, 1.2501, 6.8028

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066



2.2437, 1.2501, 0.0000



0.3450, 1.2501, 0.7495



0.4806, 1.2501, 3.9917

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2.5146, 1.2502, 2.2066



6.5013, 5.5190, 7.3931



1.2653, 0.5454, 4.8891



1.7659, 1.4779, 2.0041



38.6329, 40.6448, 44.2622



2.3302, 2.4515, 2.6697

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2.5146, 1.2502, 2.2066



4.3333, 2.1572, 3.6666



2.1670, 1.1111, 0.3760



1.3523, 1.3501, 1.5529



5.7907, 2.8845, 4.8198



35.8797, 17.9173, 27.8538

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.5146, 1.2502, 2.2066



4.3333, 2.1572, 3.6666



2.5087, 3.9369, 4.1672



1.3523, 1.3501, 1.5529



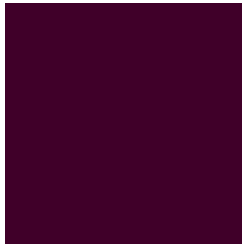
5.7907, 2.8845, 4.8198



35.8797, 17.9173, 27.8538

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

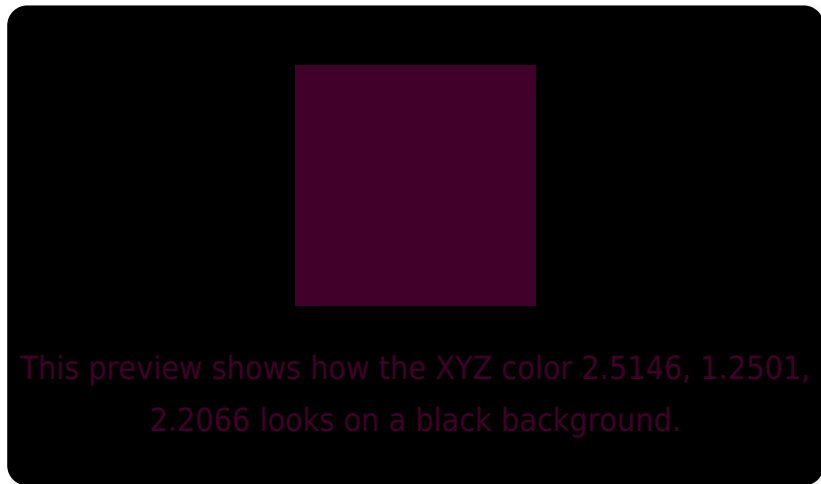
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066

Protanopia

1.6866, 1.5856, 4.3548

Deuteranopia

1.5868, 1.5850, 2.0560



Tritanopia

2.2731, 1.4352, 0.6875

Trichromacy



Original Color

2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066

Protanomaly

1.6873, 1.1963, 3.3908

Deuteranomaly

1.7611, 1.2637, 2.0705

Tritanomaly

2.3449, 1.3484, 1.1140

Monochromacy



Original Color

2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066

Achromatopsia

0.8682, 0.9134, 0.9947

Achromatomaly

1.2419, 0.8667, 1.3301

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 41); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 41); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 41) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 2.5146, 1.2501, 2.2066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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