

Converting Colors

XYZ(2.7003, 1.1150, 12.6433)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(2.7003, 1.1150, 12.6433)
contains.

XYZ(2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(2.7075, 1.1187,
12.6436)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	150066
RGB	21, 0, 102
RGB Percent	8%, 0%, 40%
CMY	0.9176, 1.0000, 0.6000
CMYK	0.79, 1.00, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	252°, 100%, 20%
HSV	252°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436
YIQ	17.9070, -20.2260, 36.1740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

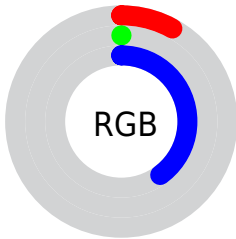
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 0, 102
Decimal	1376358
CIE _{Lab}	9.94, 40.88, -52.84
CIE _{LCh}	10, 66.809, 307.724
Yxy	1.1187, 0.1644, 0.0679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279566438 (0xFF150066)
YUV	17.9070, 41.4578, 2.7126
Hunter-Lab	10.5769, 27.1835, -63.4716

Details

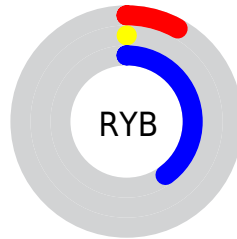
The XYZ color **2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **8.1443, 11.2519, 1.7426**, and the grayscale version is **0.5545, 0.5834, 0.6353**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **10.3694, 6.2408, 31.2299**, and **0.6969, 0.3656, 3.4020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2.7076, 1.1188, 12.6437**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **3.0186, 1.4435, 12.6899**.

Distribution



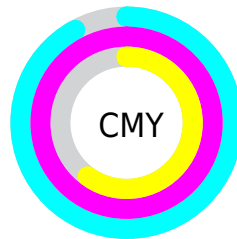
- Red (8%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 2.7075, 1.1187,
12.6436

■ 2.7075, 1.1187,
12.6436

■ 120.1539, 99.8540,
219.7478

■ 1.0010, 0.0000,
7.0558

■ 10.3688, 6.2130,
31.3437

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
3.4180

■ 17.0544, 11.2170,
45.2931

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.3118

■ 26.1304, 18.3714,
62.8668

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0715

■ 37.9621, 28.0607,
84.4832

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 52.9150, 40.6692,
110.5610

■ 71.3543, 56.5813,

141.5186

■ 93.6455, 76.1815,
177.7747

■ 2.7075, 1.1187,
12.6436

■ 2.7075, 1.1187,
12.6436

■ 2.7076, 1.1188,
12.6437

■ 3.0186, 1.4435,
12.6899

■ 3.4258, 1.8710,
12.7510

■ 3.9735, 2.4833,
12.8403

■ 4.6738, 3.2992,
12.9609

■ 5.5377, 4.3351,
13.1153

■ 6.5749, 5.6055,
13.3059

■ 7.7945, 7.1240,
13.5347

■ 9.2050, 8.9028,
13.8037

■ 10.8140, 10.9535,
14.1147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.3405, 1.1187, 18.5801



2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436



3.9814, 1.1187, 4.6795

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436



1.9617, 1.1187, 0.0000



0.0000, 1.1187, 2.1087

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436



8.1443, 11.2519, 1.7426

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.0000, 1.1187, 0.0000



2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436



0.8271, 1.1187, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436



3.3952, 1.1187, 0.0000



0.0484, 1.1187, 0.0000



0.0000, 1.1187, 8.5389

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436



4.3305, 1.1187, 1.4480



0.0484, 1.1187, 0.0000



0.0000, 1.1187, 1.0139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2.7076, 1.1188, 12.6437



13.4728, 12.2469, 23.6995



5.3855, 6.9338, 13.6249



3.0240, 2.6963, 5.5618



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2.7076, 1.1188, 12.6437



4.6662, 1.9196, 22.1703



5.0263, 2.3141, 12.7522



2.7406, 2.7884, 3.5257



3.4481, 1.4217, 16.2370



17.3744, 7.1011, 84.6563

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9645, 3.4188, 8.0765



12.1747, 5.9800, 13.9564



5.3045, 9.7879, 1.6097



2.9130, 2.8798, 3.4143



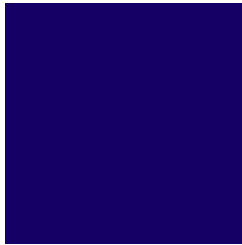
8.9309, 4.3853, 10.3003



46.2586, 22.7434, 52.0323

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

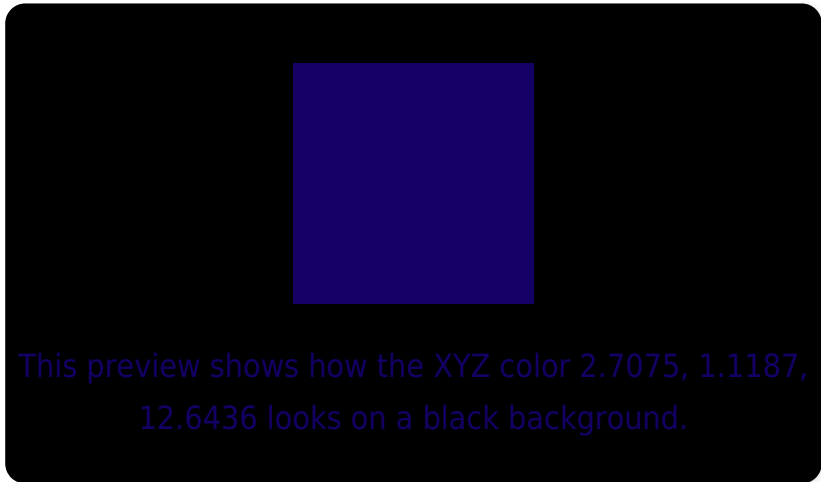
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

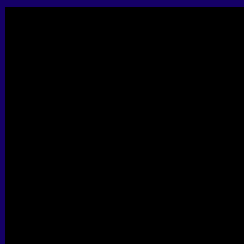
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436

Protanopia

1.4441, 1.3616, 5.1877

Deuteranopia

1.2334, 1.3635, 3.8126



Tritanopia

0.9648, 1.3953, 1.9687

Trichromacy



Original Color

2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436

Protanomaly

1.7254, 1.1020, 7.3295

Deuteranomaly

1.5380, 1.0558, 6.2536

Tritanomaly

1.2488, 1.0013, 4.5423

Monochromacy



Original Color

2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436

Achromatopsia

0.5749, 0.6049, 0.6587

Achromatomaly

0.9426, 0.5995, 2.9718

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 0, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 0, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 0, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 0, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 0, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 0, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 0, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 0, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 0, 102)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 2.7075, 1.1187, 12.6436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 0, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 0,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor