

Converting Colors

XYZ(2.7121, 0.8504, 0.7508)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(2.7121, 0.8504, 0.7508)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B0015
RGB	75, 0, 21
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 8%
CMY	0.7059, 1.0000, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.72, 0.71
HSL	343°, 100%, 15%
HSV	343°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486
YIQ	24.8190, 37.9590, 22.4310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

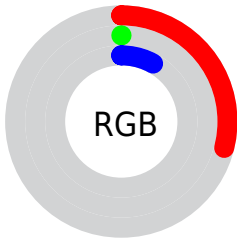
Format	Color
R_YB	75, 0, 21
Decimal	4915221
CIE Lab	12.92, 34.00, 10.14
CIE LCh	13, 35.477, 16.612
Yxy	1.5500, 0.5587, 0.2852
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283105301 (0xFF4B0015)
YUV	24.8190, -1.8828, 44.0087
Hunter-Lab	12.4499, 21.7556, 4.6737

Details

The XYZ color **3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **3.1821, 5.2985, 4.3456**, and the grayscale version is **0.9134, 0.9610, 1.0465**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **11.1785, 7.4820, 5.5576**, and **0.1127, 0.0581, 0.0053** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3.0369, 1.5500, 0.8484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **3.1740, 1.7351, 1.1686**.

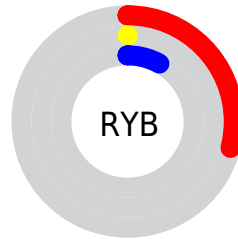
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (0%)

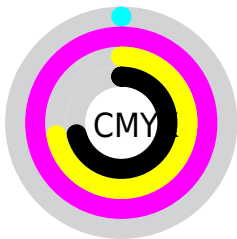
Blue (8%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (8%)

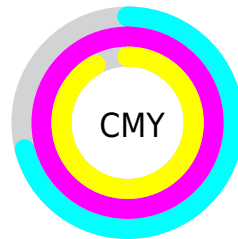


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 3.0370, 1.5500,
0.8486


 3.0370, 1.5500,
0.8486

 124.1709,
107.7501, 100.7586


 1.1734, 0.3235,
0.0000


 11.1642, 7.5015,
5.5616


 0.0852, 0.0000,
0.0000

 18.1585, 13.1060,
10.4087

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 27.5937, 20.9753,
17.4757


 39.8352, 31.4940,
27.1812


 55.2483, 45.0464,
39.9436


 74.1984, 62.0170,


56.1817


 97.0508, 82.7901,
76.3138


 3.0370, 1.5500,
0.8486


 3.0370, 1.5500,
0.8486


 3.0369, 1.5500,
0.8484

 3.1740, 1.7351,
1.1686

 3.3305, 1.9408,
1.5514

 3.5354, 2.2240,
2.0098

 3.7948, 2.5961,
2.5485

 4.1125, 3.0640,
3.1712

■ 4.4921, 3.6337,
3.8815

■ 4.9366, 4.3109,
4.6828

■ 5.4489, 5.1005,
5.5781

■ 6.0319, 6.0076,
6.5705

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



3.0668, 1.5500, 2.6667



3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486



2.5171, 1.5500, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486



0.7304, 1.5500, 0.0000



1.2008, 1.5500, 8.1765

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486



3.1821, 5.2985, 4.3456

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.7648, 1.5500, 5.8919



3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486



0.5172, 1.5500, 0.9835

Square

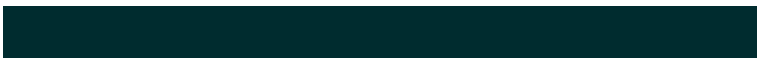
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486



1.1421, 1.5500, 0.0000



0.5298, 1.5500, 2.9411



1.8628, 1.5500, 8.0273

Rectangle

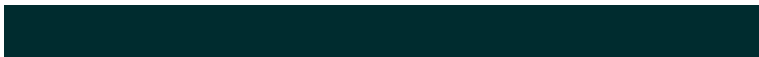
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486



2.0310, 1.5500, 0.0000



0.5298, 1.5500, 2.9411



1.0282, 1.5500, 7.6224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



3.0370, 1.5501, 0.8486



8.2794, 7.1710, 7.7795



2.7780, 1.2855, 6.7582



2.0472, 1.7465, 1.8896



41.2402, 43.3880, 47.2495



2.8585, 3.0074, 3.2751

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



3.0370, 1.5501, 0.8486



5.1184, 2.6156, 1.2798



3.0907, 1.8740, 0.1990



1.7036, 1.7097, 1.8692



5.6958, 2.9113, 1.3955



33.4054, 17.1134, 6.4305

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.0370, 1.5501, 0.8486



5.1184, 2.6156, 1.2798



2.8212, 3.6104, 7.2047



1.7036, 1.7097, 1.8692



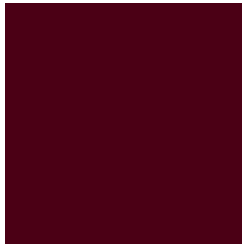
5.6958, 2.9113, 1.3955



33.4054, 17.1134, 6.4305

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

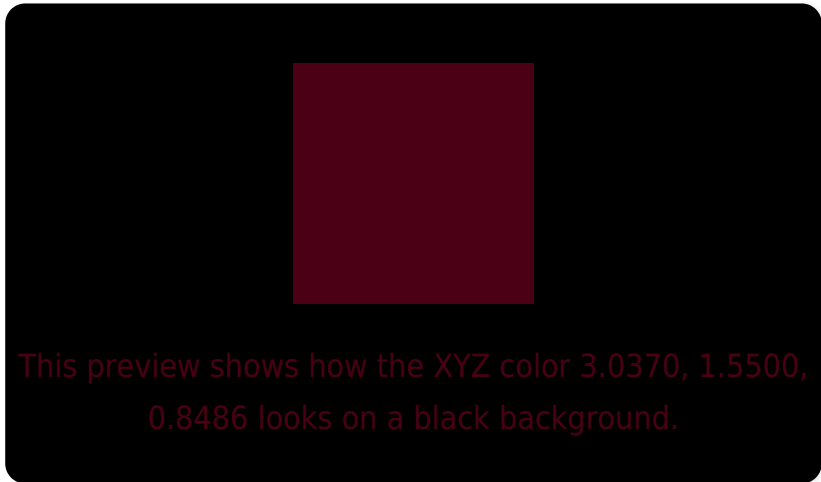
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486

Protanopia

1.8155, 1.9363, 1.5744

Deuteranopia

1.9043, 1.9066, 0.7979



Tritanopia

3.0322, 1.7044, 0.3415

Trichromacy



Original Color

3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486

Protanomaly

1.9927, 1.4893, 1.2193

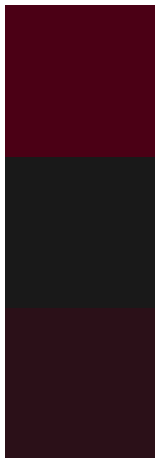
Deuteranomaly

2.1029, 1.5263, 0.7560

Tritanomaly

3.0272, 1.6503, 0.4756

Monochromacy



Original Color

3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486

Achromatopsia

0.9240, 0.9721, 1.0586

Achromatomaly

1.3464, 0.9501, 0.9766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 0, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 0, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 0, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 0, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 0, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 0, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 0, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 0, 21); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 0, 21); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 0, 21) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 3.0370, 1.5500, 0.8486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 0, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 0,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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