

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.0165, 30.1836, 34.2128)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.0165, 30.1836, 34.2128)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.0003, 30.1789,  
34.0491)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20A797
RGB	32, 167, 151
RGB Percent	13%, 65%, 59%
CMY	0.8745, 0.3451, 0.4078
CMYK	0.81, 0.00, 0.10, 0.35
HSL	173°, 68%, 39%
HSV	173°, 81%, 65%
XYZ	20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491
YIQ	124.8110, -75.3240, -33.5960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

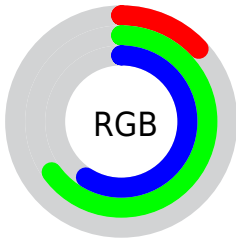
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	32, 104, 167
Decimal	2140055
CIELab	61.81, -37.98, -1.60
CIELCh	62, 38.018, 182.411
Yxy	30.1789, 0.2375, 0.3583
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280330135 (0xFF20A797)
YUV	124.8110, 12.9112, -81.3952
Hunter-Lab	54.9353, -31.1503, 1.7066

# Details

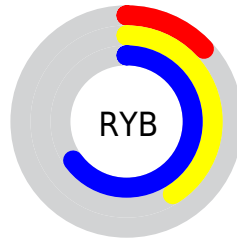
The XYZ color **20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **16.9874, 9.4628, 3.7286**, and the grayscale version is **19.4069, 20.4175, 22.2347**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.0006, 60.0667, 67.0853**, and **8.3176, 12.9547, 14.1187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.4478, 29.9132, 33.1916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.8201, 30.5835, 34.9345**.

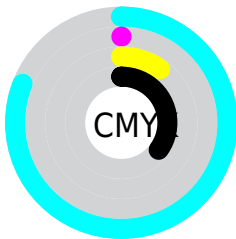
# Distribution



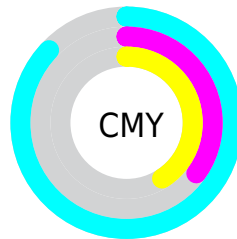
- Red (13%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.0003, 30.1789,  
34.0491

■ 20.0003, 30.1789,  
34.0491

244.7503,  
302.7375, 335.1268

■ 12.5035, 19.9744,  
22.6537

■ 42.9216, 59.9450,  
67.1448

■ 7.1622, 12.3764,  
14.1351

■ 59.0769, 80.2754,  
89.6821

■ 3.6110, 7.0006,  
8.0749

■ 78.8490, 104.7499,  
116.7705

■ 1.4845, 3.4625,  
4.0544

■ 102.6034,  
133.7528, 148.8284

■ 0.3152, 1.3777,  
1.6553

■ 130.7053,  
167.6687, 186.2745

■ 0.0000, 0.2002,  
0.3298

■ 163.5202,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.8818, 229.5272

0.0000

201.4134,  
251.7766, 279.0051

■ 20.0003, 30.1789,  
34.0491

■ 20.0003, 30.1789,  
34.0491

■ 19.4478, 29.9132,  
33.1916

■ 20.8201, 30.5835,  
34.9345

■ 19.1019, 29.7515,  
32.4248

■ 21.9395, 31.1415,  
35.8475

■ 23.3891, 31.8695,  
36.7901

■ 25.1951, 32.7808,  
37.7637

■ 27.3809, 33.8876,  
38.7694

■ 29.9679, 35.2010,  
39.8083

■ 32.9761, 36.7311,  
40.8815

■ 36.4238, 38.4875,  
41.9897

■ 40.3286, 40.4792,  
43.1340

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8782, 30.1789, 21.5455



20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491



21.2120, 30.1789, 50.2230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491



34.2366, 30.1789, 62.5367



33.4430, 30.1789, 13.7980

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491



16.9874, 9.4628, 3.7286

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.7324, 30.1789, 20.0453



20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491



38.2273, 30.1789, 47.5700

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491



29.0965, 30.1789, 69.4202



39.5756, 30.1789, 31.6983



28.2757, 30.1789, 12.1050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491



23.1359, 30.1789, 60.3400



39.5756, 30.1789, 31.6983



35.0553, 30.1789, 15.3216

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0012, 30.1801, 34.0498



51.9151, 62.1496, 70.6146



15.3959, 28.4211, 6.0415



11.2633, 13.7280, 15.6593



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0012, 30.1801, 34.0498



34.3253, 53.3370, 58.2554



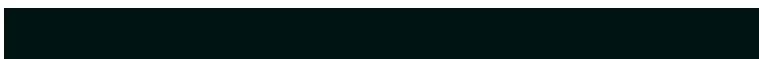
13.9916, 15.9380, 38.8994



7.7087, 8.5165, 9.4521



14.6283, 22.7701, 24.8731



0.3663, 0.5582, 0.6599



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9874, 9.4628, 3.7286



28.8645, 14.9558, 2.6913



19.1780, 14.2806, 3.1128



7.5659, 7.5562, 8.0315



12.3000, 6.3287, 1.1257

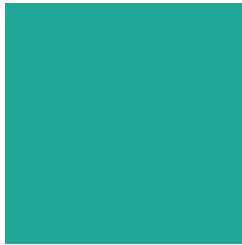


0.3099, 0.1583, 0.0836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

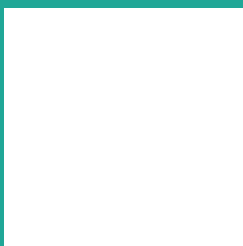
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491.



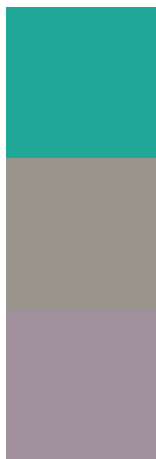
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0003, 30.1789,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491

### Protanopia

28.4604, 29.8456, 29.0717

### Deuteranopia

30.2721, 29.7177, 35.5931



## Tritanopia

22.3982, 30.0725, 46.2190

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491

**Protanomaly**

23.0621, 28.7075, 30.7112

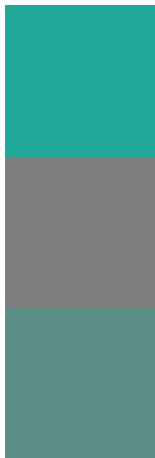
**Deuteranomaly**

23.8710, 28.3003, 34.7762

**Tritanomaly**

21.3820, 29.9135, 41.6927

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491

**Achromatopsia**

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331

**Achromatomaly**

17.9955, 22.7015, 25.9876

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 167, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 167, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 167, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 167, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 167, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 167, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 167, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 167, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 167, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 167,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.0003, 30.1789, 34.0491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 167, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 167,  
151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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