

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.0205, 21.0199, 22.3873)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.0205, 21.0199, 22.3873)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.0646, 20.9916,  
22.3963)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	807E7D
RGB	128, 126, 125
RGB Percent	50%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5059, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	20°, 1%, 50%
HSV	20°, 2%, 50%
XYZ	20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963
YIQ	126.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

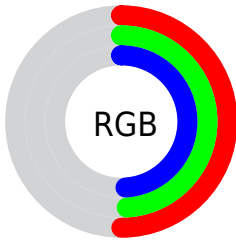
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 127, 125
Decimal	8420989
CIE Lab	52.94, 0.56, 0.80
CIE LCh	53, 0.978, 55.172
Yxy	20.9916, 0.3162, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286611069 (0xFF807E7D)
YUV	126.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295
Hunter-Lab	45.8166, -2.0080, 3.0892

# Details

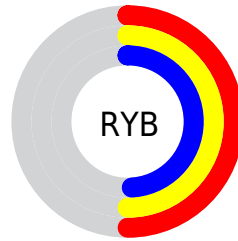
The XYZ color **20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.9430, 21.0968, 23.4433**, and the grayscale version is **19.9987, 21.0402, 22.9127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.2120, 45.2783, 48.5815**, and **7.1828, 7.4918, 7.9050** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2555, 18.5985, 18.0156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.0732, 23.6144, 27.3639**.

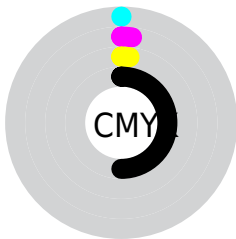
# Distribution



- Red (50%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.0646, 20.9916,  
22.3963

■ 20.0646, 20.9916,  
22.3963

245.0915,  
257.2339, 277.6296

■ 12.5505, 13.1179,  
13.9473

■ 43.0286, 45.0736,  
48.3107

■ 7.1946, 7.5098,  
7.9457

■ 59.2092, 62.0506,  
66.6131

■ 3.6315, 3.7829,  
3.9729

■ 79.0094, 82.8308,  
89.0372

■ 1.4959, 1.5529,  
1.6105

102.7946,  
107.7986, 116.0013

■ 0.3230, 0.3255,  
0.2983

130.9300,  
137.3384, 147.9241

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

163.7811,

171.8346, 185.2240

201.7131,  
211.6717, 228.3197

■ 20.0646, 20.9916,  
22.3963

■ 20.0646, 20.9916,  
22.3963

■ 18.2555, 18.5985,  
18.0156

■ 22.0732, 23.6144,  
27.3639

■ 16.6378, 16.4262,  
14.1988

■ 24.2854, 26.4700,  
32.9378

■ 15.2053, 14.4691,  
10.9229

■ 26.7077, 29.5653,  
39.1381

■ 13.9512, 12.7204,  
8.1634

■ 29.3455, 32.9056,  
45.9835

■ 12.8678, 11.1728,  
5.8933

■ 32.2041, 36.4964,  
53.4920

■ 11.9470, 9.8187,  
4.0836

■ 35.2886, 40.3427,  
61.6808

■ 11.1801, 8.6501,  
2.7018

■ 38.6041, 44.4497,  
70.5667

■ 10.5571, 7.6580,  
1.7115

■ 42.1552, 48.8222,  
80.1657

■ 10.0669, 6.8327,  
1.0697

■ 45.9465, 53.4650,  
90.4932

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.1307, 20.9916, 22.6172



20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963



19.9685, 20.9916, 22.2987

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963



19.7562, 20.9916, 22.8088



20.0358, 20.9916, 23.3707

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963



19.9430, 21.0968, 23.4433

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9353, 20.9916, 23.4231



20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963



19.7741, 20.9916, 23.0971

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963



19.7906, 20.9916, 22.5356



19.8396, 20.9916, 23.3225



20.1140, 20.9916, 23.1800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963



19.9004, 20.9916, 22.3161



19.8396, 20.9916, 23.3225



20.0035, 20.9916, 23.4051

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0652, 20.9925, 22.3968



35.7742, 37.5466, 40.5275



20.0667, 20.7890, 23.0340



8.3814, 8.7982, 9.5027



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0652, 20.9925, 22.3968



35.0848, 36.6411, 38.8387



20.2581, 21.3783, 22.4611



4.6713, 4.8716, 5.1373



9.6768, 6.2500, 0.6964



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9430, 21.0968, 23.4433



34.8044, 36.8805, 41.2405



19.7511, 20.7129, 23.3793



4.6270, 4.9095, 5.5170



7.1033, 8.0251, 21.4246



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

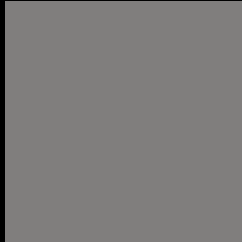
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

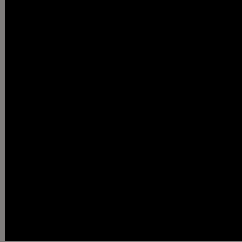
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0646, 20.9916,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963

### Protanopia

20.2158, 21.0695, 22.4034

### Deuteranopia

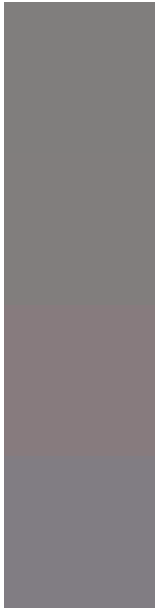
21.3729, 20.9144, 22.6491



## Tritanopia

20.6900, 21.0556, 25.5279

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963

## Protanomaly

20.2158, 21.0695, 22.4034

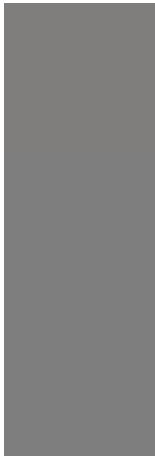
## Deuteranomaly

20.8405, 20.8232, 22.6595

## Tritanomaly

20.4836, 20.9731, 24.4413

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963

## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206

## Achromatomaly

19.9791, 20.9401, 22.7275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 126, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 126, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 126, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 126, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 126, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 126, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 126,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.0646, 20.9916, 22.3963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 126, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
126, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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