

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.0641, 38.6133, 7.9864)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.0641, 38.6133, 7.9864)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.0665, 38.6186,  
7.9866)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23C123
RGB	35, 193, 35
RGB Percent	14%, 76%, 14%
CMY	0.8627, 0.2431, 0.8627
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.82, 0.24
HSL	120°, 69%, 45%
HSV	120°, 82%, 76%
XYZ	20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866
YIQ	127.7460, -43.4500, -82.6340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

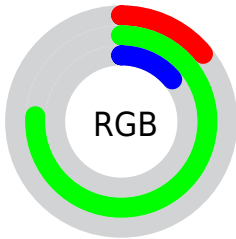
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	35, 193, 193
Decimal	2343203
CIELab	68.47, -66.39, 61.92
CIELCh	68, 90.786, 136.992
Yxy	38.6186, 0.3010, 0.5792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280533283 (0xFF23C123)
YUV	127.7460, -45.7238, -81.3382
Hunter-Lab	62.1439, -51.1134, 35.8809

# Details

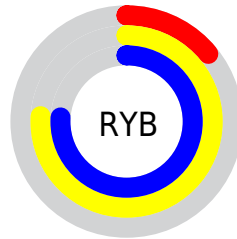
The XYZ color **20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **32.2197, 16.3902, 51.9162**, and the grayscale version is **20.5951, 21.6676, 23.5960**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.0731, 73.1820, 22.4450**, and **9.0885, 18.1770, 3.0295** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3707, 38.2855, 6.8477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.2814, 39.2033, 9.9733**.

# Distribution



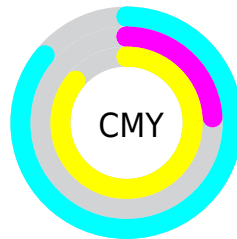
- Red (14%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (86%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.0665, 38.6186,  
7.9866


 20.0665, 38.6186,  
7.9866


245.1016,  
340.2662, 185.5576


 12.5519, 26.4632,  
3.9987


 43.0317, 73.0553,  
22.4779

 7.1956, 17.1704,  
1.6246


 59.2131, 96.1054,  
33.8184


 3.6321, 10.3561,  
0.3083


 79.0142, 123.5557,  
48.4469

 1.4962, 5.6357,  
0.0000

 102.8002,  
155.7908, 66.7819

 0.3233, 2.6248,  
0.0000

 130.9366,  
193.1950, 89.2419

 0.0000, 0.9392,  
0.0000

 163.7888,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

236.1527, 116.2455

0.0000

201.7220,  
285.0483, 148.2112

■ 20.0665, 38.6186,  
7.9866

■ 20.0665, 38.6186,  
7.9866

■ 19.3707, 38.2855,  
6.8477

■ 21.2814, 39.2033,  
9.9733

■ 19.0708, 38.1415,  
6.3571

■ 23.0871, 40.0707,  
12.9269

■ 25.5467, 41.2522,  
16.9502

■ 28.7148, 42.7740,  
22.1322

■ 32.6401, 44.6595,  
28.5527

■ 37.3669, 46.9300,  
36.2842

■ 42.9364, 49.6054,  
45.3940

■ 49.3867, 52.7038,  
55.9445

■ 56.7538, 56.2425,  
67.9944

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2525, 38.6186, 2.7701



20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



15.9269, 38.6186, 26.7174

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



30.8663, 38.6186, 174.6145



69.7220, 38.6186, 23.0014

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



32.2197, 16.3902, 51.9162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.4825, 38.6186, 62.3472



20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



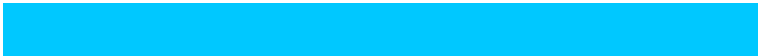
45.3285, 38.6186, 170.9842

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



20.9826, 38.6186, 129.7420



60.6666, 38.6186, 121.7200



58.7991, 38.6186, 6.7761

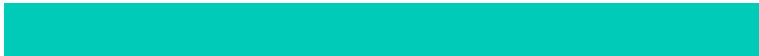


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



15.6419, 38.6186, 52.3661



60.6666, 38.6186, 121.7200



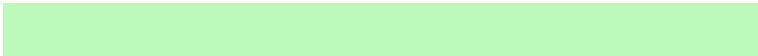
71.2583, 38.6186, 33.1848

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.0674, 38.6202, 7.9875



63.7677, 82.5337, 59.8236



41.3673, 49.6007, 8.9838



13.0407, 17.3990, 11.7881



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.0674, 38.6202, 7.9875



34.2445, 68.3523, 11.5322



22.8013, 39.7138, 22.3841



9.9445, 11.2588, 10.7110



12.6838, 25.3676, 4.2281



0.5480, 1.0961, 0.1827



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.2197, 16.3902, 51.9162



56.6810, 27.3093, 92.6367



25.6317, 13.7550, 17.2244



10.4973, 10.2475, 12.7094



21.0292, 10.1014, 34.3953

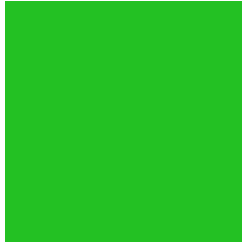


0.9086, 0.4365, 1.4861



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

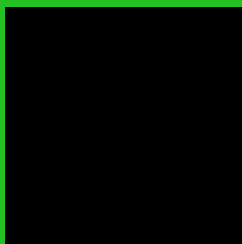
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.0665, 38.6186,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866

### Protanopia

34.0955, 37.7954, 6.5968

### Deuteranopia

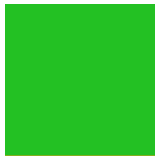
38.4317, 37.6364, 8.6071



## Tritanopia

29.8966, 38.5160, 56.8975

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



## Protanomaly

25.1327, 35.9749, 6.9155



## Deuteranomaly

26.3695, 34.8760, 7.9267



## Tritanomaly

24.1076, 37.6688, 29.2928

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866



## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072



## Achromatomaly

17.8647, 25.6443, 14.5980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 193, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 193, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 193, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 193, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 193, 35) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 193, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 193, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 193, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 193, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 193,  
35) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.0665, 38.6186, 7.9866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 193, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 193,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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