

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.1107, 16.3292, 28.0724)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.1107, 16.3292, 28.0724)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(20.1408, 16.2940,  
28.0701)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8C628F
RGB	140, 98, 143
RGB Percent	55%, 38%, 56%
CMY	0.4510, 0.6157, 0.4392
CMYK	0.02, 0.31, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	296°, 19%, 47%
HSV	296°, 31%, 56%
XYZ	20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701
YIQ	115.6880, 10.5870, 22.8990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

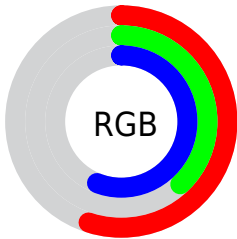
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	140, 98, 143
Decimal	9200271
CIE Lab	47.36, 25.00, -18.05
CIE LCh	47, 30.834, 324.165
Yxy	16.2940, 0.3122, 0.2526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287390351 (0xFF8C628F)
YUV	115.6880, 13.4648, 21.3216
Hunter-Lab	40.3658, 18.4236, -12.9738

# Details

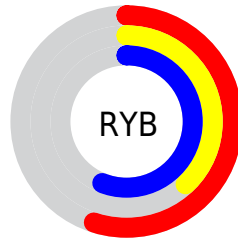
The XYZ color **20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **17.3945, 23.2939, 15.1355**, and the grayscale version is **16.4634, 17.3208, 18.8623**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.0736, 36.9954, 57.6939**, and **7.2362, 5.1954, 10.9773** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7607, 13.7709, 27.6561**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.7624, 19.2973, 28.5646**.

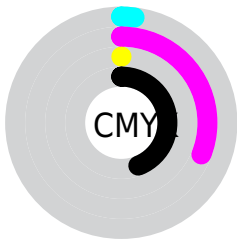
# Distribution



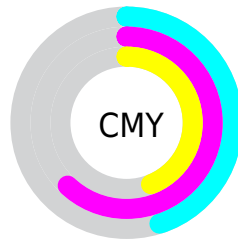
- Red (55%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.1408, 16.2940,  
28.0701

■ 20.1408, 16.2940,  
28.0701

245.4954,  
231.0704, 306.7242

■ 12.6063, 9.7324,  
18.1390

■ 43.1553, 37.1079,  
57.6208

■ 7.2331, 5.2219,  
10.8794

■ 59.3659, 52.1289,  
78.0775

■ 3.6559, 2.3780,  
5.8726

■ 79.1994, 70.7386,  
102.8797

■ 1.5094, 0.8146,  
2.7002

■ 103.0209, 93.3214,  
132.4462

■ 0.3322, 0.0000,  
0.9436

131.1959,  
120.2615, 167.1953

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

164.0898,

151.9434, 207.5456

202.0678,  
188.7516, 253.9158

■ 20.1408, 16.2940,  
28.0701

■ 20.1408, 16.2940,  
28.0701

■ 18.7607, 13.7709,  
27.6561

■ 21.7624, 19.2973,  
28.5646

■ 17.6078, 11.7005,  
27.3172

■ 23.6357, 22.8023,  
29.1424

■ 16.6687, 10.0557,  
27.0492

■ 25.7722, 26.8317,  
29.8075

■ 15.9279, 8.8054,  
26.8469

■ 28.1824, 31.4063,  
30.5635

■ 15.3680, 7.9148,  
26.7045

■ 30.8759, 36.5455,  
31.4135

■ 14.9683, 7.3425,  
26.6152

■ 33.8622, 42.2681,  
32.3607

■ 14.7048, 7.0079,  
26.5644

■ 37.1500, 48.5918,  
33.4080

■ 40.7480, 55.5335,  
34.5582

■ 44.6642, 63.1097,  
35.8142

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7352, 16.2940, 35.2808



20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701



21.3135, 16.2940, 19.3128

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701



16.0264, 16.2940, 6.5999



11.1771, 16.2940, 24.6295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701



17.3945, 23.2939, 15.1355

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8327, 16.2940, 16.2576



20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701



13.4373, 16.2940, 7.2616

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701



18.7655, 16.2940, 8.1364



11.6116, 16.2940, 10.3195



12.6144, 16.2940, 32.9205



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701



21.1502, 16.2940, 14.3130



11.6116, 16.2940, 10.3195



10.9373, 16.2940, 21.6777

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.1413, 16.2947, 28.0704



43.1563, 42.3937, 52.4462



14.6493, 13.8880, 27.8954



9.7853, 9.5123, 11.9925



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.1413, 16.2947, 28.0704



34.2149, 25.7838, 49.7115



19.3024, 16.0184, 20.9785



5.5913, 5.4930, 6.7943



13.0086, 6.1998, 23.4881



0.1313, 0.0628, 0.2249



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0449, 15.5153, 14.3564



29.8621, 24.1730, 20.9022



18.1004, 23.5381, 20.5742



5.4226, 5.4296, 5.7232



10.0652, 5.1831, 0.7287

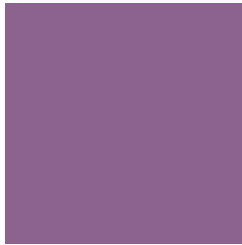


0.0986, 0.0505, 0.0192



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

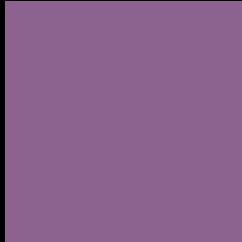
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

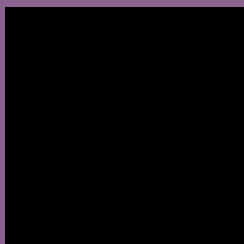
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.1408, 16.2940,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701

### Protanopia

16.8010, 16.4355, 32.4238

### Deuteranopia

16.6903, 16.3262, 27.4709



## Tritanopia

18.0283, 16.3047, 17.5262

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701

## Protanomaly

17.6491, 16.1228, 30.6156

## Deuteranomaly

17.7822, 16.2541, 27.7913

## Tritanomaly

18.6431, 16.2512, 20.8931

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

17.6920, 16.8036, 22.0496

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 98, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 98, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 98, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 98, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 98, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 98, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 98, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 98, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 98, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 98,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.1408, 16.2940, 28.0701 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 98, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 98,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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