

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.1763, 14.4387, 5.9987)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.1763, 14.4387, 5.9987)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.1892, 14.4643,  
6.0028)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA4F3C
RGB	170, 79, 60
RGB Percent	67%, 31%, 24%
CMY	0.3333, 0.6902, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.65, 0.33
HSL	10°, 48%, 45%
HSV	10°, 65%, 67%
XYZ	20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028
YIQ	104.0430, 60.3350, 13.3830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

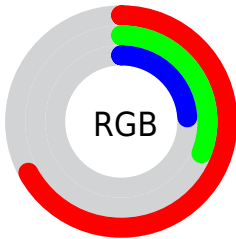
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	170, 83, 60
Decimal	11161404
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.89, 35.87, 28.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 46.040, 38.828
Yxy	14.4643, 0.4966, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289351484 (0xFFAA4F3C)
YUV	104.0430, -21.7132, 57.8443
Hunter-Lab	38.0320, 28.2005, 17.2643

# Details

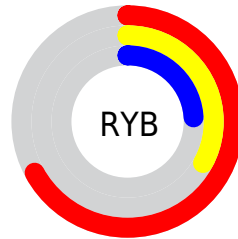
The XYZ color **20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **20.1850, 25.9945, 41.9836**, and the grayscale version is **13.2151, 13.9033, 15.1407**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.3225, 33.8710, 18.4418**, and **7.2226, 4.3639, 0.9920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9006, 12.4945, 3.7011**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.8375, 16.9226, 9.1368**.

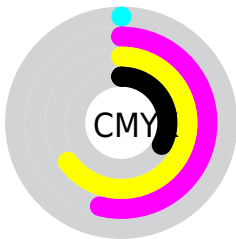
# Distribution



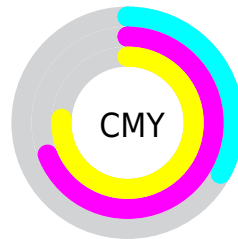
- Red (67%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (76%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 20.1892, 14.4643,  
6.0028


 20.1892, 14.4643,  
6.0028


245.7516,  
220.1004, 168.4031


 12.6417, 8.4443,  
2.7780


 43.2357, 33.9106,  
18.4145


 7.2576, 4.3805,  
0.9824


 59.4654, 48.1057,  
28.4384


 3.6715, 1.8886,  
0.0000

 79.3199, 65.7947,  
41.5658

 1.5180, 0.5415,  
0.0000

 103.1645, 87.3618,  
58.2151

 0.3380, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 131.3647,  
113.1916, 78.8050

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 164.2857,

143.6683, 103.7539

202.2929,  
179.1765, 133.4804

■ 20.1892, 14.4643,  
6.0028

■ 20.1892, 14.4643,  
6.0028

■ 18.9006, 12.4945,  
3.7011

■ 21.8375, 16.9226,  
9.1368

■ 17.9426, 10.9778,  
2.1506

■ 23.8693, 19.8970,  
13.1724

■ 17.2827, 9.8775,  
1.2541

■ 26.3078, 23.4158,  
18.1723

■ 17.0260, 9.4431,  
0.9253

■ 29.1737, 27.5044,  
24.1937

■ 32.4866, 32.1867,  
31.2889

■ 36.2644, 37.4852,  
39.5069

■ 40.5246, 43.4214,  
48.8936

■ 45.2833, 50.0154,  
59.4923

■ 50.5561, 57.2866,  
71.3442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.2076, 14.4643, 12.7785



20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028



16.5299, 14.4643, 3.2521

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028



8.0449, 14.4643, 9.3886



14.8883, 14.4643, 46.3771

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028



20.1850, 25.9945, 41.9836

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2970, 14.4643, 44.0482



20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028



7.7665, 14.4643, 19.1478

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028



9.6924, 14.4643, 4.4943



8.8469, 14.4643, 32.6393



18.8011, 14.4643, 38.0327



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028



13.8964, 14.4643, 2.7890



8.8469, 14.4643, 32.6393



13.6004, 14.4643, 46.8743

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.1895, 14.4651, 6.0031



56.0521, 54.3216, 50.5500



23.8336, 14.0339, 31.0154



12.1317, 11.5931, 10.4858



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.1895, 14.4651, 6.0031



33.4033, 21.2754, 5.2304



25.8264, 25.7388, 7.8820



7.6320, 7.7441, 7.8818



12.5542, 7.0057, 0.6906



0.3350, 0.2295, 0.0266



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.1850, 25.9945, 41.9836



33.2613, 43.5926, 75.6630



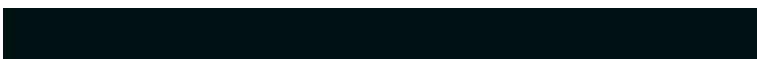
13.3632, 12.3510, 39.7097



7.6357, 8.3082, 9.6195



12.3396, 16.1393, 30.4403



0.3284, 0.4490, 0.7500



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.1892, 14.4643,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028

### Protanopia

13.5656, 14.6706, 7.9111

### Deuteranopia

14.8253, 14.6136, 5.7807



## Tritanopia

20.8642, 14.4209, 9.4684

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028

## Protanomaly

15.4114, 14.1770, 7.0784

## Deuteranomaly

16.4183, 14.3206, 5.7697

## Tritanomaly

20.6511, 14.4467, 8.0034

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028

## Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752

## Achromatomaly

14.7557, 13.4782, 11.0564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 79, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 79, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 79, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 79, 60) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 79, 60) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 79, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 79, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 79, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 79, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 79,  
60) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.1892, 14.4643, 6.0028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 79, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170, 79,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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