

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.2940, 16.1065,  
3.7083)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A85C24
RGB	168, 92, 36
RGB Percent	66%, 36%, 14%
CMY	0.3412, 0.6392, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.79, 0.34
HSL	25°, 65%, 40%
HSV	25°, 79%, 66%
XYZ	20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083
YIQ	108.3400, 63.2720, -1.3040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

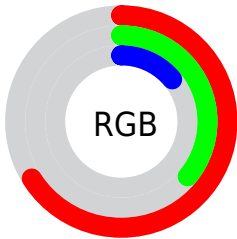
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	168, 133, 36
Decimal	11033636
CIELab	47.11, 26.80, 43.99
CIELCh	47, 51.511, 58.646
Yxy	16.1065, 0.5060, 0.4016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289223716 (0xFFA85C24)
YUV	108.3400, -35.6636, 52.3218
Hunter-Lab	40.1329, 20.0295, 22.6146

# Details

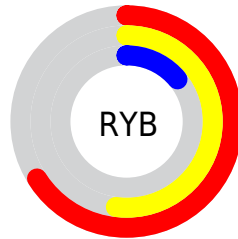
The XYZ color **20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **13.5891, 14.7895, 39.1839**, and the grayscale version is **14.4346, 15.1864, 16.5379**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.4571, 36.7948, 13.4060**, and **7.3311, 5.1164, 0.6012** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3101, 14.4574, 2.3980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.5061, 18.0194, 5.6889**.

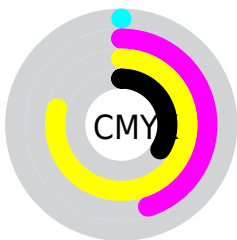
# Distribution



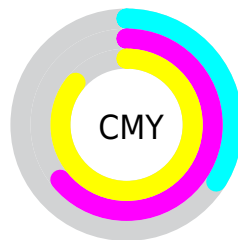
- Red (66%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (86%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.2940, 16.1065,  
3.7083


 20.2940, 16.1065,  
3.7083


246.3056,  
229.9693, 144.9258


 12.7184, 9.5995,  
1.4667


 43.4097, 36.7830,  
13.3312


 7.3106, 5.1343,  
0.1930


 59.6806, 51.7213,  
21.5497

 3.7052, 2.3263,  
0.0000

 79.5807, 70.2389,  
32.5974

 1.5367, 0.7876,  
0.0000

 103.4752, 92.7201,  
46.8931

 0.3506, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 131.7296,  
119.5494, 64.8553

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 164.7093,

151.1111, 86.9024

202.7795,  
187.7896, 113.4530

20.2940, 16.1065,  
3.7083

20.2940, 16.1065,  
3.7083

19.3101, 14.4574,  
2.3980

21.5061, 18.0194,  
5.6889

18.5218, 13.0507,  
1.6118

22.9639, 20.2072,  
8.4187

18.4193, 12.8667,  
1.5127

24.6842, 22.6831,  
11.9664

26.6818, 25.4585,  
16.3927

28.9701, 28.5441,  
21.7523

■ 31.5618, 31.9499,  
28.0956

■ 34.4684, 35.6857,  
35.4692

■ 37.7011, 39.7605,  
43.9168

■ 41.2704, 44.1831,  
53.4795

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.2788, 16.1065, 8.1025



20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083



15.5152, 16.1065, 2.5633

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083



8.1570, 16.1065, 16.9551



19.8674, 16.1065, 49.7309

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083



13.5891, 14.7895, 39.1839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1041, 16.1065, 56.0762



20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083



8.8750, 16.1065, 32.3906

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083



9.0187, 16.1065, 7.5083



11.2151, 16.1065, 48.5608



24.0003, 16.1065, 33.9499



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083



12.6934, 16.1065, 2.9413



11.2151, 16.1065, 48.5608



18.2607, 16.1065, 53.3014

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.2944, 16.1074, 3.7086



54.4455, 54.2790, 44.0058



19.7599, 10.7789, 16.6619



11.5272, 11.3815, 8.7691



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.2944, 16.1074, 3.7086



33.9943, 24.3698, 3.2983



28.5236, 32.5659, 6.4517



7.7830, 8.0460, 7.9321



13.9584, 9.8141, 1.1586



0.3906, 0.3408, 0.0452



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.5891, 14.7895, 39.1839



21.2234, 21.6758, 70.2903



8.8120, 5.2354, 37.5915



7.4769, 7.9907, 9.5666



8.5976, 8.6555, 29.1930



0.2583, 0.3087, 0.7266



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.2940, 16.1065,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083

### Protanopia

14.6695, 16.1155, 4.5279

### Deuteranopia

16.4895, 16.2770, 3.5690



## Tritanopia

22.0541, 16.0862, 12.0678

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083

## Protanomaly

16.4191, 15.9191, 4.2148

## Deuteranomaly

17.7884, 16.1919, 3.6266

## Tritanomaly

21.2370, 15.9934, 8.0986

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083

## Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306

## Achromatomaly

15.4803, 14.8578, 10.0346

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 92, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 92, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 92, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 92, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 92, 36) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 92, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 92, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 92, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 92, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 92,  
36) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.2940, 16.1065, 3.7083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 92, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 92,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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