

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.3148, 37.1401, 17.5291)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.3148, 37.1401, 17.5291)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.3553, 37.2583,  
17.4280)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BD61
RGB	0, 189, 97
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2588, 0.6196
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.49, 0.26
HSL	151°, 100%, 37%
HSV	151°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280
YIQ	122.0010, -83.1120, -68.6800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

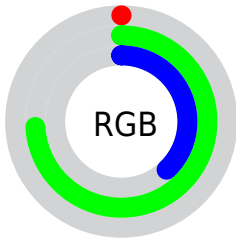
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 125, 189
Decimal	48481
CIELab	67.47, -60.64, 35.32
CIELCh	67, 70.178, 149.779
Yxy	37.2583, 0.2713, 0.4965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238561 (0xFF00BD61)
YUV	122.0010, -12.3255, -106.9949
Hunter-Lab	61.0396, -47.2936, 25.7992

# Details

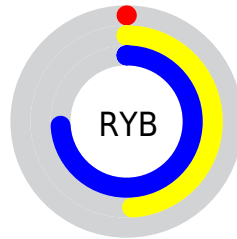
The XYZ color **20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **22.9195, 11.5924, 11.1574**, and the grayscale version is **18.5590, 19.5255, 21.2633**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.6153, 71.2328, 39.8843**, and **9.0586, 17.2636, 5.6511** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.3559, 37.2596, 17.4276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.0772, 37.5790, 19.8337**.

# Distribution



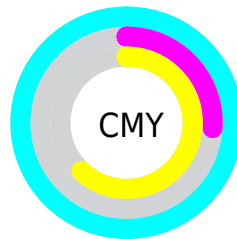
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (62%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.3553, 37.2583,  
17.4280


 20.3553, 37.2583,  
17.4280


246.6292,  
334.4275, 249.7538


 12.7633, 25.4075,  
10.3749

 43.5115, 70.9699,  
39.8609


 7.3417, 16.3810,  
5.5394


 59.8064, 93.5995,  
56.0778


 3.7249, 9.7941,  
2.5029


 79.7331, 120.5908,  
76.1864

 1.5477, 5.2627,  
0.8417

 103.6567,  
152.3283, 100.6052

 0.3580, 2.4022,  
0.0000

 131.9428,  
189.1963, 129.7529

 0.0000, 0.8270,  
0.0000

 164.9567,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

231.5793, 164.0478

0.0000

203.0637,  
279.8615, 203.9086

■ 20.3553, 37.2583,  
17.4280

■ 20.3553, 37.2583,  
17.4280

■ 20.3559, 37.2596,  
17.4276

■ 21.0772, 37.5790,  
19.8337

■ 22.1085, 38.0522,  
22.5213

■ 23.5457, 38.7286,  
25.5042

■ 25.4375, 39.6331,  
28.7922

■ 27.8255, 40.7868,  
32.3949

■ 30.7460, 42.2085,  
36.3209

■ 34.2320, 43.9150,  
40.5788

■ 38.3138, 45.9217,  
45.1766

■ 43.0191, 48.2428,  
50.1220

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0859, 37.2583, 7.7831



20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



18.4698, 37.2583, 40.3391

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



35.3329, 37.2583, 133.5589



56.6158, 37.2583, 17.6551

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



22.9195, 11.5924, 11.1574

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.4400, 37.2583, 40.7977



20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



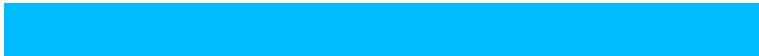
46.7339, 37.2583, 116.9564

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



25.9729, 37.2583, 116.4925



56.5064, 37.2583, 78.3722



46.9010, 37.2583, 7.8596



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



19.2731, 37.2583, 64.1465



56.5064, 37.2583, 78.3722



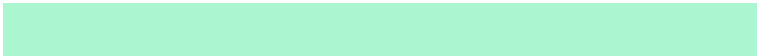
58.7111, 37.2583, 23.6171

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.3562, 37.2598, 17.4289



60.9798, 78.4882, 72.2896



22.8666, 38.8032, 6.2849



12.5247, 16.5900, 14.8411



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.3562, 37.2598, 17.4289



36.3341, 66.6807, 30.5702



27.3841, 40.0710, 54.4372



9.6076, 10.7292, 11.1833



13.7343, 25.0840, 11.9295



0.5709, 0.9957, 0.6408



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.9195, 11.5924, 11.1574



40.9263, 20.7125, 19.3464



20.9873, 10.8195, 0.9825



9.7185, 9.6117, 10.9064



15.4585, 7.8145, 7.7078



0.6386, 0.3193, 0.4760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.3553, 37.2583,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280

### Protanopia

33.6810, 36.6023, 14.5223

### Deuteranopia

37.2032, 36.5326, 18.4553



## Tritanopia

28.2185, 37.0688, 56.1198

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



## Protanomaly

23.7111, 33.9052, 15.1922



## Deuteranomaly

24.8584, 33.3245, 17.6925



## Tritanomaly

24.0262, 36.5054, 38.1277

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280



## Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939



## Achromatomaly

16.4014, 23.3697, 19.2691

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 189, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 189, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 189, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 189, 97) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 189, 97) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 189, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 189, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 189, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 189, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 189, 97)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.3553, 37.2583, 17.4280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 189, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 189,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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