

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.3275, 14.9967, 10.4178)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.3275, 14.9967, 10.4178)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.3271, 14.9959,  
10.4175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A55455
RGB	165, 84, 85
RGB Percent	65%, 33%, 33%
CMY	0.3529, 0.6706, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.48, 0.35
HSL	359°, 33%, 49%
HSV	359°, 49%, 65%
XYZ	20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175
YIQ	108.3330, 47.9550, 17.4830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

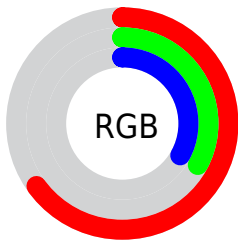
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">165, 84, 85</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10835029</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">45.63, 33.37, 14.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">46, 36.495, 23.894</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">14.9959, 0.4444, 0.3278</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289025109 (0xFFA55455)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">108.3330, -11.5032, 49.6970</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">38.7245, 25.9294, 11.1573</a>

# Details

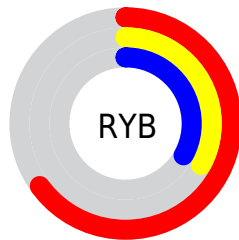
The XYZ color **20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **23.8130, 31.4758, 39.9444**, and the grayscale version is **14.3698, 15.1181, 16.4636**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.4686, 34.7652, 27.3410**, and **7.2907, 4.6065, 2.5124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.6193, 12.5000, 7.0135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.4864, 18.1563, 14.7080**.

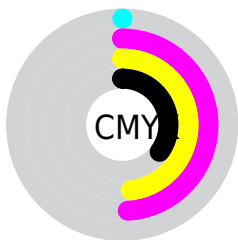
# Distribution



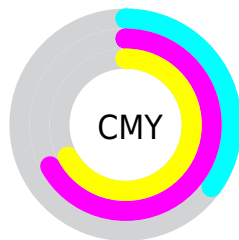
- Red (65%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.3271, 14.9959,  
10.4175

■ 20.3271, 14.9959,  
10.4175

246.4804,  
223.3414, 204.2183

■ 12.7427, 8.8165,  
5.5674

■ 43.4647, 34.8460,  
27.1979

■ 7.3274, 4.6217,  
2.5194

■ 59.7486, 49.2855,  
39.9652

■ 3.7158, 2.0271,  
0.8504

■ 79.6630, 67.2471,  
56.2088

■ 1.5426, 0.6231,  
0.0000

■ 103.5733, 89.1153,  
76.3471

■ 0.3546, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 131.8448,  
115.2744, 100.7986

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

164.8429,

146.1089, 129.9820

202.9330,  
182.0031, 164.3157

■ 20.3271, 14.9959,  
10.4175

■ 20.3271, 14.9959,  
10.4175

■ 18.6193, 12.5000,  
7.0135

■ 22.4864, 18.1563,  
14.7080

■ 17.3301, 10.6190,  
4.4333

■ 25.1249, 22.0215,  
19.9400

■ 16.4237, 9.3005,  
2.6074


■ 28.2695, 26.6313,  
26.1653


■ 15.8580, 8.4819,  
1.4545


■ 31.9445, 32.0218,  
33.4314


■ 15.5526, 8.0397,  
0.8330


■ 36.1729, 38.2269,  
41.7829

 15.5281, 8.0038,  
0.7847

 40.9763, 45.2783,  
51.2618

 46.3751, 53.2063,  
61.9078

 52.3886, 62.0395,  
73.7587

 59.0355, 71.8051,  
86.8507

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.9286, 14.9959, 18.1837



20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175



18.0027, 14.9959, 6.1583

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175



10.0143, 14.9959, 8.2850



13.6374, 14.9959, 39.4201

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175



23.8130, 31.4758, 39.9444

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0641, 14.9959, 34.0415



20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175



9.1736, 14.9959, 14.6030

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175



12.0037, 14.9959, 5.2705



9.5285, 14.9959, 24.1345



16.7675, 14.9959, 37.0463



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175



15.9457, 14.9959, 4.9113



9.5285, 14.9959, 24.1345



12.6848, 14.9959, 38.4122

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.3275, 14.9967, 10.4178



53.0239, 51.2075, 51.5977



25.1999, 16.9134, 37.5337



11.3145, 10.7878, 10.7312



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.3275, 14.9967, 10.4178



33.0841, 22.0041, 12.0375



24.2194, 22.8433, 11.5213



7.0771, 7.0873, 7.3926



11.7486, 6.0555, 0.6009



0.2479, 0.1276, 0.0179



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.3275, 14.9967, 10.4178



33.0841, 22.0041, 12.0375



17.8902, 19.4857, 38.4154



7.0771, 7.0873, 7.3926



11.7486, 6.0555, 0.6009

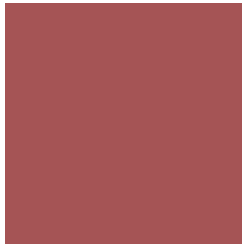


0.2479, 0.1276, 0.0179



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

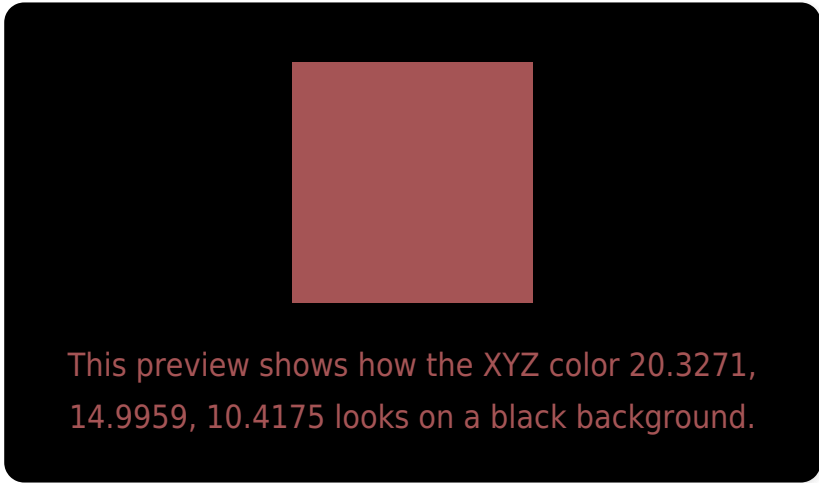
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

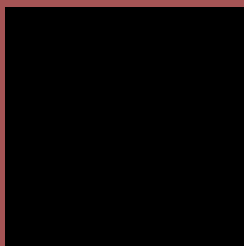
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.3271, 14.9959,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175

### Protanopia

14.3303, 15.0989, 13.4684

### Deuteranopia

15.3754, 15.0990, 10.0867



## Tritanopia

20.4135, 14.9071, 11.2526

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175

## Protanomaly

15.9533, 14.6195, 12.3369

## Deuteranomaly

16.8205, 14.8366, 10.1608

## Tritanomaly

20.3718, 14.8904, 11.0329

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175

## Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306

## Achromatomaly

15.8154, 14.5109, 14.0239

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 84, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 84, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 84, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 84, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 84, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 84, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 84, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 84, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 84, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 84,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.3271, 14.9959, 10.4175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 84, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165, 84,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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