

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.5696, 16.3550, 12.9770)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.5696, 16.3550, 12.9770)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(20.5655, 16.3052,  
12.8898)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A05E5F
RGB	160, 94, 95
RGB Percent	63%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.3725, 0.6314, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.41, 0.37
HSL	359°, 26%, 50%
HSV	359°, 41%, 63%
XYZ	20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898
YIQ	113.8480, 39.0150, 14.3030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

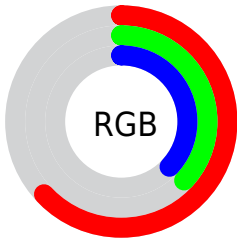
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	160, 94, 95
Decimal	10509919
CIE Lab	47.37, 27.02, 11.06
CIE LCh	47, 29.191, 22.263
Yxy	16.3052, 0.4133, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288699999 (0xFFA05E5F)
YUV	113.8480, -9.2921, 40.4753
Hunter-Lab	40.3797, 20.2461, 9.3395

# Details

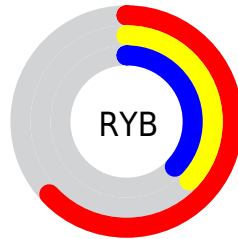
The XYZ color **20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **23.4457, 30.0249, 37.3622**, and the grayscale version is **15.9678, 16.7994, 18.2946**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.8515, 37.0468, 31.6276**, and **7.4752, 5.2399, 3.5231** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.6421, 13.4910, 9.0650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9296, 19.7688, 17.5768**.

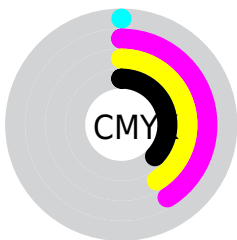
# Distribution



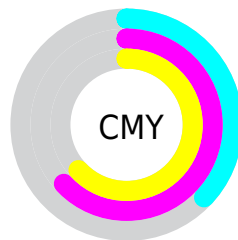
- Red (63%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.5655, 16.3052,  
12.8898

■ 20.5655, 16.3052,  
12.8898

247.7359,  
231.1360, 221.3932

■ 12.9174, 9.7404,  
7.2229

■ 43.8600, 37.1272,  
31.7939

■ 7.4483, 5.2272,  
3.5213

■ 60.2372, 52.1532,  
45.8682

■ 3.7928, 2.3812,  
1.3666

■ 80.2547, 70.7684,  
63.5821

■ 1.5856, 0.8162,  
0.1155

■ 104.2780, 93.3572,  
85.3540

■ 0.3830, 0.0000,  
0.0000

132.6724,  
120.3039, 111.6025

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

165.8033,

151.9931, 142.7462

204.0360,  
188.8089, 179.2036

■ 20.5655, 16.3052,  
12.8898

■ 20.5655, 16.3052,  
12.8898

■ 18.6421, 13.4910,  
9.0650

■ 22.9296, 19.7688,  
17.5768

■ 17.1309, 11.2836,  
6.0489

■ 25.7580, 23.9162,  
23.1729

■ 16.0023, 9.6391,  
3.7838


■ 29.0741, 28.7822,  
29.7231

■ 15.2219, 8.5065,  
2.2038

■ 32.8994, 34.3986,  
37.2689


■ 14.7494, 7.8258,  
1.2316


■ 37.2539, 40.7953,  
45.8494

 14.5105, 7.4789,  
0.7482

 42.1569, 48.0005,  
55.5016

 47.6265, 56.0411,  
66.2606

 53.6799, 64.9426,  
78.1602

 60.3338, 74.7296,  
91.2323

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.9607, 16.3052, 19.7389



20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898



18.7417, 16.3052, 8.7106

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898



11.8910, 16.3052, 10.3911



14.8383, 16.3052, 35.9158

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898



23.4457, 30.0249, 37.3622

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6513, 16.3052, 31.5518



20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898



11.0772, 16.3052, 15.9061

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898



13.6904, 16.3052, 7.5725



11.3392, 16.3052, 23.7088



17.4573, 16.3052, 34.4467



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898



17.0610, 16.3052, 7.3567



11.3392, 16.3052, 23.7088



14.0327, 16.3052, 35.0481

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.5659, 16.3060, 12.8901



52.1573, 51.3311, 52.7192



24.6266, 17.9050, 35.4158



11.2730, 11.0142, 11.2346



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.5659, 16.3060, 12.8901



34.2599, 25.0973, 17.2785



23.9662, 23.1786, 13.8014



6.6369, 6.6477, 6.9391



11.3049, 5.8265, 0.5907



0.2032, 0.1046, 0.0161



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5659, 16.3060, 12.8901



34.2599, 25.0973, 17.2785



18.6942, 20.3830, 36.2068



6.6369, 6.6477, 6.9391



11.3049, 5.8265, 0.5907

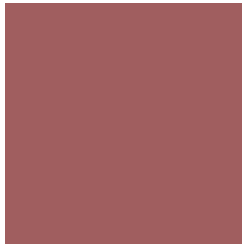


0.2032, 0.1046, 0.0161



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

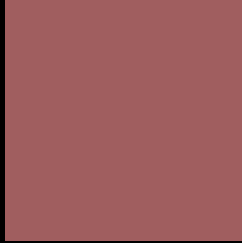
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

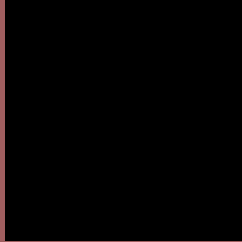
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.5655, 16.3052,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898

### Protanopia

15.6290, 16.3697, 15.4326

### Deuteranopia

16.6544, 16.3231, 12.3981



## Tritanopia

20.7118, 16.2224, 14.0962

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898

## Protanomaly

17.0734, 16.0293, 14.5060

## Deuteranomaly

17.9814, 16.2416, 12.5431

## Tritanomaly

20.6162, 16.1841, 13.5925

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898

## Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

## Achromatomaly

17.2716, 16.4022, 16.1656

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 94, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 94, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 94, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 94, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 94, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 94, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 94, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 94, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 94, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 94,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.5655, 16.3052, 12.8898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 94, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 94,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor