

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.5714, 17.3838, 24.1700)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.5714, 17.3838, 24.1700)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.5167, 17.2957,  
24.0869)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	906784
RGB	144, 103, 132
RGB Percent	56%, 40%, 52%
CMY	0.4353, 0.5961, 0.4823
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.08, 0.44
HSL	318°, 17%, 48%
HSV	318°, 28%, 56%
XYZ	20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869
YIQ	118.5650, 15.1270, 17.7110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

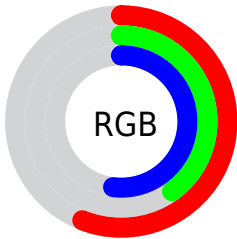
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	144, 103, 132
Decimal	9463684
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.63, 21.35, -9.53
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 23.383, 335.957
Yxy	17.2957, 0.3315, 0.2794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287653764 (0xFF906784)
YUV	118.5650, 6.6235, 22.3065
Hunter-Lab	41.5881, 15.2804, -5.2278

# Details

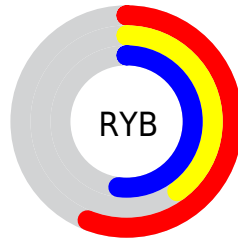
The XYZ color **20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **18.6620, 24.0684, 19.8827**, and the grayscale version is **17.3742, 18.2790, 19.9058**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.7670, 38.9512, 51.1105**, and **7.4417, 5.6841, 8.8885** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9234, 14.5611, 22.1615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.3694, 20.5299, 26.1567**.

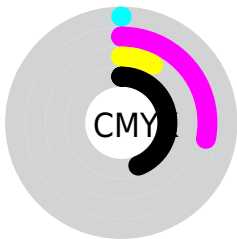
# Distribution



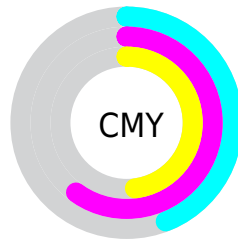
- Red (56%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.5167, 17.2957,  
24.0869

■ 20.5167, 17.2957,  
24.0869

247.4794,  
236.8707, 286.5602

■ 12.8816, 10.4455,  
15.1853

■ 43.7792, 38.8335,  
51.1176

■ 7.4235, 5.6954,  
8.8015

■ 60.1372, 54.2899,  
70.0837

■ 3.7770, 2.6607,  
4.5169

■ 80.1337, 73.3839,  
93.2418

■ 1.5768, 0.9573,  
1.9130

■ 104.1339, 96.4998,  
121.0104

■ 0.3772, 0.0000,  
0.5010

132.5033,  
124.0220, 153.8080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

165.6070,

156.3350, 192.0531

203.8106,  
193.8231, 236.1644

■ 20.5167, 17.2957,  
24.0869

■ 20.5167, 17.2957,  
24.0869

■ 18.9234, 14.5611,  
22.1615

■ 22.3694, 20.5299,  
26.1567

■ 17.5751, 12.2985,  
20.3744

■ 24.4918, 24.2848,  
28.3743

■ 16.4585, 10.4810,  
18.7207

■ 26.8955, 28.5833,  
30.7446

■ 15.5582, 9.0781,  
17.1945

■ 29.5911, 33.4462,  
33.2715

■ 14.8570, 8.0556,  
15.7895

■ 32.5884, 38.8931,  
35.9591

■ 14.3348, 7.3735,  
14.4982

■ 35.8969, 44.9427,  
38.8112

■ 13.9486, 6.9464,  
13.3055

■ 39.5257, 51.6130,  
41.8313

■ 13.8927, 6.8857,  
13.1287

■ 43.4833, 58.9209,  
45.0229

■ 47.7782, 66.8830,  
48.3895

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9915, 17.2957, 30.1509



20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869



20.9096, 17.2957, 17.6282

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869



16.0131, 17.2957, 9.3304



13.3107, 17.2957, 26.6864

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869



18.6620, 24.0684, 19.8827

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6560, 17.2957, 20.0895



20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869



14.1262, 17.2957, 10.7734

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869



18.1839, 17.2957, 9.9475



12.9410, 17.2957, 14.4031



14.8095, 17.2957, 31.8664



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869



20.4490, 17.2957, 14.1049



12.9410, 17.2957, 14.4031



12.9909, 17.2957, 24.5125

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.5172, 17.2965, 24.0873



42.9138, 42.3279, 49.7570



16.9049, 15.3339, 28.4546



9.7220, 9.4952, 11.2886



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.5172, 17.2965, 24.0873



34.3846, 27.4020, 40.3396



19.2706, 16.7978, 17.5226



5.5599, 5.4845, 6.4464



12.1084, 6.0004, 11.4880



0.1254, 0.0612, 0.1606



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5172, 17.2965, 24.0873



34.3846, 27.4020, 40.3396



19.9488, 24.5831, 26.6588



5.5599, 5.4845, 6.4464



12.1084, 6.0004, 11.4880

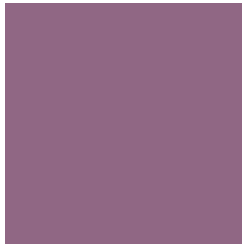


0.1254, 0.0612, 0.1606



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

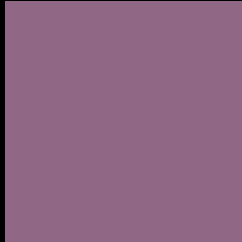
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.5167, 17.2957,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869

### Protanopia

17.2948, 17.4699, 27.2714

### Deuteranopia

17.6801, 17.4150, 23.5487



## Tritanopia

19.3466, 17.2738, 18.2341

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869

## Protanomaly

18.2258, 17.3126, 26.0480

## Deuteranomaly

18.6186, 17.2431, 23.8197

## Tritanomaly

19.8305, 17.3233, 20.3877

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869

## Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

## Achromatomaly

18.4453, 17.8547, 21.5429

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 103, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 103, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 103, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 103, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 103, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 103, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 103, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 103, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 103, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 103,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.5167, 17.2957, 24.0869 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 103, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
103, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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