

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.6817, 29.1866, 17.7867)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.6817, 29.1866, 17.7867)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.7742, 29.3344,  
17.9318)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66A169
RGB	102, 161, 105
RGB Percent	40%, 63%, 41%
CMY	0.6000, 0.3686, 0.5882
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.35, 0.37
HSL	123°, 24%, 52%
HSV	123°, 37%, 63%
XYZ	20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318
YIQ	136.9750, -17.1880, -29.9240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

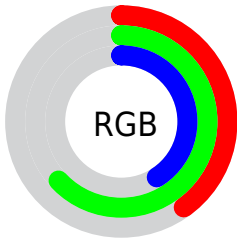
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">102, 158, 161</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6725993</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.08, -31.04, 23.26</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">61, 38.788, 143.150</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.3344, 0.3053, 0.4311</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284916073 (0xFF66A169)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">136.9750, -15.7637, -30.6731</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.1612, -26.3163, 18.2830</a>

# Details

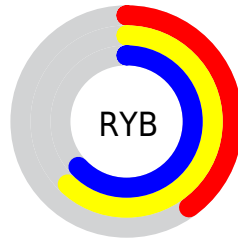
The XYZ color **20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **25.6219, 19.5491, 34.7720**, and the grayscale version is **23.8314, 25.0725, 27.3039**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.1592, 58.5146, 40.8653**, and **7.5724, 11.9365, 5.7758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4076, 28.1980, 14.0831**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.6378, 30.7124, 22.5418**.

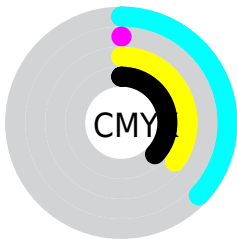
# Distribution



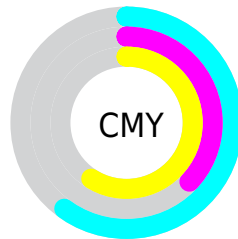
- Red (40%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.7742, 29.3344,  
17.9318

■ 20.7742, 29.3344,  
17.9318

248.8305,  
298.7895, 252.7095

■ 13.0706, 19.3339,  
10.7321

■ 44.2056, 58.6080,  
40.7334

■ 7.5545, 11.9118,  
5.7751

■ 60.6640, 78.6498,  
57.1725

■ 3.8606, 6.6837,  
2.6422

■ 80.7714, 102.8077,  
77.5284

■ 1.6236, 3.2651,  
0.9141

■ 104.8931,  
131.4658, 102.2196

■ 0.4077, 1.2716,  
0.0000

133.3946,  
165.0087, 131.6649

■ 0.0000, 0.1191,  
0.0000

166.6410,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

203.8206, 166.2826

0.0000

204.9979,  
248.2861, 206.4913

■ 20.7742, 29.3344,  
17.9318

■ 20.7742, 29.3344,  
17.9318

■ 18.4076, 28.1980,  
14.0831

■ 23.6378, 30.7124,  
22.5418

■ 16.5077, 27.2859,  
10.9529

■ 27.0222, 32.3410,  
27.9490

■ 15.0442, 26.5842,  
8.4974


■ 30.9523, 34.2329,  
34.1891


■ 13.9824, 26.0762,  
6.6669


■ 35.4505, 36.3993,  
41.2954


■ 13.2821, 25.7425,  
5.4050


■ 40.5384, 38.8503,  
49.2991


 12.8877, 25.5555,  
4.6449

 46.2362, 41.5958,  
58.2300

 12.7903, 25.5088,  
4.4847

 52.5630, 44.6452,  
68.1165

 59.5374, 48.0072,  
78.9857

 67.1771, 51.6906,  
90.8639

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.2157, 29.3344, 12.5082



20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318



19.2660, 29.3344, 28.7192

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318



26.7329, 29.3344, 68.5335



37.8593, 29.3344, 22.1582

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318



25.6219, 19.5491, 34.7720

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.7449, 29.3344, 35.3934



20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318



31.8997, 29.3344, 65.1755

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318



22.4253, 29.3344, 59.9550



36.4489, 29.3344, 51.8208



34.1578, 29.3344, 14.3800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318



19.4120, 29.3344, 38.7349



36.4489, 29.3344, 51.8208



38.5132, 29.3344, 25.9905

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.7750, 29.3356, 17.9325



52.0972, 59.7009, 55.9422



29.2547, 33.7246, 17.5384



11.2326, 13.0004, 11.9624



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.7750, 29.3356, 17.9325



33.6729, 50.8381, 26.3771



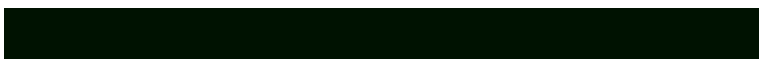
22.5598, 30.0496, 27.3311



6.9995, 7.9006, 7.6090



10.2195, 20.3741, 3.6062



0.2189, 0.4298, 0.0975



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.6219, 19.5491, 34.7720



43.6450, 30.6948, 61.0165



23.3828, 18.6535, 22.9812



7.3487, 7.1959, 8.8227



16.3233, 7.8854, 24.6909



0.3474, 0.1674, 0.5420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.7742, 29.3344,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318

### Protanopia

26.9839, 29.1392, 16.0066

### Deuteranopia

29.5729, 29.0598, 18.8023



## Tritanopia

25.2136, 29.1130, 40.3669

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318

## Protanomaly

24.0584, 28.7993, 16.6027

## Deuteranomaly

25.3293, 28.4656, 18.3468

## Tritanomaly

23.3529, 29.1055, 30.7727

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318

## Achromatopsia

23.7775, 25.0158, 27.2422

## Achromatomaly

22.2927, 26.3235, 23.3080

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 161, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 161, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 161, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 161, 105) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 161, 105) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 161, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 161, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 161, 105); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 161, 105); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 161, 105) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.7742, 29.3344, 17.9318 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 161, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
161, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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