

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.7622, 38.2015, 17.1650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.7622, 38.2015, 17.1650)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.6964, 38.0878,  
17.0873)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BF5F
RGB	0, 191, 95
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 37%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2510, 0.6274
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.50, 0.25
HSL	150°, 100%, 37%
HSV	150°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873
YIQ	122.9470, -83.0200, -70.3480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

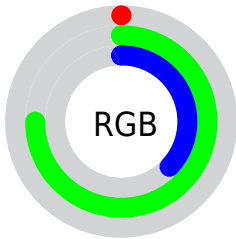
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 128, 191
Decimal	48991
CIELab	68.09, -61.63, 37.10
CIELCh	68, 71.932, 148.955
Yxy	38.0878, 0.2728, 0.5020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239071 (0xFF00BF5F)
YUV	122.9470, -13.7779, -107.8245
Hunter-Lab	61.7153, -48.1413, 26.7849

# Details

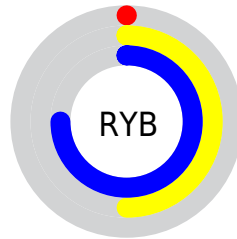
The XYZ color **20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **23.5989, 11.9219, 12.1275**, and the grayscale version is **18.8749, 19.8579, 21.6252**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.1791, 72.4546, 39.2604**, and **9.2778, 17.7978, 5.4289** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6968, 38.0891, 17.0863**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.4318, 38.4144, 19.5431**.

# Distribution



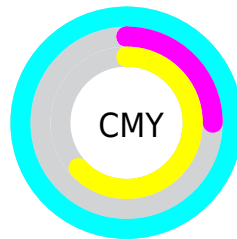
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.6964, 38.0878,  
17.0873


 20.6964, 38.0878,  
17.0873


248.4230,  
337.9965, 247.7359


 13.0135, 26.0508,  
10.1341


 44.0768, 72.2427,  
39.2685

 7.5149, 16.8617,  
5.3812


 60.5050, 95.1294,  
55.3337


 3.8353, 10.1359,  
2.4100


 80.5789, 122.4015,  
75.2732

 1.6094, 5.4892,  
0.7919

 104.6640,  
154.4434, 99.5057

 0.3985, 2.5370,  
0.0000

 133.1256,  
191.6394, 128.4497

 0.0000, 0.8951,  
0.0000

 166.3291,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

234.3740, 162.5237

0.0000

204.6397,  
283.0316, 202.1462

■ 20.6964, 38.0878,  
17.0873

■ 20.6964, 38.0878,  
17.0873

■ 20.6968, 38.0891,  
17.0863

■ 21.4318, 38.4144,  
19.5431

■ 22.4877, 38.8987,  
22.3036

■ 23.9627, 39.5925,  
25.3833

■ 25.9069, 40.5213,  
28.7935

■ 28.3631, 41.7070,  
32.5446

■ 31.3688, 43.1689,  
36.6464

■ 34.9581, 44.9242,  
41.1083

■ 39.1620, 46.9888,  
45.9394

■ 44.0094, 49.3774,  
51.1482

# Harmonies

## Analogous

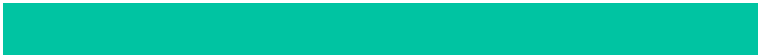
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.7368, 38.0878, 7.5136



20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



18.6440, 38.0878, 40.3555

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



35.8097, 38.0878, 138.8732



58.5263, 38.0878, 18.1899

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



23.5989, 11.9219, 12.1275

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.3115, 38.0878, 42.6071



20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



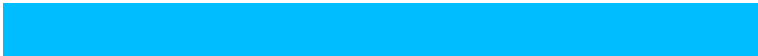
47.6711, 38.0878, 122.3291

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



26.1844, 38.0878, 120.0282



57.9865, 38.0878, 82.1469



48.4937, 38.0878, 7.8799



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



19.4028, 38.0878, 64.9281



57.9865, 38.0878, 82.1469



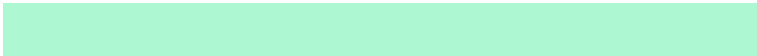
60.6529, 38.0878, 24.4776

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.6973, 38.0893, 17.0882



62.2727, 80.2922, 73.2217



23.7436, 39.8984, 6.4502



13.0480, 17.3247, 15.3152



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.6973, 38.0893, 17.0882



36.9442, 68.1663, 29.9553



27.6894, 40.8862, 53.9077



9.6013, 10.7266, 11.1499



13.6418, 25.0470, 11.4424



0.5674, 0.9943, 0.6222



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5989, 11.9219, 12.1275



42.1404, 21.3015, 21.0693



21.5043, 11.0841, 1.0979



9.7248, 9.6142, 10.9398



15.5487, 7.8506, 8.1829



0.6421, 0.3207, 0.4944



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.6964, 38.0878,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873

### Protanopia

34.4263, 37.5272, 14.2331

### Deuteranopia

38.1088, 37.2555, 18.2792



## Tritanopia

28.9192, 37.9991, 57.4401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



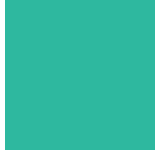
## Protanomaly

24.1417, 34.7064, 14.8778



## Deuteranomaly

25.2893, 33.8275, 17.5084



## Tritanomaly

24.5252, 37.3650, 38.7204

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873



## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697



## Achromatomaly

16.7124, 23.9918, 19.3728

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 191, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 191, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 191, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 191, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 191, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 191, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 95)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.6964, 38.0878, 17.0873 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 191, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 191,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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