

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.8413, 40.3836,  
6.6964)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28C500
RGB	40, 197, 0
RGB Percent	16%, 77%, 0%
CMY	0.8431, 0.2274, 0.9999
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 1.00, 0.23
HSL	108°, 100%, 39%
HSV	108°, 100%, 77%
XYZ	20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964
YIQ	127.5990, -30.3350, -94.5510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 197, 157
Decimal	2671872
CIELab	69.74, -68.07, 68.89
CIELCh	70, 96.844, 134.658
Yxy	40.3836, 0.3068, 0.5946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280861952 (0xFF28C500)
YUV	127.5990, -62.9063, -76.8243
Hunter-Lab	63.5481, -52.6681, 38.2360

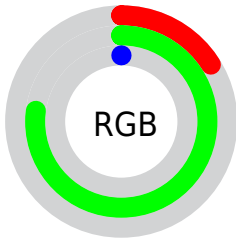
# Details

The XYZ color **20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **23.9887, 11.2028, 53.7235**, and the grayscale version is **20.5989, 21.6717, 23.6004**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.2782, 75.7440, 19.8758**, and **9.6730, 19.3460, 3.2243** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.8414, 40.3849, 6.6966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.7051, 40.8158, 7.3833**.

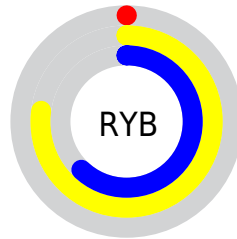
# Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (77%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (62%)

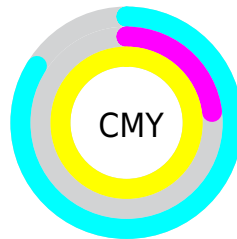


Cyan (80%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (23%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.8413, 40.3836,  
6.6964


 20.8413, 40.3836,  
6.6964


249.1816,  
347.7377, 174.6507


 13.1198, 27.8378,  
3.1974


 44.3165, 75.7473,  
19.8622

 7.5887, 18.2034,  
1.1963

 60.8010, 99.3339,  
30.3660


 3.8825, 11.0961,  
0.0000


 80.9372, 127.3696,  
44.0419

 1.6359, 6.1315,  
0.0000

 105.0905,  
160.2388, 61.3083

 0.4156, 2.9252,  
0.0000

 133.6263,  
198.3258, 82.5839

 0.0000, 1.0928,  
0.0000

 166.9098,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

242.0150, 108.2871

0.0000

205.3064,  
291.6909, 138.8366

■ 20.8413, 40.3836,  
6.6964

■ 20.8413, 40.3836,  
6.6964

■ 20.8414, 40.3849,  
6.6966

■ 21.7051, 40.8158,  
7.3833

■ 22.9686, 41.4384,  
8.7443

■ 24.7001, 42.2825,  
11.0141

■ 26.9435, 43.3683,  
14.3145

■ 29.7373, 44.7133,  
18.7489

■ 33.1160, 46.3333,  
24.4076

■ 37.1112, 48.2429,  
31.3724

■ 41.7523, 50.4556,  
39.7175

■ 47.0666, 52.9839,  
49.5120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.2429, 40.3836, 2.1598



20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



16.0187, 40.3836, 24.8412

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



30.9408, 40.3836, 191.0418



75.6009, 40.3836, 25.5279

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



23.9887, 11.2028, 53.7235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.4546, 40.3836, 71.0261



20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



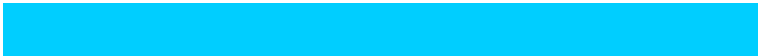
46.5365, 40.3836, 191.7530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



20.6724, 40.3836, 136.9707



63.7379, 40.3836, 138.5313



64.0955, 40.3836, 6.9064

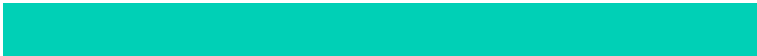


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



15.4800, 40.3836, 51.3689



63.7379, 40.3836, 138.5313



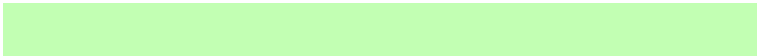
76.9959, 40.3836, 37.3196

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.8422, 40.3853, 6.6973



66.1008, 86.2272, 55.5428



34.6363, 35.0893, 4.9481



13.4679, 18.1312, 10.6929



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.8422, 40.3853, 6.6973



37.1634, 72.2435, 11.9857



20.6771, 40.2182, 10.3933



10.6952, 11.9898, 11.3133



13.7638, 26.5908, 4.4071



0.7125, 1.2904, 0.2115



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.9887, 11.2028, 53.7235



42.7465, 19.9515, 96.2058



27.8492, 13.8001, 26.4703



10.8642, 10.7038, 13.4109



15.8469, 7.4036, 35.3382

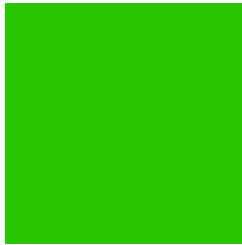


0.8053, 0.3789, 1.6758



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

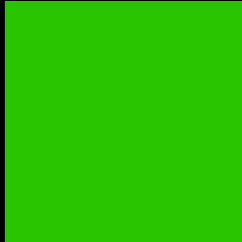
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

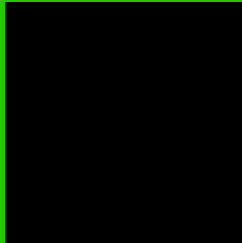
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8413, 40.3836,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964

### Protanopia

35.6738, 39.4523, 5.7348

### Deuteranopia

40.1401, 39.3058, 7.6617



## Tritanopia

31.3430, 40.1178, 59.5177

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



## Protanomaly

26.2734, 37.4744, 5.8485



## Deuteranomaly

27.5358, 36.3558, 6.6030



## Tritanomaly

24.4216, 38.8505, 25.9504

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964



## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072



## Achromatomaly

17.7003, 25.8633, 11.8438

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 197, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 197, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 197, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 197, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 197, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 197, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 197, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 197, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 197, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 197, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.8413, 40.3836, 6.6964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 197, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 197,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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