

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.8786, 18.9081, 30.0630)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.8786, 18.9081, 30.0630)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.8445, 18.9034,  
30.1539)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	857193
RGB	133, 113, 147
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 58%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5569, 0.4235
CMYK	0.10, 0.23, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	275°, 14%, 51%
HSV	275°, 23%, 58%
XYZ	20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539
YIQ	122.8560, 1.0060, 14.8140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

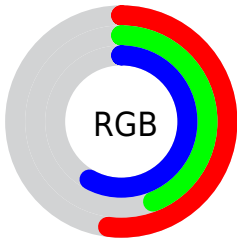
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">133, 113, 147</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8745363</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">50.57, 14.57, -15.58</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">51, 21.330, 313.072</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">18.9034, 0.2982, 0.2704</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286935443 (0xFF857193)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">122.8560, 11.9030, 8.8963</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">43.4780, 9.4910, -10.6855</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **22.1674, 26.5722, 19.5843**, and the grayscale version is **18.7416, 19.7177, 21.4725**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.2474, 41.5664, 60.9494**, and **7.5689, 6.4641, 11.9151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4073, 15.4068, 29.6077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.6036, 22.9613, 30.7920**.

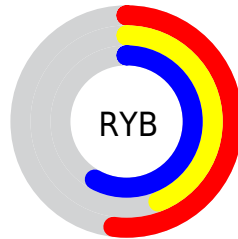
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (44%)

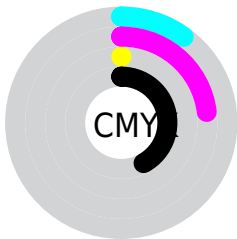
Blue (58%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (58%)

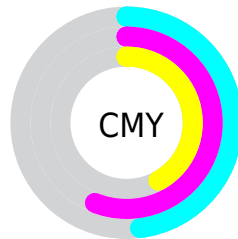


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.8445, 18.9034,  
30.1539

■ 20.8445, 18.9034,  
30.1539

249.1983,  
245.9150, 316.8508

■ 13.1222, 11.6005,  
19.7024

■ 44.3218, 41.5708,  
60.9694

■ 7.5903, 6.4723,  
11.9970

■ 60.8076, 57.7041,  
82.1704

■ 3.8835, 3.1343,  
6.6191

■ 80.9451, 77.5496,  
107.7917

■ 1.6365, 1.2023,  
3.1502

■ 105.0999,  
101.4918, 138.2517

■ 0.4160, 0.0635,  
1.1719

133.6373,  
129.9151, 173.9691

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

166.9226,

163.2037, 215.3624

205.3211,  
201.7422, 262.8501

■ 20.8445, 18.9034,  
30.1539

■ 20.8445, 18.9034,  
30.1539

■ 18.4073, 15.4068,  
29.6077

■ 23.6036, 22.9613,  
30.7920

■ 16.2766, 12.4432,  
29.1480

■ 26.6956, 27.6023,  
31.5249

■ 14.4382, 9.9851,  
28.7704

■ 30.1333, 32.8502,  
32.3566

■ 12.8759, 8.0017,  
28.4699

■ 33.9280, 38.7265,  
33.2909

■ 11.5720, 6.4589,  
28.2409

■ 38.0906, 45.2516,  
34.3309

■ 10.5060, 5.3175,  
28.0767

■ 42.6315, 52.4453,  
35.4801

■ 9.6542, 4.5313,  
27.9699

■ 47.5607, 60.3261,  
36.7415

■ 9.1477, 4.1074,  
27.9148

■ 52.8877, 68.9121,  
38.1180

■ 58.6218, 78.2207,  
39.6125

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.8886, 18.9034, 33.9049



20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539



22.0791, 18.9034, 24.1076

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539



19.1591, 18.9034, 11.4412



14.3402, 18.9034, 23.2885

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539



22.1674, 26.5722, 19.5843

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4003, 18.9034, 17.4191



20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539



17.0761, 18.9034, 11.3066

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539



21.0557, 18.9034, 13.6989



15.3675, 18.9034, 13.2869



15.1964, 18.9034, 29.4552



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539



22.2722, 18.9034, 19.9737



15.3675, 18.9034, 13.2869



14.2559, 18.9034, 21.2037

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.8451, 18.9042, 30.1543



45.5105, 45.9649, 55.9080



19.6881, 20.8399, 30.5889



10.3239, 10.3949, 12.7471



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.8451, 18.9042, 30.1543



34.8821, 30.3207, 53.4486



22.9851, 20.0328, 29.1081



5.8067, 5.7913, 7.2815



7.9590, 3.5756, 24.2017



0.1310, 0.0611, 0.2978



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7691, 19.5464, 22.7049



36.9176, 31.7291, 37.3218



20.3871, 25.6357, 20.3467



5.8939, 5.8526, 6.5474



11.1627, 5.6701, 4.3380



0.1507, 0.0750, 0.1271



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8445, 18.9034,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539

### Protanopia

18.9928, 18.9387, 31.9327

### Deuteranopia

19.2745, 18.9541, 29.8368



## Tritanopia

19.3331, 18.9748, 22.3822

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539

## Protanomaly

19.6120, 18.9177, 31.4720

## Deuteranomaly

19.7459, 18.8512, 29.7921

## Tritanomaly

19.9085, 19.0373, 25.1795

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539

## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697

## Achromatomaly

19.5141, 19.3716, 24.5404

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 113, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 113, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 113, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 113, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 113, 147) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 113, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 113, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 113, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 113, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 113,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.8445, 18.9034, 30.1539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 113, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
113, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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