

Converting Colors

XYZ(20.8864, 10.5573, 10.4691)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(20.8864, 10.5573, 10.4691)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(20.8592, 10.5450,
10.3872)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B50059
RGB	181, 0, 89
RGB Percent	71%, 0%, 35%
CMY	0.2902, 0.9999, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.51, 0.29
HSL	331°, 100%, 35%
HSV	331°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872
YIQ	64.2650, 79.3070, 66.0510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

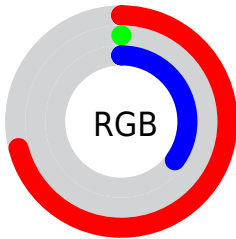
Format	Color
RYB	181, 0, 89
Decimal	11862105
CIELab	38.80, 65.37, 3.10
CIElCh	39, 65.447, 2.718
Yxy	10.5450, 0.4991, 0.2523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290052185 (0xFFB50059)
YUV	64.2650, 12.1944, 102.3766
Hunter-Lab	32.4731, 57.8323, 3.7660

Details

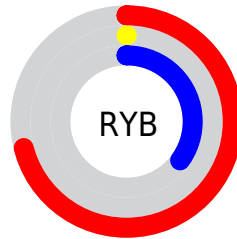
The XYZ color **20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **18.4572, 33.8210, 15.6872**, and the grayscale version is **4.8893, 5.1439, 5.6017**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.2954, 26.7759, 27.2597**, and **8.3398, 4.2468, 2.7630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.8585, 10.5447, 10.3839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.4885, 11.1462, 12.6241**.

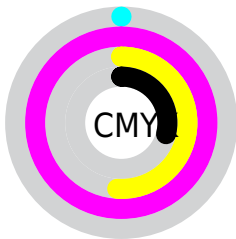
Distribution



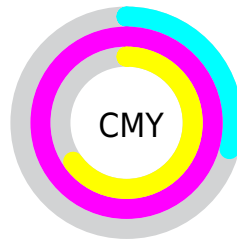
- Red (71%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.8592, 10.5450,
10.3872

■ 20.8592, 10.5450,
10.3872

249.2752,
194.5188, 203.9979

■ 13.1330, 5.7618,
5.5475

■ 44.3461, 26.8157,
27.1404

■ 7.5978, 2.7008,
2.5076

■ 60.8376, 39.0719,
39.8910

■ 3.8883, 0.9776,
0.8442

■ 80.9815, 54.5879,
56.1156

■ 1.6392, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 105.1432, 73.7481,
76.2327

■ 0.4177, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.6880, 96.9369,
100.6610

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 166.9814,

124.5387, 129.8189

205.3887,
156.9379, 164.1250

■ 20.8592, 10.5450,
10.3872

■ 20.8592, 10.5450,
10.3872

■ 20.8585, 10.5447,
10.3839

■ 21.4885, 11.1462,
12.6241

■ 22.3689, 12.1695,
15.1914

■ 23.5782, 13.7679,
18.1228

■ 25.1546, 16.0155,
21.4386

■ 27.1307, 18.9752,
25.1571

■ 29.5352, 22.7021,
29.2946

■ 32.3942, 27.2462,
33.8667

■ 35.7314, 32.6529,
38.8876

■ 39.5691, 38.9644,
44.3711

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3993, 10.5450, 26.2572



20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872



18.7923, 10.5450, 2.8116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872



6.1606, 10.5450, 0.8277



6.6686, 10.5450, 48.4174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872



18.4572, 33.8210, 15.6872

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.5207, 10.5450, 29.8072



20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872



4.2923, 10.5450, 3.6504

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872



9.6329, 10.5450, 0.1069



3.7919, 10.5450, 12.6505



10.4229, 10.5450, 55.6035

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872



15.9631, 10.5450, 1.0386



3.7919, 10.5450, 12.6505



5.7760, 10.5450, 42.8482

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.8595, 10.5456, 10.3874



57.7319, 48.3391, 60.2115



12.6075, 5.5364, 44.1200



12.0011, 9.6861, 12.2631



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.8595, 10.5456, 10.3874



37.2430, 18.8397, 17.9950



19.0565, 9.8244, 0.8928



8.6647, 8.5726, 9.7326



14.4144, 7.2833, 7.3422



0.4830, 0.2410, 0.3863

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.8595, 10.5456, 10.3874



37.2430, 18.8397, 17.9950



24.8646, 36.3840, 49.4282



8.6647, 8.5726, 9.7326



14.4144, 7.2833, 7.3422



0.4830, 0.2410, 0.3863

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

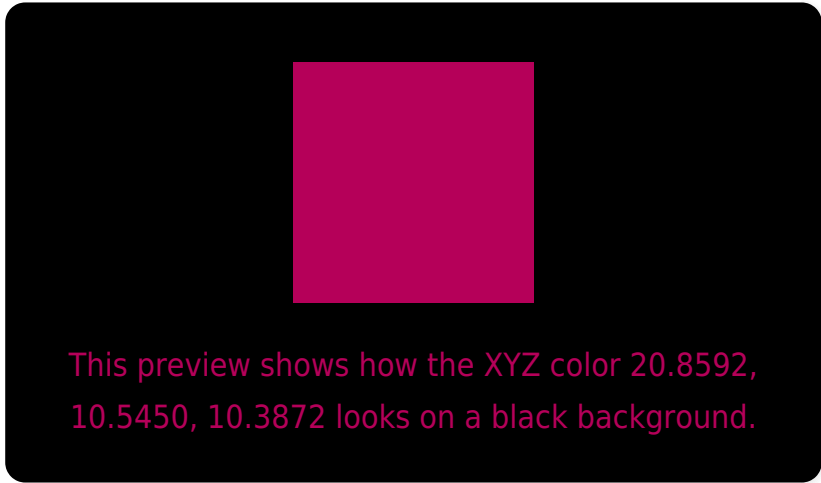
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8592, 10.5450,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872

Protanopia

11.5330, 11.2985, 22.3419

Deuteranopia

11.4106, 11.2644, 9.3574



Tritanopia

19.4948, 10.9071, 2.6679

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872

Protanomaly

12.2090, 8.2648, 16.8714

Deuteranomaly

13.1050, 8.8171, 9.3987

Tritanomaly

19.7989, 10.5530, 4.6078

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872

Achromatopsia

4.8732, 5.1269, 5.5832

Achromatomaly

8.0589, 5.1927, 6.8809

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 0, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(181, 0, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 0, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 0, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 0, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 0, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 0, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 0, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 0, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 0, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.8592, 10.5450, 10.3872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 0, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 0,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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