

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.8949, 14.8245, 68.2212)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.8949, 14.8245, 68.2212)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**XYZ(20.9102, 14.8713,  
68.0980)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D5BDA
RGB	93, 91, 218
RGB Percent	36%, 36%, 85%
CMY	0.6353, 0.6431, 0.1451
CMYK	0.57, 0.58, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	241°, 63%, 61%
HSV	241°, 58%, 85%
XYZ	20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980
YIQ	106.0760, -39.5750, 39.9210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

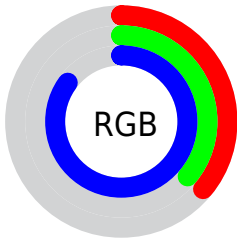
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	93, 91, 218
Decimal	6118362
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.46, 36.94, -65.08
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 74.827, 299.580
Yxy	14.8713, 0.2013, 0.1432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284308442 (0xFF5D5BDA)
YUV	106.0760, 55.1785, -11.4677
Hunter-Lab	38.5633, 29.3023, -77.7044

# Details

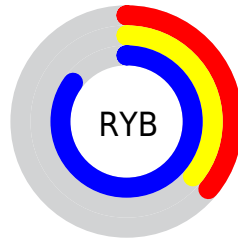
The XYZ color **20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **55.2771, 65.4965, 19.6263**, and the grayscale version is **13.5825, 14.2899, 15.5617**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.7117, 33.0421, 98.8398**, and **7.6260, 4.5710, 34.6628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4345, 10.7034, 67.4771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.5376, 20.4363, 68.9286**.

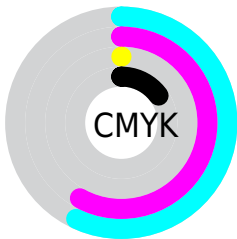
# Distribution



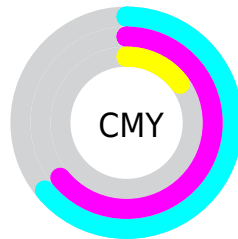
- Red (36%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.9102, 14.8713,  
68.0980

■ 20.9102, 14.8713,  
68.0980

249.5416,  
222.5859, 472.4506

■ 13.1705, 8.7291,  
49.5103

■ 44.4304, 34.6272,  
118.1479

■ 7.6238, 4.5649,  
34.6560

■ 60.9416, 49.0098,  
150.4471

■ 3.9050, 1.9943,  
23.1166

■ 81.1074, 66.9079,  
188.1539

■ 1.6485, 0.6042,  
14.4735

■ 105.2930, 88.7060,  
231.6868

■ 0.4237, 0.0000,  
8.3082

■ 133.8639,  
114.7884, 281.4644

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
4.2022

167.1854,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

145.5396, 337.9053

1.7369

205.6229,  
181.3440, 401.4278

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3859

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 20.9102, 14.8713,  
68.0980

■ 20.9102, 14.8713,  
68.0980

■ 17.4345, 10.7034,  
67.4771

■ 25.5376, 20.4363,  
68.9286

■ 15.0076, 7.8077,  
67.0460

■ 31.4033, 27.5060,  
69.9841

■ 13.5121, 6.0392,  
66.7835

■ 38.5884, 36.1793,  
71.2795

■ 12.7861, 5.1908,  
66.6580

■ 47.1663, 46.5461,  
72.8284

■ 12.6981, 5.0842,  
66.6421

■ 57.2050, 58.6895,  
74.6432

■ 68.7682, 72.6874,  
76.7356

■ 81.9156, 88.6130,  
79.1166

■ 89.6550, 97.8420,  
80.4901

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0470, 14.8713, 80.4206



20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



27.1840, 14.8713, 40.5128

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



21.1085, 14.8713, 0.9682



5.2218, 14.8713, 15.9419

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



55.2771, 65.4965, 19.6263

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.1174, 14.8713, 4.2933



20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



14.2228, 14.8713, 0.2482

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



27.3201, 14.8713, 4.4758



9.0081, 14.8713, 0.9298



6.0673, 14.8713, 39.7147



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



29.4909, 14.8713, 23.2231



9.0081, 14.8713, 0.9298



5.3240, 14.8713, 10.7465

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.9109, 14.8717, 68.0984



68.7541, 68.1790, 104.1439



42.0409, 57.4292, 75.1992



14.1401, 13.8965, 22.1870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.9109, 14.8717, 68.0984



23.9201, 14.1341, 96.0752



29.8180, 19.4635, 68.5152



12.3576, 12.6270, 16.4381



7.6159, 3.0503, 39.9258



0.5002, 0.2011, 2.5869



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.0487, 27.3453, 67.8658



61.4583, 33.5378, 95.4797



40.3818, 57.8176, 18.9292



13.6051, 13.2711, 16.4475



24.6406, 11.8573, 39.3489

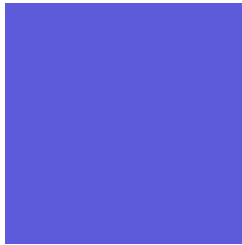


1.5992, 0.7693, 2.5645



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

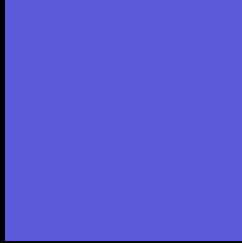
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

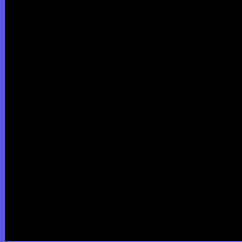
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980.



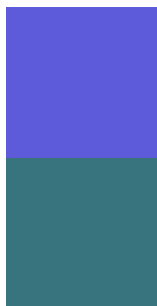
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.9102, 14.8713,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980

### Tritanopia

11.5779, 14.8122, 21.6509

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



## Tritanomaly

13.9699, 14.2838, 34.8216

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980



## Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956



## Achromatomaly

15.2870, 14.1806, 29.5352

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 91, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 91, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 91, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 91, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 91, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 91, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 91, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 91, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 91, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 91,  
218) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.9102, 14.8713, 68.0980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 91, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 91,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor