

# Converting Colors

XYZ(20.9432, 39.8286, 7.1464)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(20.9432, 39.8286, 7.1464)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(20.8909, 39.7269,  
7.1393)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	31C312
RGB	49, 195, 18
RGB Percent	19%, 76%, 7%
CMY	0.8078, 0.2353, 0.9294
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.91, 0.24
HSL	109°, 83%, 42%
HSV	109°, 91%, 76%
XYZ	20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393
YIQ	131.1680, -30.1990, -85.9990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">18, 195, 164</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3261202</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.27, -65.82, 66.38</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 93.475, 134.757</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.7269, 0.3083, 0.5863</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281451282 (0xFF31C312)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">131.1680, -55.7918, -72.0613</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.0293, -51.1379, 37.4047</a>

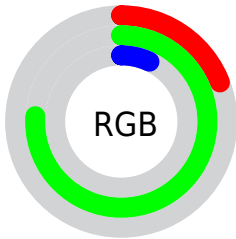
# Details

The XYZ color **20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **25.3813, 12.2681, 52.6622**, and the grayscale version is **21.8359, 22.9731, 25.0177**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.5107, 74.8995, 20.7054**, and **9.3781, 18.7562, 3.1260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.1802, 39.3743, 6.5364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.0437, 40.2955, 8.4090**.

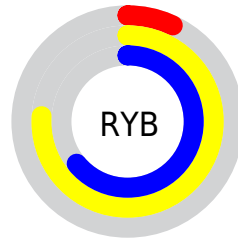
# Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (76%)

Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (64%)

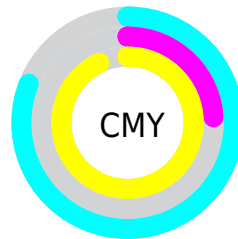


Cyan (75%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (24%)


Yellow (93%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.8909, 39.7269,  
7.1393


 20.8909, 39.7269,  
7.1393


249.4408,  
344.9712, 178.4908


 13.1563, 27.3257,  
3.4696


 44.3985, 74.7475,  
20.7705


 7.6140, 17.8180,  
1.3391


 60.9023, 98.1356,  
31.5691

 3.8987, 10.8194,  
0.0935


 81.0597, 125.9548,  
45.5811

 1.6450, 5.9455,  
0.0000

 105.2363,  
158.5895, 63.2251

 0.4214, 2.8120,  
0.0000

 133.7974,  
196.4241, 84.9195

 0.0000, 1.0344,  
0.0000

 167.1082,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

239.8430, 111.0828

0.0000

205.5343,  
289.2305, 142.1338

■ 20.8909, 39.7269,  
7.1393

■ 20.8909, 39.7269,  
7.1393

■ 20.1802, 39.3743,  
6.5364


■ 22.0437, 40.2955,  
8.4090


■ 23.6630, 41.0844,  
10.5559


■ 25.7959, 42.1165,  
13.7017


■ 28.4826, 43.4104,  
17.9482

■ 31.7593, 44.9827,  
23.3848

 35.6590, 46.8486,  
30.0914

 40.2122, 49.0224,  
38.1414

 45.4472, 51.5172,  
47.6022

 51.3909, 54.3454,  
58.5371

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8865, 39.7269, 2.4722



20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



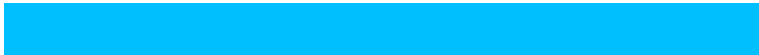
16.2269, 39.7269, 24.9883

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



30.6803, 39.7269, 181.6681



73.0291, 39.7269, 25.4604

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



25.3813, 12.2681, 52.6622

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.9309, 39.7269, 68.7751



20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



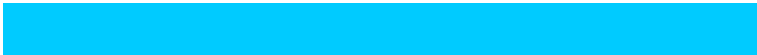
45.5827, 39.7269, 182.1402

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



20.7746, 39.7269, 131.2308



61.8915, 39.7269, 132.2712



62.1321, 39.7269, 7.2893



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



15.7118, 39.7269, 50.4647



61.8915, 39.7269, 132.2712



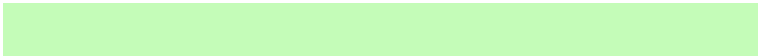
74.3581, 39.7269, 36.7684

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.8918, 39.7286, 7.1402



66.4563, 85.1420, 58.4375



35.6344, 37.6833, 5.9684



13.9621, 18.3628, 11.7612



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.8918, 39.7286, 7.1402



35.9989, 70.4436, 11.6996



21.0038, 39.6559, 13.0368



10.1052, 11.3417, 10.7184



13.1661, 25.6162, 4.2505



0.6207, 1.1335, 0.1861



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3813, 12.2681, 52.6622



43.7266, 20.5039, 94.1228



27.3803, 13.8985, 25.6494



10.3187, 10.1555, 12.7012



16.0005, 7.5090, 34.1627

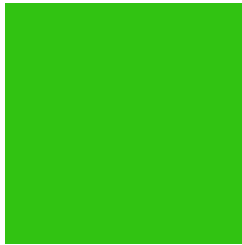


0.7378, 0.3484, 1.4782



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

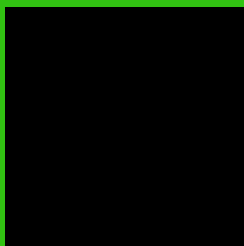
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 20.8909, 39.7269,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393

### Protanopia

34.9889, 38.8241, 5.6497

### Deuteranopia

39.7358, 38.8346, 7.8842



## Tritanopia

31.0019, 39.3604, 58.1879

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



## Protanomaly

26.4400, 37.2594, 5.9993



## Deuteranomaly

28.0048, 36.3018, 7.1210



## Tritanomaly

24.7162, 38.3343, 27.5693

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393



## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166



## Achromatomaly

18.7679, 26.6161, 13.8211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 195, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 195, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 195, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 195, 18) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 195, 18) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 195, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 195, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 195, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 195, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 195,  
18) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 20.8909, 39.7269, 7.1393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 195, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 195,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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