

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.0318, 29.3671, 46.1525)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.0318, 29.3671, 46.1525)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.0330, 29.3687,  
46.1551)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A3B1
RGB	0, 163, 177
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3608, 0.3059
CMYK	1.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	185°, 100%, 35%
HSV	185°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551
YIQ	115.8590, -101.6420, -30.2020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

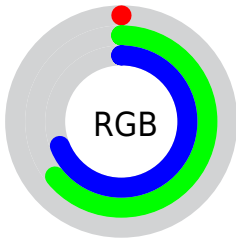
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 85, 177
Decimal	41905
CIELab	61.11, -29.92, -17.30
CIElCh	61, 34.563, 210.033
Yxy	29.3687, 0.2178, 0.3042
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231985 (0xFF00A3B1)
YUV	115.8590, 30.1425, -101.6083
Hunter-Lab	54.1929, -25.5593, -12.5612

# Details

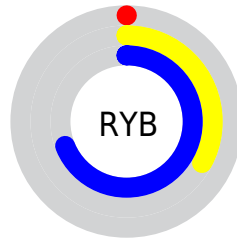
The XYZ color **21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **18.2894, 9.6623, 0.9020**, and the grayscale version is **16.4937, 17.3527, 18.8971**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6033, 58.5128, 86.0341**, and **9.3225, 12.8241, 21.0527** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.0330, 29.3686, 46.1556**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.5280, 29.9956, 46.2506**.

# Distribution



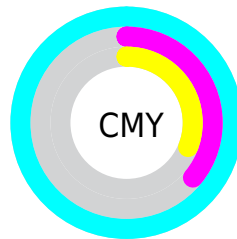
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.0330, 29.3687,  
46.1551

■ 21.0330, 29.3687,  
46.1551

■ 250.1822,  
298.9506, 387.7275

■ 13.2607, 19.3599,  
32.0187

■ 44.6333, 58.6624,  
85.7878

■ 7.6866, 11.9306,  
21.1108

■ 61.1921, 78.7160,  
112.1212

■ 3.9452, 6.6965,  
13.0130

■ 81.4103, 102.8868,  
143.3572

■ 1.6712, 3.2730,  
7.3067

■ 105.6535,  
131.5590, 179.9146

■ 0.4381, 1.2759,  
3.5733

■ 134.2869,  
165.1171, 222.2118

■ 0.0000, 0.1224,  
1.3943

■ 167.6759,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

203.9455, 270.6673

0.1373

206.1859,  
248.4285, 325.6997

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 21.0330, 29.3687,  
46.1551

■ 21.0330, 29.3687,  
46.1551

■ 21.0330, 29.3686,  
46.1556

■ 21.5280, 29.9956,  
46.2506

■ 22.2442, 30.7400,  
46.3565

■ 23.2671, 31.6467,  
46.4776

■ 24.6365, 32.7361,  
46.6157

■ 26.3865, 34.0258,  
46.7724

■ 28.5469, 35.5313,  
46.9491

■ 31.1446, 37.2664,  
47.1471

■ 34.2041, 39.2437,  
47.3675

■ 37.7483, 41.4750,  
47.6114

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0796, 29.3687, 31.9917



21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



23.7861, 29.3687, 58.8161

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



36.1586, 29.3687, 46.1237



27.9091, 29.3687, 12.9588

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



18.2894, 9.6623, 0.9020

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4940, 29.3687, 14.8719



21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



37.5598, 29.3687, 31.9633

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



32.5035, 29.3687, 58.7948



36.1527, 29.3687, 21.0485



23.7783, 29.3687, 14.8804



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



26.4337, 29.3687, 63.3691



36.1527, 29.3687, 21.0485



29.4487, 29.3687, 13.1660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0339, 29.3698, 46.1558



55.5104, 66.5660, 84.4181



15.7881, 31.4710, 5.5849



11.5985, 14.1402, 18.2624



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0339, 29.3698, 46.1558



37.5930, 52.4456, 82.6369



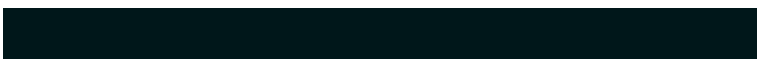
10.5707, 8.4432, 42.6681



8.6840, 9.5142, 10.8851



15.2595, 21.3193, 33.4478



0.4970, 0.7045, 1.0580



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.7431, 11.9924, 35.6620



44.2741, 21.4609, 63.6643



22.7194, 18.5223, 2.3787



8.8205, 8.6349, 10.5529



17.9369, 8.6923, 25.8916



0.5729, 0.2769, 0.8595



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

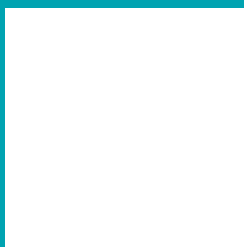
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551.



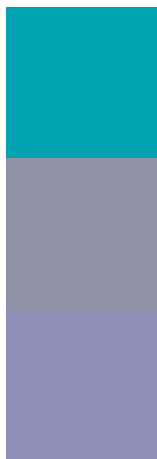
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.0330, 29.3687,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

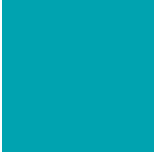
21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551

### Protanopia

28.5720, 29.2037, 39.7283

### Deuteranopia

29.6414, 29.1224, 47.7750



## **Tritanopia**

20.9337, 29.3290, 45.6320

# Trichromacy



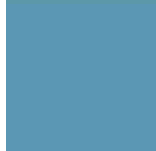
## Original Color

21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



## Protanomaly

22.8033, 27.5964, 41.6609



## Deuteranomaly

23.6192, 27.6527, 47.2726



## Tritanomaly

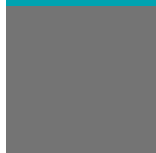
20.9337, 29.3290, 45.6320

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551



## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191



## Achromatomaly

15.7990, 20.0659, 27.0852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 163, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 163, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 163, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 163, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 163, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 163, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 163, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 163, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 163, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 163,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.0330, 29.3687, 46.1551 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 163, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 163,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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