

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.0871, 16.3899, 43.1616)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.0871, 16.3899, 43.1616)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(21.1062, 16.4591,  
43.1388)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8062B0
RGB	128, 98, 176
RGB Percent	50%, 38%, 69%
CMY	0.4980, 0.6157, 0.3098
CMYK	0.27, 0.44, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	263°, 33%, 54%
HSV	263°, 44%, 69%
XYZ	21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388
YIQ	115.8620, -7.1580, 30.6180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

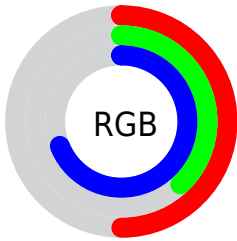
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 98, 176
Decimal	8413872
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.57, 28.77, -37.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 47.094, 307.650
Yxy	16.4591, 0.2615, 0.2039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286603952 (0xFF8062B0)
YUV	115.8620, 29.6480, 10.6450
Hunter-Lab	40.5698, 21.8664, -34.6455

# Details

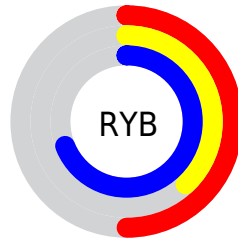
The XYZ color **21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **29.5843, 38.0438, 17.3397**, and the grayscale version is **16.4724, 17.3303, 18.8727**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6043, 37.2662, 81.1861**, and **7.7395, 5.3342, 19.3606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0939, 12.7248, 42.5771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.6557, 21.0085, 43.8301**.

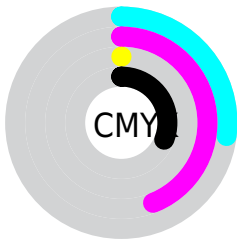
# Distribution



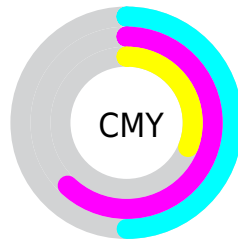
- Red (50%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.1062, 16.4591,  
43.1388

■ 21.1062, 16.4591,  
43.1388

250.5634,  
232.0357, 375.1202

■ 13.3146, 9.8496,  
29.6618

■ 44.7542, 37.3934,  
81.2089

■ 7.7240, 5.2994,  
19.3322

■ 61.3412, 52.4870,  
106.6391

■ 3.9692, 2.4240,  
11.7313

■ 81.5907, 71.1774,  
136.8907

■ 1.6847, 0.8382,  
6.4407

■ 105.8681, 93.8491,  
172.3824

■ 0.4467, 0.0000,  
3.0418

134.5387,  
120.8863, 213.5327

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.1160

167.9679,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

152.6736, 260.7600

0.0000

206.5210,  
189.5953, 314.4830

■ 21.1062, 16.4591,  
43.1388

■ 21.1062, 16.4591,  
43.1388

■ 18.0939, 12.7248,  
42.5771

■ 24.6557, 21.0085,  
43.8301

■ 15.5875, 9.7528,  
42.1355

■ 28.7676, 26.4173,  
44.6574

■ 13.5551, 7.4871,  
41.8053

■ 33.4675, 32.7289,  
45.6280

■ 11.9597, 5.8627,  
41.5759

■ 38.7790, 39.9831,  
46.7482

■ 10.7575, 4.8016,  
41.4344

■ 44.7241, 48.2175,  
48.0243

■ 10.1991, 4.3526,  
41.3772

■ 51.3238, 57.4673,  
49.4618

■ 58.5982, 67.7660,  
51.0663

■ 66.5662, 79.1459,  
52.8429

■ 74.7972, 90.7391,  
54.6468

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7424, 16.4591, 51.9495



21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388



24.3526, 16.4591, 28.2189

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388



18.9159, 16.4591, 3.9217



8.9341, 16.4591, 21.1755

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388



29.5843, 38.0438, 17.3397

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.3068, 16.4591, 10.4939



21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388



14.5945, 16.4591, 3.3920

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388



22.9387, 16.4591, 7.1901



11.2160, 16.4591, 5.1477



10.0872, 16.4591, 36.0590



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388



25.1663, 16.4591, 18.8852



11.2160, 16.4591, 5.1477



8.8894, 16.4591, 16.9905

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.1068, 16.4597, 43.1392



61.6937, 60.7083, 82.9616



23.1683, 26.3204, 44.9338



12.9442, 12.5795, 17.8902



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.1068, 16.4597, 43.1392



33.0113, 23.3156, 77.2558



28.1198, 20.0751, 43.4674



8.3407, 8.3842, 10.6850



7.5444, 3.2251, 30.3619



0.3037, 0.1357, 0.9584



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.4609, 20.0413, 29.6154



46.3390, 30.8442, 48.1563



23.8058, 35.0649, 17.0693



8.7087, 8.5902, 9.9646



15.1641, 7.5832, 11.2901



0.5046, 0.2496, 0.4998



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

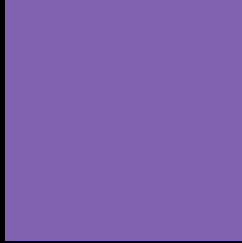
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

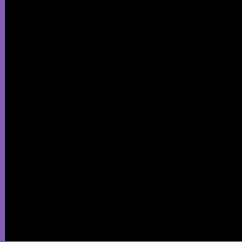
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.1062, 16.4591,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388

### Protanopia

18.0252, 16.5336, 49.2550

### Deuteranopia

17.0152, 16.6664, 41.8553



## Tritanopia

16.3503, 16.4827, 19.7725

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388

## Protanomaly

18.8469, 16.3796, 46.9680

## Deuteranomaly

18.1481, 16.4338, 42.2599

## Tritanomaly

17.7728, 16.2665, 27.0140

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388

## Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

## Achromatomaly

17.8018, 16.7653, 26.3425

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 98, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 98, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 98, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 98, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 98, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 98, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 98, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 98, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 98, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 98,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.1062, 16.4591, 43.1388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 98, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 98,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor