

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.0879, 10.8509, 1.9054)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.0879, 10.8509, 1.9054)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(21.1617, 10.8890,  
1.9061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD0019
RGB	189, 0, 25
RGB Percent	74%, 0%, 10%
CMY	0.2588, 0.9999, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.87, 0.26
HSL	352°, 100%, 37%
HSV	352°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061
YIQ	59.3610, 104.6190, 47.8430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

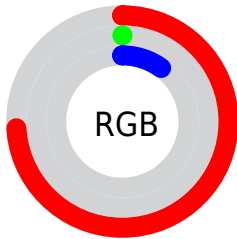
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">189, 0, 25</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12386329</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">39.39, 64.28, 43.57</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">39, 77.659, 34.131</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">10.8890, 0.6232, 0.3207</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290576409</a> (0xFFBD0019)
YUV	<a href="#">59.3610, -16.9400, 113.6934</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">32.9985, 56.7235, 19.6742</a>

# Details

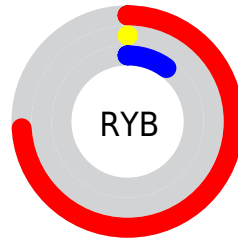
The XYZ color **21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **24.9020, 39.0767, 41.3693**, and the grayscale version is **4.2217, 4.4416, 4.8369**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.9958, 27.5476, 8.7400**, and **8.6042, 4.4356, 0.4027** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.1612, 10.8888, 1.9043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.6252, 11.4452, 3.2042**.

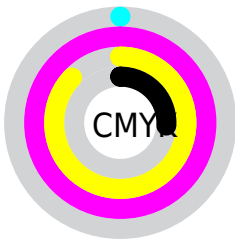
# Distribution



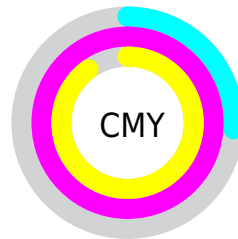
- Red (74%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (90%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.1617, 10.8890,  
1.9061


 21.1617, 10.8890,  
1.9061


250.8521,  
196.9044, 120.9012


 13.3554, 5.9922,  
0.4966


 44.8457, 27.4547,  
8.7825


 7.7524, 2.8404,  
0.0000


 61.4542, 39.8925,  
15.1579


 3.9874, 1.0490,  
0.0000

 81.7274, 55.6127,  
24.0497

 1.6950, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 106.0307, 74.9998,  
35.8762

 0.4531, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 134.7294, 98.4381,  
51.0561


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 168.1890,


126.3120, 70.0079


 206.7748,  
159.0060, 93.1501


 21.1617, 10.8890,  
1.9061


 21.1617, 10.8890,  
1.9061

 21.1612, 10.8888,  
1.9043

 21.6252, 11.4452,  
3.2042

 22.4328, 12.4980,  
5.2072

 23.6793, 14.2162,  
8.0115

 25.4172, 16.6863,  
11.6912

 27.6913, 19.9817,  
16.3115

■ 30.5414, 24.1671,  
21.9316

■ 34.0035, 29.3008,  
28.6055

■ 38.1105, 35.4360,  
36.3836

■ 42.8932, 42.6220,  
45.3129

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.0434, 10.8890, 9.8922



21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061



15.4108, 10.8890, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061



3.6627, 10.8890, 3.1847



11.0944, 10.8890, 70.4249

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061



24.9020, 39.0767, 41.3693

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.5391, 10.8890, 61.5659



21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061



3.1913, 10.8890, 14.0644

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061



5.6544, 10.8890, 0.2542



4.0389, 10.8890, 36.6147



17.1131, 10.8890, 55.5265



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061



11.4170, 10.8890, 0.0000



4.0389, 10.8890, 36.6147



9.3510, 10.8890, 70.1745

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.1619, 10.8897, 1.9062



60.5643, 51.9773, 50.5898



24.4551, 11.5466, 49.0834



12.4375, 10.3060, 9.7535



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.1619, 10.8897, 1.9062



37.8518, 19.4827, 3.1563



23.1343, 15.1149, 1.6992



9.5801, 9.5563, 10.1779



14.2545, 7.3330, 1.3680



0.5752, 0.2940, 0.1425



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.1619, 10.8897, 1.9062



37.8518, 19.4827, 3.1563



15.8677, 17.0383, 50.5961



9.5801, 9.5563, 10.1779



14.2545, 7.3330, 1.3680



0.5752, 0.2940, 0.1425



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

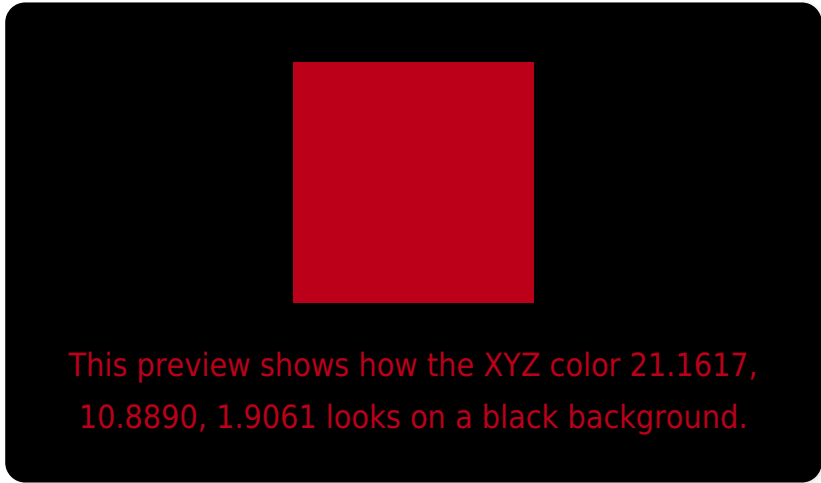
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.1617, 10.8890,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061

### Protanopia

10.5446, 11.5971, 3.8732

### Deuteranopia

11.6262, 11.5471, 1.6160



## Tritanopia

20.9395, 11.0923, 1.0374

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061

## Protanomaly

12.1405, 8.6991, 2.7083

## Deuteranomaly

13.4164, 9.1568, 1.3188

## Tritanomaly

20.9080, 10.9504, 1.2701

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061

## Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

## Achromatomaly

7.1501, 4.6556, 3.2111

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 0, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 0, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 0, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 0, 25) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 0, 25) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 0, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 0, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 0, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 25)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.1617, 10.8890, 1.9061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 0, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 0,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**