

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.0961, 35.7944, 34.2711)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.0961, 35.7944, 34.2711)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.5653, 36.4509,  
34.2802)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B895
RGB	0, 184, 149
RGB Percent	0%, 72%, 58%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2784, 0.4157
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.19, 0.28
HSL	169°, 100%, 36%
HSV	169°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802
YIQ	124.9940, -98.4290, -49.8930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

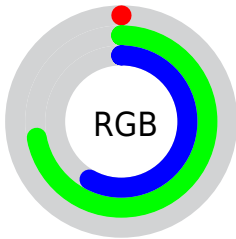
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 102, 184
Decimal	47253
CIELab	66.86, -47.57, 6.81
CIElCh	67, 48.051, 171.853
Yxy	36.4509, 0.2419, 0.3907
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237333 (0xFF00B895)
YUV	124.9940, 11.8350, -109.6197
Hunter-Lab	60.3746, -38.9403, 8.5978

# Details

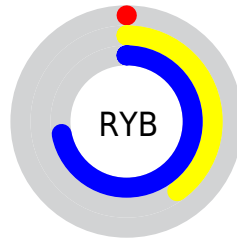
The XYZ color **22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **20.0718, 10.3127, 2.5246**, and the grayscale version is **19.4788, 20.4932, 22.3171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.1646, 69.7638, 67.4798**, and **10.1872, 16.8471, 14.2702** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.5657, 36.4520, 34.2793**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.1072, 36.6984, 35.7875**.

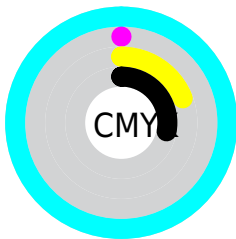
# Distribution



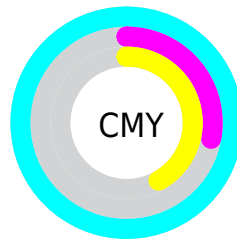
- Red (0%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 22.5653, 36.4509,  
34.2802


 22.5653, 36.4509,  
34.2802


258.0616,  
330.9271, 336.1869


 14.3918, 24.7826,  
22.8298


 47.1505, 69.7275,  
67.5080


 8.4772, 15.9152,  
14.2638


 64.2929, 92.1045,  
90.1226


 4.4561, 9.4642,  
8.1635


 85.1556, 118.8200,  
117.2956

 1.9633, 5.0452,  
4.1105

 110.1040,  
150.2583, 149.4457

 0.6132, 2.2738,  
1.6862

 139.5034,  
186.8037, 186.9913

 0.0000, 0.7598,  
0.3512

 173.7193,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

228.8407, 230.3510

0.0000

213.1169,  
276.7537, 279.9433

■ 22.5653, 36.4509,  
34.2802

■ 22.5653, 36.4509,  
34.2802

■ 22.5657, 36.4520,  
34.2793

■ 23.1072, 36.6984,  
35.7875

■ 23.8987, 37.0726,  
37.3498

■ 25.0307, 37.6214,  
38.9727

■ 26.5474, 38.3676,  
40.6586

■ 28.4864, 39.3305,  
42.4096

■ 30.8806, 40.5269,  
44.2276

■ 33.7596, 41.9723,  
46.1143

■ 37.1505, 43.6806,  
48.0713

■ 41.0784, 45.6647,  
50.1002

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.7713, 36.4509, 19.7363



22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



23.2205, 36.4509, 56.5392

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



40.1153, 36.4509, 89.6667



44.0199, 36.4509, 15.7911

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



20.0718, 10.3127, 2.5246

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.3115, 36.4509, 26.5708



22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



46.8465, 36.4509, 69.9187

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



32.7015, 36.4509, 93.9934



50.4124, 36.4509, 45.6384



36.6650, 36.4509, 11.7806



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



25.2391, 36.4509, 72.8531



50.4124, 36.4509, 45.6384



46.1392, 36.4509, 18.5168

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.5663, 36.4523, 34.2811



60.9058, 75.9375, 83.4129



17.8977, 34.6722, 5.7497



12.6399, 16.1243, 17.6709



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.5663, 36.4523, 34.2811



40.8205, 66.0431, 61.6930



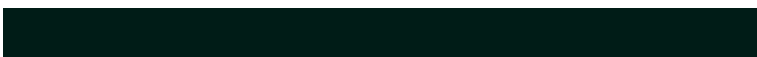
16.4774, 19.1111, 48.1694



9.1914, 10.1805, 11.1654



15.5762, 25.1314, 23.7542



0.5682, 0.8936, 0.9382



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0718, 10.3127, 2.5246



36.3187, 18.6669, 4.2327



21.1445, 12.9438, 1.3846



9.0726, 9.0394, 9.7296



13.8525, 7.1148, 1.8444

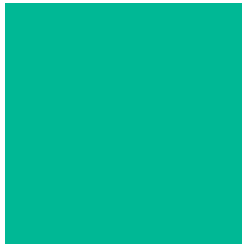


0.5095, 0.2593, 0.1764



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

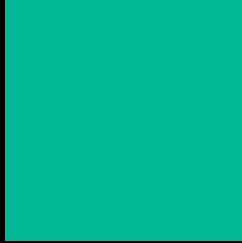
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

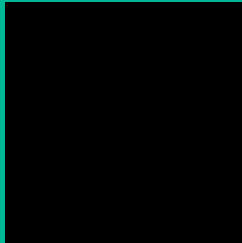
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.5653, 36.4509,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802

### Protanopia

33.8378, 35.8419, 28.8017

### Deuteranopia

36.6273, 35.8468, 35.9990



## Tritanopia

27.1216, 36.5033, 56.0685

# Trichromacy



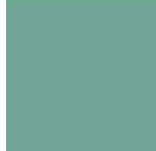
## Original Color

22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



## Protanomaly

25.1800, 33.4872, 30.3358



## Deuteranomaly

26.4562, 33.2172, 35.1542



## Tritanomaly

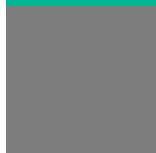
24.9502, 36.1742, 47.2623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802



## Achromatopsia

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331



## Achromatomaly

17.8902, 23.9845, 26.2408

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 184, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 184, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 184, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 184, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 184, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 184, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 184, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 184, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 184, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 184,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.5653, 36.4509, 34.2802 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 184, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 184,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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