

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.1197, 30.0411, 20.1927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.1197, 30.0411, 20.1927)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(21.1148, 29.9833,  
20.2973)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62A371
RGB	98, 163, 113
RGB Percent	38%, 64%, 44%
CMY	0.6157, 0.3608, 0.5569
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.31, 0.36
HSL	134°, 26%, 51%
HSV	134°, 40%, 64%
XYZ	21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973
YIQ	137.8650, -22.6900, -29.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

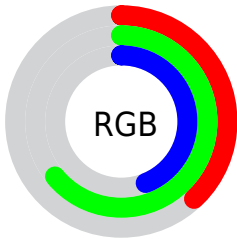
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">98, 151, 163</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6464369</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.64, -31.83, 19.61</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">62, 37.390, 148.364</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.9833, 0.2957, 0.4200</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284654449 (0xFF62A371)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">137.8650, -12.2584, -34.9616</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.7570, -26.9935, 16.3523</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **24.8181, 18.6606, 30.3117**, and the grayscale version is **24.1580, 25.4161, 27.6782**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6254, 59.4387, 44.7181**, and **7.7653, 12.3314, 6.9719** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.8742, 28.9051, 16.7589**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.8127, 31.2877, 24.3676**.

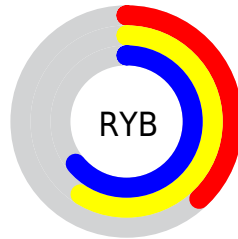
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (64%)

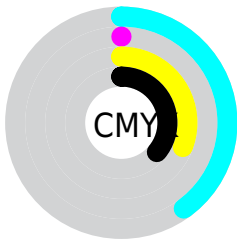
Blue (44%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (64%)

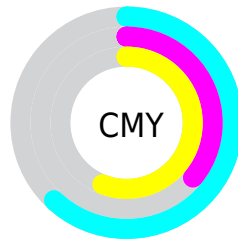


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.1148, 29.9833,  
20.2973

■ 21.1148, 29.9833,  
20.2973

250.6081,  
301.8266, 266.1773

■ 13.3209, 19.8259,  
12.4251

■ 44.7684, 59.6358,  
44.7806

■ 7.7284, 12.2686,  
6.9079

■ 61.3587, 79.8996,  
62.2287

■ 3.9720, 6.9269,  
3.3270

■ 81.6119, 104.3011,  
83.7060

■ 1.6863, 3.4164,  
1.2639

■ 105.8933,  
133.2246, 109.6309

■ 0.4477, 1.3528,  
0.0319

134.5683,  
167.0545, 140.4219

■ 0.0000, 0.1815,  
0.0000

168.0022,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

206.1752, 176.4976

0.0000

206.5603,  
250.9711, 218.2766

■ 21.1148, 29.9833,  
20.2973

■ 21.1148, 29.9833,  
20.2973

■ 18.8742, 28.9051,  
16.7589

■ 23.8127, 31.2877,  
24.3676

■ 17.0626, 28.0364,  
13.7284

■ 26.9894, 32.8263,  
28.9883

■ 15.6525, 27.3643,  
11.1829


■ 30.6677, 34.6115,  
34.1799

■ 14.6115, 26.8728,  
9.0971


■ 34.8683, 36.6534,  
39.9608


■ 13.9025, 26.5431,  
7.4432


■ 39.6108, 38.9617,  
46.3488


 13.4464, 26.3353,  
6.1888

 44.9137, 41.5458,  
53.3609

 13.4415, 26.3330,  
6.1758

 50.7947, 44.4142,  
61.0134

 57.2705, 47.5755,  
69.3222

 64.3574, 51.0375,  
78.3023

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.1970, 29.9833, 14.0065



21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973



19.9768, 29.9833, 31.8718

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973



28.2263, 29.9833, 68.3369



37.7569, 29.9833, 21.2990

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973



24.8181, 18.6606, 30.3117

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.1523, 29.9833, 33.4341



21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973



33.2812, 29.9833, 63.1199

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973



23.7759, 29.9833, 61.9153



37.4288, 29.9833, 49.2006



33.8078, 29.9833, 14.4556



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973



20.3600, 29.9833, 42.0458



37.4288, 29.9833, 49.2006



38.5590, 29.9833, 24.7644

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.1156, 29.9845, 20.2980



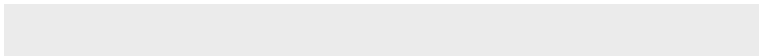
53.2940, 61.1937, 58.9376



27.6821, 33.4594, 16.5547



11.7838, 13.6536, 12.9763



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.1156, 29.9845, 20.2980



34.1622, 51.9383, 30.5975



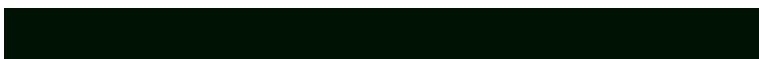
23.2138, 30.8238, 31.3470



7.0494, 7.9206, 7.8720



10.4612, 20.4708, 4.8790



0.2365, 0.4368, 0.1901



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.8181, 18.6606, 30.3117



41.7320, 28.7492, 51.0426



22.6494, 17.7931, 18.8914



7.2941, 7.1741, 8.5350



14.6527, 7.2171, 15.8937



0.3241, 0.1581, 0.4194



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.1148, 29.9833,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973

### Protanopia

27.4895, 29.5913, 17.8985

### Deuteranopia

30.1766, 29.5382, 21.2505



## Tritanopia

25.3868, 29.9191, 41.4827

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973

## Protanomaly

24.4681, 29.2050, 18.8155

## Deuteranomaly

25.9128, 29.1846, 20.7904

## Tritanomaly

23.6873, 29.9986, 32.5588

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

22.5645, 26.6634, 24.7261

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 163, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 163, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 163, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 163, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 163, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 163, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 163, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 163, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 163, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 163,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.1148, 29.9833, 20.2973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 163, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 163,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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