

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.1534, 12.4890, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.1534, 12.4890, 0.0000)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.3067, 12.5530,  
1.3000)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BA3000
RGB	186, 48, 0
RGB Percent	73%, 19%, 0%
CMY	0.2706, 0.8117, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 1.00, 0.27
HSL	15°, 100%, 36%
HSV	15°, 100%, 73%
XYZ	21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000
YIQ	83.7900, 97.6560, 14.3280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

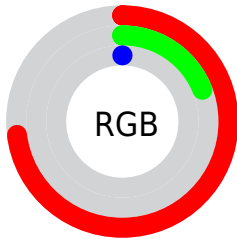
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	186, 65, 0
Decimal	12201984
CIE Lab	42.08, 53.38, 54.43
CIE LCh	42, 76.239, 45.556
Yxy	12.5530, 0.6060, 0.3570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290392064 (0xFFBA3000)
YUV	83.7900, -41.3085, 89.6382
Hunter-Lab	35.4302, 45.3418, 22.6257

# Details

The XYZ color **21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. A complement of this color would be **17.9503, 21.7199, 49.7004**, and the grayscale version is **8.4527, 8.8929, 9.6844**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.0405, 30.4910, 7.0015**, and **8.1684, 4.2110, 0.3823** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.3069, 12.5536, 1.3001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.0760, 13.9092, 2.1197**.

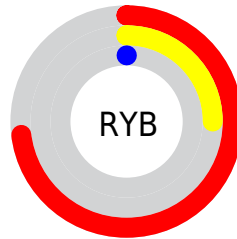
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (19%)

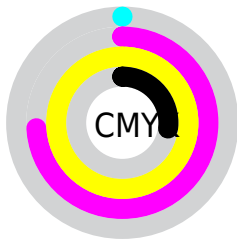
Blue (0%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (0%)

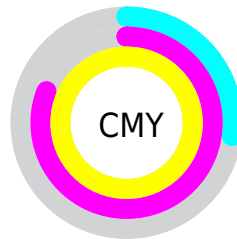


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (81%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.3067, 12.5530,  
1.3000


 21.3067, 12.5530,  
1.3000


 251.6050,  
208.0327, 110.3329


 13.4621, 7.1215,  
0.0618


 45.0849, 30.4984,  
7.0194


 7.8267, 3.5382,  
0.0000


 61.7491, 43.7810,  
12.5899


 4.0351, 1.4187,  
0.0000


 82.0840, 60.4494,  
20.5257

 1.7220, 0.2305,  
0.0000

 106.4549, 80.8881,  
31.2453

 0.4700, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 135.2270,  
105.4813, 45.1673


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 168.7658,


134.6136, 62.7102


 207.4367,  
168.6692, 84.2925


 21.3067, 12.5530,  
1.3000


 21.3067, 12.5530,  
1.3000


 21.3069, 12.5536,  
1.3001

 22.0760, 13.9092,  
2.1197

 23.1442, 15.6889,  
3.5754

 24.5649, 17.9354,  
5.8832

 26.3700, 20.6805,  
9.1517

 28.5874, 23.9533,  
13.4731

■ 31.2422, 27.7802,  
18.9288

■ 34.3574, 32.1861,  
25.5920

■ 37.9543, 37.1941,  
33.5297

■ 42.0529, 42.8260,  
42.8042

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.8139, 12.5530, 6.8891



21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000



14.8618, 12.5530, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000



4.1825, 12.5530, 7.2667



15.0997, 12.5530, 71.1904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000



17.9503, 21.7199, 49.7004

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.4137, 12.5530, 71.6629



21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000



4.2098, 12.5530, 23.8657

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000



5.7185, 12.5530, 1.3914



5.8107, 12.5530, 50.2635



21.5278, 12.5530, 49.2492



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000



10.9067, 12.5530, 0.0000



5.8107, 12.5530, 50.2635



13.0181, 12.5530, 74.2280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.3070, 12.5538, 1.3002



61.9738, 57.9166, 45.7324



24.9465, 12.3178, 25.6809



13.1017, 11.9851, 8.8939



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.3070, 12.5538, 1.3002



38.4552, 22.4243, 2.3015



29.5548, 29.0495, 4.0495



9.1880, 9.3790, 9.4330



14.3872, 8.5507, 0.8922



0.5588, 0.4047, 0.0487



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9503, 21.7199, 49.7004



32.3300, 38.9567, 90.0168



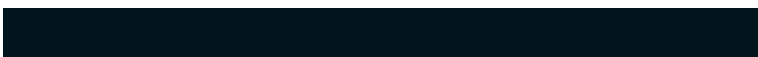
9.8596, 5.5386, 47.0035



9.0652, 9.8076, 11.4947



12.1393, 14.7383, 33.4580



0.4749, 0.6135, 1.1951



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.3067, 12.5530,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000

### Protanopia

11.5991, 12.8722, 2.5827

### Deuteranopia

12.8446, 12.6964, 1.7737



## Tritanopia

21.9250, 12.6388, 3.8687

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000

## Protanomaly

13.9052, 11.6391, 1.8945

## Deuteranomaly

14.9371, 11.7447, 1.4797

## Tritanomaly

21.6923, 12.6075, 2.4526

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000

## Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546

## Achromatomaly

10.7810, 8.8285, 4.5040

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 48, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 48, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 48, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 48, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 48, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 48, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 48, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 48, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 48, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 48, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.3067, 12.5530, 1.3000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 48, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 48,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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