

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.3409, 13.1372, 2.4210)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.3409, 13.1372, 2.4210)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.4281, 13.1957,  
2.4546)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | B8391B                    |
| RGB           | 184, 57, 27               |
| RGB Percent   | 72%, 22%, 11%             |
| CMY           | 0.2784, 0.7764, 0.8941    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.69, 0.85, 0.28    |
| HSL           | 11°, 74%, 41%             |
| HSV           | 11°, 85%, 72%             |
| XYZ           | 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546  |
| YIQ           | 91.5530, 85.3220, 17.5940 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

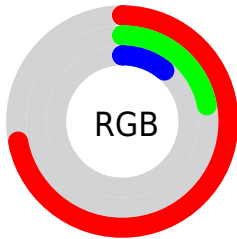
| Format                              | Color                                      |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">184, 64, 27</a>                |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">12073243</a>                   |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">43.06, 49.76, 45.32</a>        |
| CIElCh                              | <a href="#">43, 67.305, 42.330</a>         |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">13.1957, 0.5779, 0.3559</a>    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4290263323</a><br>(0xFFB8391B) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">91.5530, -31.8246, 81.0760</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">36.3259, 41.7242, 21.4218</a>  |

# Details

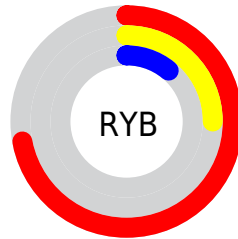
The XYZ color **21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **20.6581, 26.8026, 49.4316**, and the grayscale version is **10.1277, 10.6551, 11.6034**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.2782, 31.6374, 10.1988**, and **8.1684, 4.2110, 0.3823** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6465, 11.8739, 1.4507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.5588, 15.0036, 4.2304**.

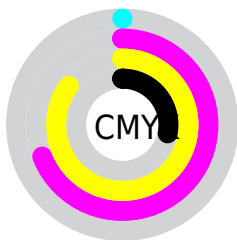
# Distribution



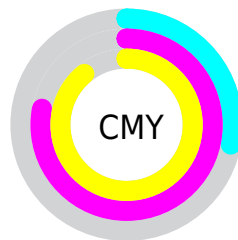
- Red (72%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (89%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.4281, 13.1957,  
2.4546


 21.4281, 13.1957,  
2.4546


252.2338,  
212.1681, 129.0784


 13.5515, 7.5634,  
0.8160


 45.2849, 31.6549,  
10.2500


 7.8890, 3.8169,  
0.0000


 61.9958, 45.2507,  
17.2514

 4.0752, 1.5717,  
0.0000

 82.3821, 62.2697,  
26.8799

 1.7448, 0.3384,  
0.0000

 106.8094, 83.0965,  
39.5541


 0.4841, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 135.6428,  
108.1153, 55.6925


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 169.2478,


137.7105, 75.7136


 207.9897,  
172.2667, 100.0361


 21.4281, 13.1957,  
2.4546


 21.4281, 13.1957,  
2.4546


 20.6465, 11.8739,  
1.4507


 22.5588, 15.0036,  
4.2304

 20.3730, 11.4022,  
1.1271

 24.0768, 17.3381,  
6.8986

 26.0155, 20.2382,  
10.5581

 28.4044, 23.7380,  
15.2946

 31.2703, 27.8690,  
21.1844

■ 34.6376, 32.6607,  
28.2968

■ 38.5292, 38.1403,  
36.6955

■ 42.9665, 44.3338,  
46.4401

■ 47.9697, 51.2657,  
57.5862

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.9878, 13.1957, 9.1020



21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546



15.8106, 13.1957, 0.7065

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546



5.2505, 13.1957, 7.3388



14.7888, 13.1957, 64.0461

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546



20.6581, 26.8026, 49.4316

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.7583, 13.1957, 62.2033



21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546



5.1174, 13.1957, 21.3514

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546



6.9648, 13.1957, 1.9209



6.5313, 13.1957, 43.3618



20.5051, 13.1957, 47.4008



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546



12.1420, 13.1957, 0.4884



6.5313, 13.1957, 43.3618



12.9510, 13.1957, 65.7777

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.4284, 13.1965, 2.4548



62.0669, 58.1820, 49.7518



26.0936, 13.3481, 32.3069



12.9137, 11.8804, 9.7348



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.4284, 13.1965, 2.4548



36.8031, 20.4122, 2.0002



28.5292, 27.3981, 4.8217



9.1398, 9.2827, 9.4169



14.0808, 7.9380, 0.7901



0.5384, 0.3640, 0.0419



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.6581, 26.8026, 49.4316



34.9503, 44.8067, 89.0111



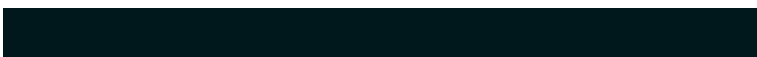
11.7379, 8.9620, 46.4582



9.1169, 9.9110, 11.5119



13.4006, 17.2609, 33.8785



0.5105, 0.6846, 1.2070



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

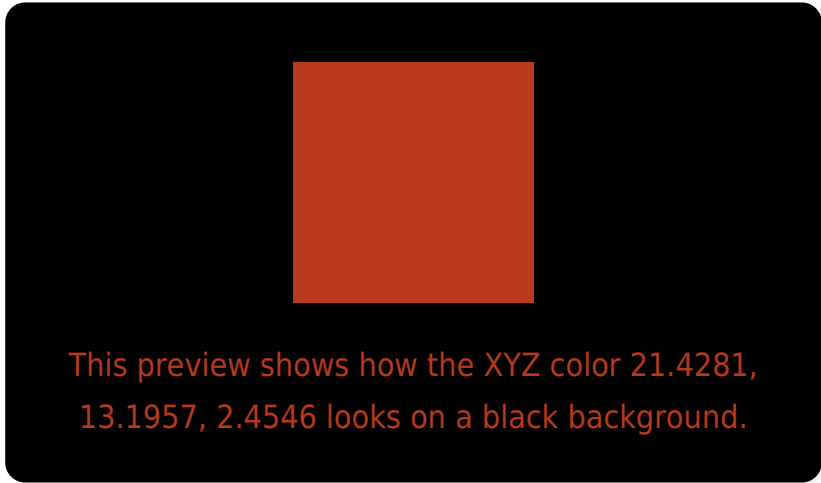
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.4281, 13.1957,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546

### Protanopia

12.2867, 13.4918, 3.8761

### Deuteranopia

13.4806, 13.2952, 1.8557



## Tritanopia

22.0406, 13.2381, 5.1349

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546

## Protanomaly

14.4464, 12.3524, 3.2129

## Deuteranomaly

15.6498, 12.5405, 1.8829

## Tritanomaly

21.8474, 13.2361, 3.8860

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546

## Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548

## Achromatomaly

12.2968, 10.3693, 6.8222

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 57, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 57, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 57, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 57, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 57, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 57, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 57, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 57, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 57, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 57,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.4281, 13.1957, 2.4546 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 57, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184, 57,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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