

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.5327, 13.8703, 1.8110)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.5327, 13.8703, 1.8110)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(21.4680, 13.8676,  
1.8037)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B74109
RGB	183, 65, 9
RGB Percent	72%, 25%, 4%
CMY	0.2824, 0.7451, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.95, 0.28
HSL	19°, 91%, 38%
HSV	19°, 95%, 72%
XYZ	21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037
YIQ	93.8980, 88.3040, 7.6000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

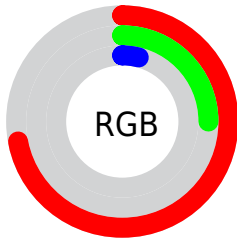
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	183, 92, 9
Decimal	12009737
CIE Lab	44.04, 45.70, 52.54
CIE LCh	44, 69.630, 48.984
Yxy	13.8676, 0.5780, 0.3734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290199817 (0xFFB74109)
YUV	93.8980, -41.8547, 78.1425
Hunter-Lab	37.2392, 37.7346, 23.1957

# Details

The XYZ color **21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **16.2485, 18.6544, 47.5435**, and the grayscale version is **10.6971, 11.2542, 12.2559**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.3540, 32.8975, 8.5169**, and **8.0477, 4.1810, 0.3828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.0872, 13.1851, 1.4336**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.4128, 15.5141, 2.8687**.

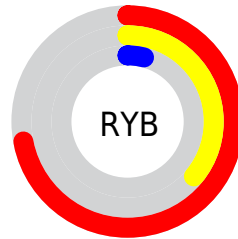
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (25%)

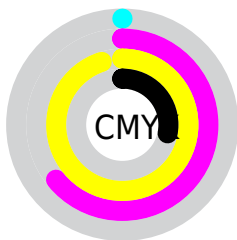
Blue (4%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (4%)

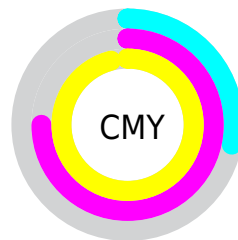


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



21.4680, 13.8676,  
1.8037

21.4680, 13.8676,  
1.8037

252.4402,  
216.4056, 119.2501

13.5809, 8.0286,  
0.4304

45.3506, 32.8539,  
8.4968

7.9095, 4.1133,  
0.0000

62.0768, 46.7701,  
14.7462

4.0884, 1.7371,  
0.0000

82.4800, 64.1474,  
23.4889

1.7523, 0.4475,  
0.0000

106.9258, 85.3703,  
35.1434


0.4887, 0.0000,  
0.0000


135.7793,  
110.8232, 50.1282


0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


169.4060,


140.8904, 68.8619


 208.1712,  
175.9564, 91.7630


 21.4680, 13.8676,  
1.8037


 21.4680, 13.8676,  
1.8037


 21.0872, 13.1851,  
1.4336

 22.4128, 15.5141,  
2.8687

 23.6552, 17.5445,  
4.6837

 25.2256, 19.9856,  
7.3642

 27.1495, 22.8605,  
11.0049

 29.4496, 26.1904,  
15.6878

■ 32.1464, 29.9948,  
21.4861

■ 35.2590, 34.2924,  
28.4664

■ 38.8051, 39.1005,  
36.6900

■ 42.8012, 44.4355,  
46.2138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0173, 13.8676, 7.1985



21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037



15.3200, 13.8676, 0.5305

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037



5.2531, 13.8676, 9.9935



16.9532, 13.8676, 66.1210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037



16.2485, 18.6544, 47.5435

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2505, 13.8676, 69.0973



21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037



5.4630, 13.8676, 27.3376

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037



6.6728, 13.8676, 2.6316



7.3591, 13.8676, 51.7295



22.9477, 13.8676, 45.2204



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037



11.5883, 13.8676, 0.5005



7.3591, 13.8676, 51.7295



14.9128, 13.8676, 69.6160

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.4683, 13.8684, 1.8039



60.6029, 57.9210, 45.2157



23.5157, 11.8185, 21.4296



12.8723, 12.0825, 8.8431



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.4683, 13.8684, 1.8039



37.5825, 23.2451, 2.5059



30.6602, 32.2523, 4.8679



9.2343, 9.4716, 9.4484



14.7669, 9.3101, 1.0187



0.5783, 0.4436, 0.0551



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2485, 18.6544, 47.5435



28.0211, 31.5494, 84.8485



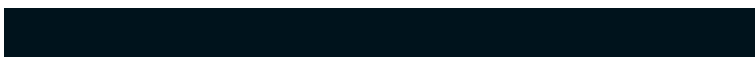
9.4494, 5.0561, 45.2771



9.0164, 9.7100, 11.4784



11.0636, 12.5869, 33.0995



0.4434, 0.5506, 1.1846



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.4680, 13.8676,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037

### Protanopia

12.6581, 14.0088, 2.7463

### Deuteranopia

14.0729, 14.0199, 1.9644



## Tritanopia

22.3613, 13.8980, 6.3545

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037

## Protanomaly

14.9127, 13.1036, 2.2736

## Deuteranomaly

16.1871, 13.4023, 1.8199

## Tritanomaly

21.9444, 13.8174, 3.8933

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037

## Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

## Achromatomaly

12.5946, 10.9810, 6.1584

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 65, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 65, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 65, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 65, 9) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 65, 9) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 65, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 65, 9)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 65, 9); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 65, 9);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 65, 9)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.4680, 13.8676, 1.8037 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 65, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183, 65,  
9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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