

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.5635, 11.1383, 1.0134)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.5635, 11.1383, 1.0134)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.4967, 11.0981,  
1.0091)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF0100
RGB	191, 1, 0
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9959, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 1.00, 0.25
HSL	0°, 100%, 37%
HSV	0°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091
YIQ	57.6960, 113.5610, 39.9690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

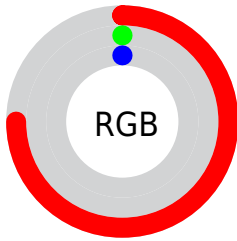
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 1, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12517632</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">39.75, 64.35, 54.10</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">40, 84.075, 40.053</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">11.0981, 0.6397, 0.3303</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290707712 (0xFFBF0100)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">57.6960, -28.4441, 116.9076</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">33.3138, 56.8831, 21.5237</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. A complement of this color would be **27.8087, 40.5712, 55.6551**, and the grayscale version is **4.0100, 4.2189, 4.5943**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.8548, 27.5336, 6.0824**, and **8.7524, 4.5120, 0.4096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.4969, 11.0988, 1.0093**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.8548, 11.6252, 1.7126**.

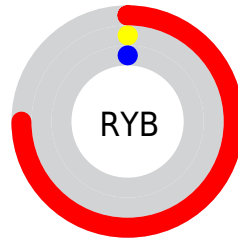
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (0%)

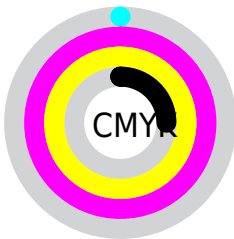
Blue (0%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)

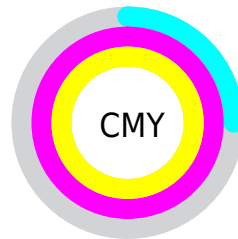


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.4967, 11.0981,  
1.0091


 21.4967, 11.0981,  
1.0091


 252.5886,  
198.3393, 104.3460


 13.6021, 6.1329,  
0.0000


 45.3978, 27.8414,  
6.0916


 7.9243, 2.9260,  
0.0000


 62.1350, 40.3883,  
11.2090


 4.0979, 1.0932,  
0.0000

 82.5504, 56.2312,  
18.6018

 1.7577, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.0095, 75.7544,  
28.6885


 0.4920, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 135.8774, 99.3425,  
41.8878


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 169.5197,


127.3797, 58.6181


 208.3016,  
160.2506, 79.2980


 21.4967, 11.0981,  
1.0091


 21.4967, 11.0981,  
1.0091


 21.4969, 11.0988,  
1.0093

 21.8548, 11.6252,  
1.7126

 22.5653, 12.6706,  
3.1070

 23.7461, 14.4035,  
5.4388

 25.4596, 16.9146,  
8.8335

 27.7586, 20.2808,  
13.3975

■ 30.6896, 24.5698,  
19.2240

■ 34.2944, 29.8424,  
26.3971

■ 38.6113, 36.1544,  
34.9936

■ 43.6755, 43.5572,  
45.0845

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.6389, 11.0981, 7.3505



21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091



14.7947, 11.0981, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091



3.1881, 11.0981, 4.1729



12.6018, 11.0981, 77.9248

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091



27.8087, 40.5712, 55.6551

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.2039, 11.0981, 73.1230



21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091



2.9706, 11.0981, 18.5080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091



4.9070, 11.0981, 0.2916



4.1402, 11.0981, 46.1325



19.3985, 11.0981, 56.2380



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091



10.5381, 11.0981, 0.0000



4.1402, 11.0981, 46.1325



10.5587, 11.0981, 79.6238

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.4969, 11.0988, 1.0093



61.0872, 52.9586, 46.6112



30.8895, 14.8378, 50.5257



12.7812, 10.7034, 8.9755



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.4969, 11.0988, 1.0093



38.4959, 19.8671, 1.8058



25.6230, 19.3510, 2.3846



9.5342, 9.5445, 9.9164



14.1296, 7.2979, 0.6639



0.5549, 0.2887, 0.0265



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.8087, 40.5712, 55.6551



49.7996, 72.6512, 99.6775



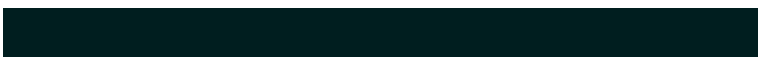
13.5412, 12.0363, 50.8993



9.8040, 10.8004, 12.2402



18.2778, 26.6672, 36.5769



0.7174, 1.0475, 1.4332



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.4967, 11.0981,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091

### Protanopia

10.6345, 11.8077, 2.6383

### Deuteranopia

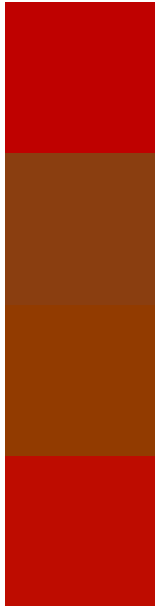
11.7123, 11.7192, 1.6447



## Tritanopia

21.4515, 11.3798, 1.0659

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091

## Protanomaly

12.2974, 8.8859, 1.5572

## Deuteranomaly

13.4180, 9.2389, 1.0761

## Tritanomaly

21.3667, 11.2101, 1.0376

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091

## Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

## Achromatomaly

6.9394, 4.5209, 2.2571

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 1, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 1, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 1, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 1, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 1, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 1, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 1, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 1, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 1, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 1, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.4967, 11.0981, 1.0091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 1, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 1,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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