

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.6051, 11.1313, 1.3052)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.6051, 11.1313, 1.3052)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.5406, 11.0983,  
1.2940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF000A
RGB	191, 0, 10
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 4%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9998, 0.9608
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.95, 0.25
HSL	357°, 100%, 37%
HSV	357°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940
YIQ	58.2490, 110.6260, 43.6020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

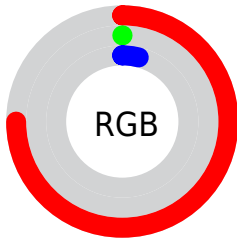
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	191, 0, 10
Decimal	12517386
CIELab	39.75, 64.56, 50.47
CIELCh	40, 81.948, 38.017
Yxy	11.0983, 0.6348, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707466 (0xFFBF000A)
YUV	58.2490, -23.7868, 116.4226
Hunter-Lab	33.3141, 57.1168, 21.0169

# Details

The XYZ color **21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. A complement of this color would be **26.9756, 40.5992, 50.1518**, and the grayscale version is **4.0786, 4.2910, 4.6729**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.0210, 27.6001, 6.9575**, and **8.7524, 4.5120, 0.4096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.5402, 11.0981, 1.2929**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.9317, 11.6311, 2.1942**.

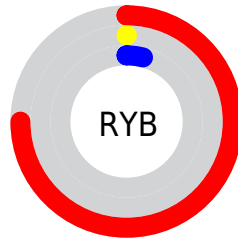
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (0%)

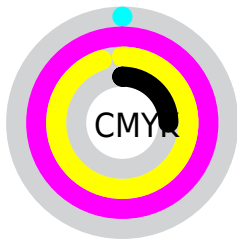
Blue (4%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (4%)

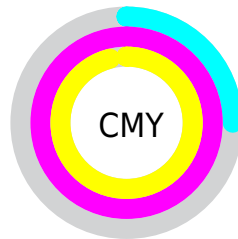


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (96%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.5406, 11.0983,  
1.2940


 21.5406, 11.0983,  
1.2940


 252.8154,  
198.3407, 110.2168


 13.6344, 6.1330,  
0.0569


 45.4701, 27.8418,  
7.0009


 7.9469, 2.9261,  
0.0000


 62.2241, 40.3888,  
12.5626


 4.1125, 1.0933,  
0.0000

 82.6581, 56.2318,  
20.4879

 1.7660, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.1374, 75.7552,  
31.1953


 0.4970, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 136.0275, 99.3434,  
45.1034


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 169.6936,


127.3808, 62.6306


 208.5011,  
160.2517, 84.1956


 21.5406, 11.0983,  
1.2940


 21.5406, 11.0983,  
1.2940


 21.5402, 11.0981,  
1.2929

 21.9317, 11.6311,  
2.1942

 22.6836, 12.6767,  
3.8575

 23.8999, 14.4099,  
6.4187

 25.6392, 16.9214,  
9.9804

 27.9520, 20.2883,  
14.6313

■ 30.8824, 24.5784,  
20.4504

■ 34.4704, 29.8527,  
27.5092

■ 38.7526, 36.1668,  
35.8736

■ 43.7628, 43.5725,  
45.6050

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.2515, 11.0983, 8.2654



21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940



15.1263, 11.0983, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940



3.3719, 11.0983, 3.8138



12.1267, 11.0983, 75.8060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940



26.9756, 40.5992, 50.1518

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.0024, 11.0983, 69.3807



21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940



3.0643, 11.0983, 16.9283

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940



5.1998, 11.0983, 0.2773



4.1258, 11.0983, 42.8686



18.6899, 11.0983, 56.4552



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940



10.9264, 11.0983, 0.0000



4.1258, 11.0983, 42.8686



10.1796, 11.0983, 76.7749

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5408, 11.0990, 1.2941



61.3901, 52.9556, 48.5888



27.8260, 13.2592, 50.3823



12.8514, 10.7028, 9.4340



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5408, 11.0990, 1.2941



38.5533, 19.8667, 2.1801



24.5630, 17.2306, 2.0324



9.5498, 9.5442, 10.0183



14.1654, 7.2973, 0.8987



0.5618, 0.2886, 0.0719



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5408, 11.0990, 1.2941



38.5533, 19.8667, 2.1801



14.7933, 14.5397, 51.3164



9.5498, 9.5442, 10.0183



14.1654, 7.2973, 0.8987



0.5618, 0.2886, 0.0719



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.5406, 11.0983,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940

### Protanopia

10.6686, 11.8214, 2.8181

### Deuteranopia

11.7123, 11.7192, 1.6447



## Tritanopia

21.4515, 11.3798, 1.0659

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940

## Protanomaly

12.3392, 8.9027, 1.7775

## Deuteranomaly

13.4399, 9.2477, 1.1915

## Tritanomaly

21.3768, 11.1953, 1.1491

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940

## Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

## Achromatomaly

7.0057, 4.5474, 2.6063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 10) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 10)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.5406, 11.0983, 1.2940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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