

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.6085, 11.1327, 1.3230)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.6085, 11.1327, 1.3230)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.5463, 11.1005,  
1.3236)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF000B
RGB	191, 0, 11
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 4%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9999, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.94, 0.25
HSL	357°, 100%, 37%
HSV	357°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236
YIQ	58.3630, 110.3050, 43.9130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

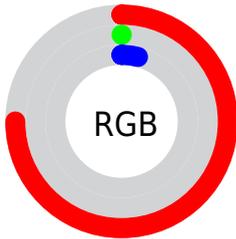
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	191, 0, 11
Decimal	12517387
CIE Lab	39.75, 64.57, 50.13
CIE LCh	40, 81.749, 37.826
Yxy	11.1005, 0.6343, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707467 (0xFFBF000B)
YUV	58.3630, -23.3500, 116.3226
Hunter-Lab	33.3174, 57.1301, 20.9668

# Details

The XYZ color **21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. A complement of this color would be **26.8727, 40.5583, 49.6099**, and the grayscale version is **4.0931, 4.3063, 4.6895**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.0467, 27.6104, 7.0928**, and **8.7524, 4.5120, 0.4096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.5460, 11.1004, 1.3226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.9427, 11.6353, 2.2520**.

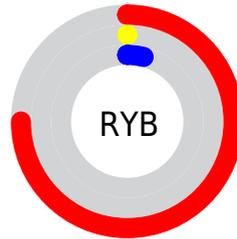
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (0%)

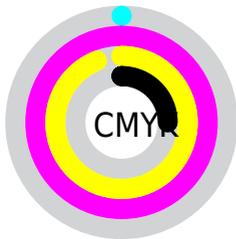
Blue (4%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (4%)

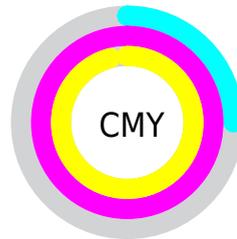


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 21.5463, 11.1005,  
1.3236

 21.5463, 11.1005,  
1.3236

 252.8448,  
198.3558, 110.7865

 13.6386, 6.1345,  
0.0810

 45.4794, 27.8459,  
7.0918

 7.9498, 2.9270,  
0.0000

 62.2356, 40.3940,  
12.6968

 4.1144, 1.0938,  
0.0000

 82.6720, 56.2383,  
20.6737

 1.7670, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.1540, 75.7631,  
31.4411

 0.4977, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 136.0469, 99.3528,  
45.4176

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 169.7161,

127.3920, 63.0216

 208.5270,  
160.2648, 84.6717

 21.5463, 11.1005,  
1.3236

 21.5463, 11.1005,  
1.3236

 21.5460, 11.1004,  
1.3226

 21.9427, 11.6353,  
2.2520

 22.6996, 12.6828,  
3.9417

 23.9199, 14.4175,  
6.5247

 25.6620, 16.9299,  
10.1015

 27.9760, 20.2972,  
14.7593

■ 30.9058, 24.5868,  
20.5757

■ 34.4911, 29.8598,  
27.6210

■ 38.7683, 36.1718,  
35.9601

■ 43.7713, 43.5744,  
45.6534

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.2175, 11.1005, 8.3551



21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236



15.1590, 11.1005, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236



3.3907, 11.1005, 3.7837



12.0858, 11.1005, 75.6091

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236



26.8727, 40.5583, 49.6099

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.9861, 11.1005, 69.0405



21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236



3.0744, 11.1005, 16.7904

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236



5.2290, 11.1005, 0.2770



4.1261, 11.1005, 42.5774



18.6277, 11.1005, 56.4735

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236



10.9646, 11.1005, 0.0000



4.1261, 11.1005, 42.5774



10.1474, 11.1005, 76.5123

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5465, 11.1012, 1.3237



61.4291, 52.9712, 48.7944



27.8261, 13.2591, 50.3826



12.8605, 10.7065, 9.4818



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



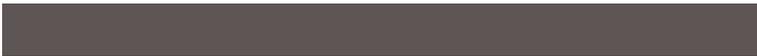
21.5465, 11.1012, 1.3237



38.5620, 19.8701, 2.2256



24.5628, 17.2302, 2.0321



9.5518, 9.5450, 10.0287



14.1700, 7.2991, 0.9227



0.5627, 0.2890, 0.0766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



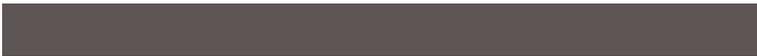
21.5465, 11.1012, 1.3237



38.5620, 19.8701, 2.2256



14.7931, 14.5393, 51.3167



9.5518, 9.5450, 10.0287



14.1700, 7.2991, 0.9227

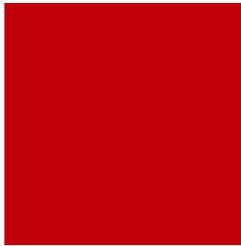


0.5627, 0.2890, 0.0766



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.5463, 11.1005,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

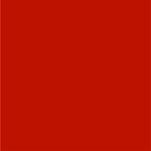
21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236

### Protanopia

10.6808, 11.8262, 2.8822

### Deuteranopia

11.7123, 11.7192, 1.6447



## Tritanopia

21.4515, 11.3798, 1.0659

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236

## Protanomaly

12.3487, 8.9064, 1.8273

## Deuteranomaly

13.4399, 9.2477, 1.1915

## Tritanomaly

21.3768, 11.1953, 1.1491

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236

## Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

## Achromatomaly

7.0057, 4.5474, 2.6063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 11) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 11)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.5463, 11.1005, 1.3236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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