

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.6300, 43.2020, 7.3885)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.6300, 43.2020, 7.3885)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.6312, 43.2011,  
7.3996)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CC07
RGB	0, 204, 7
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 3%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2000, 0.9725
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.97, 0.20
HSL	122°, 100%, 40%
HSV	122°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996
YIQ	120.5460, -58.3470, -104.5150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

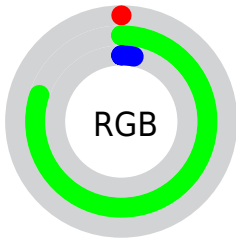
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	0, 197, 204
Decimal	52231
CIELab	71.69, -72.71, 69.58
CIELCh	72, 100.635, 136.262
Yxy	43.2011, 0.2995, 0.5981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242311 (0xFF00CC07)
YUV	120.5460, -55.9782, -105.7188
Hunter-Lab	65.7275, -56.2781, 39.3344

# Details

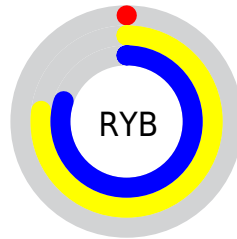
The XYZ color **21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **34.9785, 16.8682, 54.2232**, and the grayscale version is **18.2173, 19.1660, 20.8718**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.1470, 75.1478, 20.4145**, and **10.5899, 21.1798, 3.5300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.6322, 43.2029, 7.4006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.0851, 43.4183, 8.2367**.

# Distribution



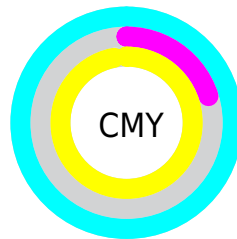
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (3%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.6312, 43.2011,  
7.3996


 21.6312, 43.2011,  
7.3996


253.2829,  
359.4381, 180.6990


 13.7012, 30.0429,  
3.6310


 45.6191, 80.0142,  
21.2991


 7.9935, 19.8712,  
1.4252

 62.4077, 104.4380,  
32.2671


 4.1425, 12.3014,  
0.1612


 82.8800, 133.3858,  
46.4720

 1.7831, 6.9493,  
0.0000

 107.4012,  
167.2419, 64.3324

 0.5075, 3.4304,  
0.0000

 136.3368,  
206.3908, 86.2667

 0.0000, 1.3604,  
0.0000

 170.0520,

 0.0000, 0.1872,

251.2169, 112.6936

0.0000

208.9123,  
302.1045, 144.0315

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 21.6312, 43.2011,  
7.3996

■ 21.6312, 43.2011,  
7.3996

■ 21.6322, 43.2029,  
7.4006

■ 22.0851, 43.4183,  
8.2367

■ 23.0018, 43.8554,  
9.8811

■ 24.5175, 44.5808,  
12.4853

■ 26.7112, 45.6325,  
16.1654

■ 29.6498, 47.0429,  
21.0211

■ 33.3921, 48.8406,  
27.1404

■ 37.9912, 51.0511,  
34.6032

■ 43.4955, 53.6979,  
43.4827

■ 49.9499, 56.8025,  
53.8470

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.5449, 43.2011, 2.2133



21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



16.7318, 43.2011, 28.0726

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



33.7547, 43.2011, 209.9879



81.2791, 43.2011, 25.3339

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



34.9785, 16.8682, 54.2232

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.8700, 43.2011, 73.0567



21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



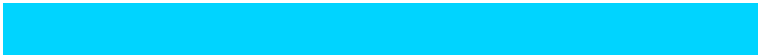
50.9473, 43.2011, 207.0980

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



22.3044, 43.2011, 152.7708



69.6081, 43.2011, 146.4440



68.1658, 43.2011, 6.5794

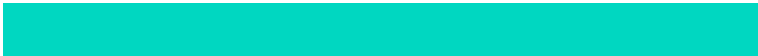


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



16.3270, 43.2011, 58.0457



69.6081, 43.2011, 146.4440



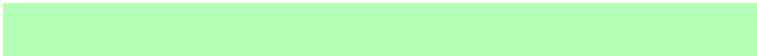
83.0520, 43.2011, 37.5192

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.6322, 43.2029, 7.4006



62.5893, 84.3859, 56.7776



44.6731, 55.0853, 8.2780



12.6674, 17.7115, 10.9712



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.6322, 43.2029, 7.4006



35.8081, 71.5392, 12.1733



24.3434, 44.2874, 21.6775



11.0834, 12.5431, 11.9968



13.6221, 27.1941, 4.6949



0.7083, 1.4052, 0.2717



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.9785, 16.8682, 54.2232



57.9083, 27.9273, 89.7040



26.9776, 13.6678, 12.0909



11.6702, 11.3968, 14.0640



22.0224, 10.6196, 34.1664

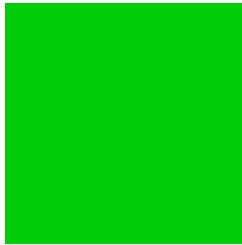


1.1415, 0.5500, 1.7907



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

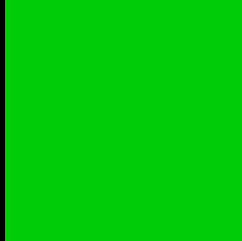
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

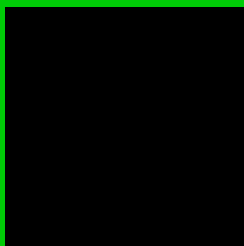
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.6312, 43.2011,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996

### Protanopia

38.3559, 42.5303, 6.1876

### Deuteranopia

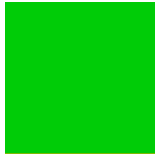
43.1422, 42.1598, 8.3464



## **Tritanopia**

33.2707, 43.2131, 64.3450

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



## Protanomaly

26.0328, 39.4844, 6.3353



## Deuteranomaly

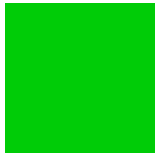
27.0149, 37.8281, 7.1740



## Tritanomaly

25.3243, 41.5359, 28.8728

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996



## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



## Achromatomaly

15.5751, 24.2902, 11.4570

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 204, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.6312, 43.2011, 7.3996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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