

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.6349, 30.5244, 16.6312)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.6349, 30.5244, 16.6312)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.7119, 30.6399,  
16.5741)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CA463
RGB	108, 164, 99
RGB Percent	42%, 64%, 39%
CMY	0.5765, 0.3568, 0.6118
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.40, 0.36
HSL	112°, 26%, 52%
HSV	112°, 40%, 64%
XYZ	21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741
YIQ	139.8460, -12.5110, -32.0870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

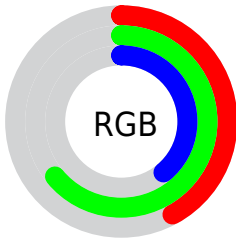
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	99, 164, 155
Decimal	7119971
CIELab	62.20, -31.43, 28.04
CIElCh	62, 42.123, 138.258
Yxy	30.6399, 0.3150, 0.4445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285310051 (0xFF6CA463)
YUV	139.8460, -20.1371, -27.9289
Hunter-Lab	55.3533, -26.8531, 20.9945

# Details

The XYZ color **21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **24.6816, 18.5735, 37.4078**, and the grayscale version is **24.9473, 26.2465, 28.5824**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.6154, 60.4745, 38.5467**, and **8.0791, 12.6972, 5.1570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.4249, 29.5434, 12.7818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.4383, 31.9463, 21.2194**.

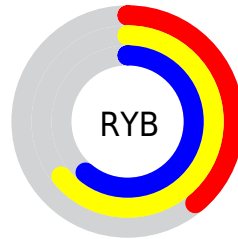
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (64%)

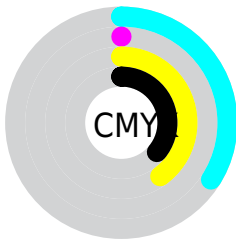
Blue (39%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (61%)

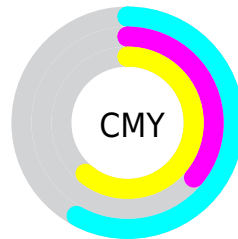


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.7119, 30.6399,  
16.5741

■ 21.7119, 30.6399,  
16.5741

253.6988,  
304.8759, 244.6662

■ 13.7608, 20.3248,  
9.7726

■ 45.7518, 60.6727,  
38.3726

■ 8.0351, 12.6314,  
5.1448

■ 62.5712, 81.1591,  
54.2067

■ 4.1694, 7.1752,  
2.2722

■ 83.0775, 105.8049,  
73.8886

■ 1.7984, 3.5719,  
0.7156

■ 107.6360,  
134.9942, 97.8371

■ 0.5167, 1.4371,  
0.0000

136.6120,  
169.1116, 126.4705

■ 0.0000, 0.2438,  
0.0000

170.3709,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

208.5414, 160.2075

0.0000

209.2780,  
253.6680, 199.4665

■ 21.7119, 30.6399,  
16.5741

■ 21.7119, 30.6399,  
16.5741

■ 19.4249, 29.5434,  
12.7818

■ 24.4383, 31.9463,  
21.2194

■ 17.5518, 28.6421,  
9.7888

■ 27.6231, 33.4687,  
26.7632

■ 16.0681, 27.9255,  
7.5384


■ 31.2870, 35.2178,  
33.2499


■ 14.9458, 27.3806,  
5.9657


■ 35.4489, 37.2023,  
40.7206


■ 14.1528, 26.9925,  
4.9944

■ 40.1265, 39.4305,  
49.2139


 13.6378, 26.7382,  
4.4594

 45.3367, 41.9105,  
58.7662

 13.6227, 26.7308,  
4.4416

 51.0956, 44.6496,  
69.4125

 57.4187, 47.6552,  
81.1856

 64.3207, 50.9343,  
94.1175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.8339, 30.6399, 11.6064



21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741



19.6874, 30.6399, 27.3947

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741



26.9566, 30.6399, 74.2939



40.7695, 30.6399, 24.4929

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741



24.6816, 18.5735, 37.4078

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1729, 30.6399, 40.1377



21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741



32.6786, 30.6399, 72.7361

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741



22.4415, 30.6399, 62.5535



38.0519, 30.6399, 58.8090



37.0126, 30.6399, 15.0470



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741



19.5988, 30.6399, 38.0575



38.0519, 30.6399, 58.8090



41.3182, 30.6399, 29.0689

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7127, 30.6412, 16.5748



54.9799, 63.0603, 57.1319



29.1602, 31.9886, 16.4423



11.8393, 13.7001, 12.1699



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7127, 30.6412, 16.5748



35.5355, 53.7572, 23.6533



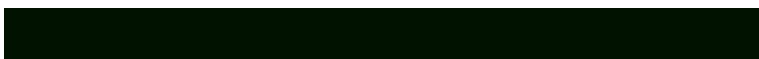
21.9194, 30.6039, 23.0839



7.0726, 7.9399, 7.5399



10.4699, 20.5079, 3.4066



0.2448, 0.4437, 0.0727



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6816, 18.5735, 37.4078



41.7001, 28.5929, 67.0735



24.5991, 18.7475, 27.6202



7.2675, 7.1523, 8.9006



13.6287, 6.4323, 27.4530



0.3112, 0.1480, 0.5780



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

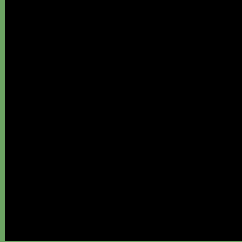
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.7119, 30.6399,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741

### Protanopia

27.9864, 30.3895, 14.7467

### Deuteranopia

30.9116, 30.2281, 17.3021



## **Tritanopia**

26.7021, 30.5972, 41.5443

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741

## Protanomaly

25.1146, 30.1086, 15.3143

## Deuteranomaly

26.6018, 29.8648, 16.9328

## Tritanomaly

24.5585, 30.4924, 30.5779

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

23.3512, 27.5648, 23.4918

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 164, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 164, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 164, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 164, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 164, 99) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 164, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 164, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 164, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 164, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 164,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.7119, 30.6399, 16.5741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 164, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
164, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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