

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.6664, 17.8976,  
17.0645)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9E666E
RGB	158, 102, 110
RGB Percent	62%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.3804, 0.6000, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.30, 0.38
HSL	351°, 22%, 51%
HSV	351°, 35%, 62%
XYZ	21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645
YIQ	119.6560, 30.8080, 14.3600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

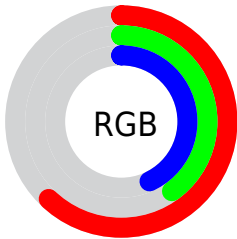
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	158, 102, 110
Decimal	10380910
CIE Lab	49.37, 23.66, 4.88
CIE LCh	49, 24.159, 11.652
Yxy	17.8976, 0.3826, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288570990 (0xFF9E666E)
YUV	119.6560, -4.7604, 33.6277
Hunter-Lab	42.3056, 17.3824, 5.6985

# Details

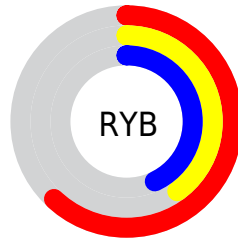
The XYZ color **21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **23.2121, 29.4810, 33.3226**, and the grayscale version is **17.7510, 18.6755, 20.3376**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.7202, 39.9806, 39.0255**, and **8.0421, 6.0005, 5.4370** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.5771, 14.8103, 13.0039**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.1653, 21.6236, 21.8182**.

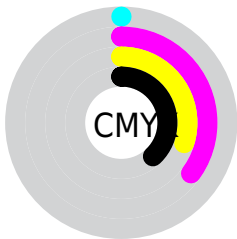
# Distribution



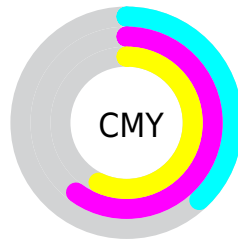
- Red (62%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.6664, 17.8976,  
17.0645

■ 21.6664, 17.8976,  
17.0645

253.4644,  
240.2932, 247.6003

■ 13.7272, 10.8765,  
10.1180

■ 45.6770, 39.8628,  
39.2288

■ 8.0116, 5.9838,  
5.3707

■ 62.4791, 55.5756,  
55.2837

■ 4.1542, 2.8353,  
2.4038

■ 82.9662, 74.9545,  
75.2119

■ 1.7898, 1.0463,  
0.7885

■ 107.5037, 98.3838,  
99.4319

■ 0.5115, 0.0000,  
0.0000

136.4569,  
126.2479, 128.3622

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

170.1912,

158.9313, 162.4213

209.0719,  
196.8183, 202.0278

■ 21.6664, 17.8976,  
17.0645

■ 21.6664, 17.8976,  
17.0645

■ 19.5771, 14.8103,  
13.0039

■ 24.1653, 21.6236,  
21.8182

■ 17.8741, 12.3234,  
9.6027

■ 27.0928, 26.0187,  
27.2942

■ 16.5338, 10.3983,  
6.8263

■ 30.4681, 31.1145,  
33.5214

■ 15.5293, 8.9911,  
4.6361


■ 34.3093, 36.9398,  
40.5268


■ 14.8301, 8.0513,  
2.9895


■ 38.6330, 43.5216,  
48.3360


 14.3974, 7.5129,  
1.8369

 43.4553, 50.8859,  
56.9735

 14.2509, 7.3293,  
1.4515

 48.7915, 59.0572,  
66.4626

 54.6561, 68.0589,  
76.8259

 61.0631, 77.9136,  
88.0851

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5114, 17.8976, 23.7042



21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645



20.4944, 17.8976, 12.2892

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645



14.2657, 17.8976, 11.5438



15.6706, 17.8976, 33.9655

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645



23.2121, 29.4810, 33.3226

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9467, 17.8976, 29.0585



21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645



13.1869, 17.8976, 15.8030

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645



16.1426, 17.8976, 9.6107



13.0756, 17.8976, 22.1295



17.9103, 17.8976, 34.5171



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645



19.1745, 17.8976, 10.4086



13.0756, 17.8976, 22.1295



15.0170, 17.8976, 32.7271

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.6669, 17.8985, 17.0649



51.6893, 51.0019, 54.1754



23.4277, 18.4184, 34.6682



11.4818, 11.2397, 11.8969



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.6669, 17.8985, 17.0649



36.1110, 27.7178, 24.7131



23.4099, 22.0502, 15.5937



6.6697, 6.6608, 7.1120



11.4229, 5.8737, 1.2120



0.2139, 0.1089, 0.0725



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.6669, 17.8985, 17.0649



36.1110, 27.7178, 24.7131



20.7977, 23.5861, 35.8043



6.6697, 6.6608, 7.1120



11.4229, 5.8737, 1.2120



0.2139, 0.1089, 0.0725



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

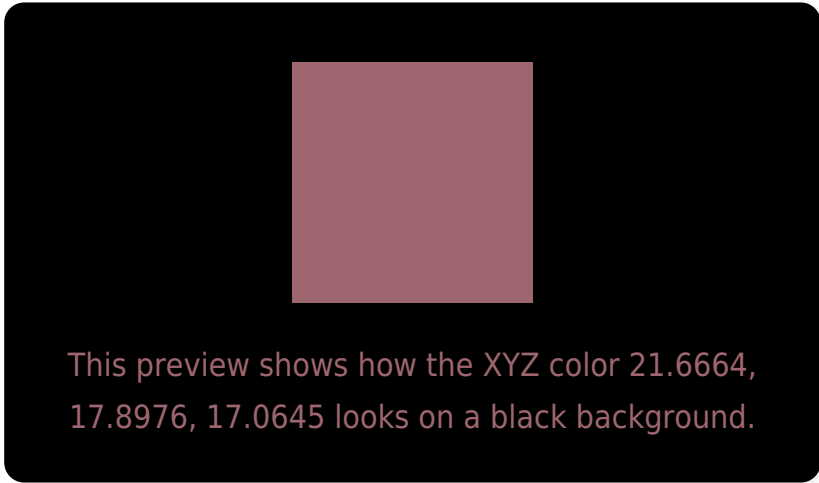
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

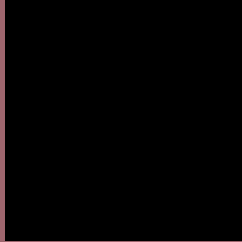
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.6664, 17.8976,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645

### Protanopia

17.3770, 18.0237, 19.7026

### Deuteranopia

18.3970, 18.1039, 16.7121



## Tritanopia

21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645

## Protanomaly

18.7202, 17.8945, 18.6870

## Deuteranomaly

19.4916, 18.0068, 16.9163

## Tritanomaly

21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645

## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

## Achromatomaly

18.8890, 18.1395, 19.0287

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 102, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 102, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 102, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 102, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 102, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 102, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 102, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 102, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 102, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 102,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.6664, 17.8976, 17.0645 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 102, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
102, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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