

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.6712, 19.7147, 20.2343)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.6712, 19.7147, 20.2343)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.5598, 19.6624,  
20.1117)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	947277
RGB	148, 114, 119
RGB Percent	58%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.4196, 0.5529, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.20, 0.42
HSL	351°, 14%, 51%
HSV	351°, 23%, 58%
XYZ	21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117
YIQ	124.7360, 18.6590, 8.7630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

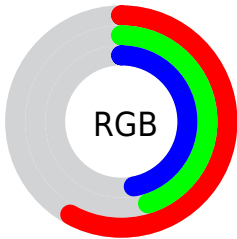
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	148, 114, 119
Decimal	9728631
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.45, 14.19, 2.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 14.388, 9.595
Yxy	19.6624, 0.3515, 0.3206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287918711 (0xFF947277)
YUV	124.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025
Hunter-Lab	44.3423, 9.1900, 4.1483

# Details

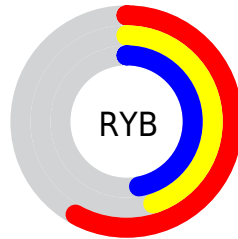
The XYZ color **21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **22.4880, 26.7408, 29.9640**, and the grayscale version is **19.4095, 20.4203, 22.2377**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.6155, 42.9092, 44.4062**, and **8.0153, 6.8927, 6.8692** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3151, 16.3067, 15.8680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.1765, 23.6005, 24.9768**.

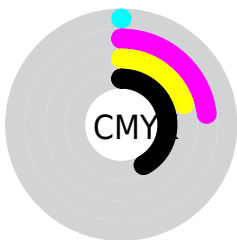
# Distribution



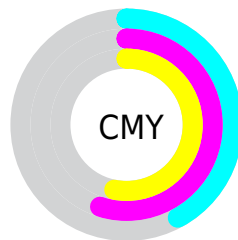
- Red (58%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.5598, 19.6624,  
20.1117

■ 21.5598, 19.6624,  
20.1117

252.9145,  
250.0816, 265.1434

■ 13.6486, 12.1499,  
12.2914

■ 45.5016, 42.8504,  
44.4658

■ 7.9567, 6.8458,  
6.8175

■ 62.2630, 59.2948,  
61.8367

■ 4.1188, 3.3659,  
3.2715

■ 82.7051, 79.4851,  
83.2281

■ 1.7696, 1.3256,  
1.2349

■ 107.1933,  
103.8059, 109.0588

■ 0.4992, 0.1609,  
0.0075

136.0930,  
132.6416, 139.7470

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

169.7696,

166.3765, 175.7116

208.5883,  
205.3950, 217.3708

■ 21.5598, 19.6624,  
20.1117

■ 21.5598, 19.6624,  
20.1117

■ 19.3151, 16.3067,  
15.8680

■ 24.1765, 23.6005,  
24.9768

■ 17.4238, 13.5031,  
12.2194

■ 27.1793, 28.1439,  
30.4856

■ 15.8682, 11.2228,  
9.1395


■ 30.5837, 33.3176,  
36.6611


■ 14.6285, 9.4332,  
6.5995


■ 34.4038, 39.1446,  
43.5245


■ 13.6825, 8.0981,  
4.5678


■ 38.6531, 45.6465,  
51.0963


 13.0055, 7.1762,  
3.0097


 43.3443, 52.8439,  
59.3959

 12.5682, 6.6188,  
1.8860

 48.4897, 60.7567,  
68.4420

 12.3553, 6.3529,  
1.3218

 54.1011, 69.4039,  
78.2529

 60.1899, 78.8038,  
88.8458

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4113, 19.6624, 24.3005



21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117



20.9090, 19.6624, 16.7335

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117



16.9754, 19.6624, 15.8514



17.7378, 19.6624, 29.7531

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117



22.4880, 26.7408, 29.9640

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.6311, 19.6624, 26.8831



21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117



16.2069, 19.6624, 18.7565

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117



18.2299, 19.6624, 14.4912



16.0842, 19.6624, 22.7609



19.1548, 19.6624, 30.2382



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117



20.1281, 19.6624, 15.2612



16.0842, 19.6624, 22.7609



17.3192, 19.6624, 29.0192

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5603, 19.6633, 20.1121



45.6628, 46.1833, 49.5971



22.6736, 20.0044, 30.6833



10.3616, 10.4484, 11.2078



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5603, 19.6633, 20.1121



35.7493, 31.2618, 31.1697



22.6986, 22.4077, 19.0494



5.8335, 5.8285, 6.2293



10.5601, 5.4291, 1.1645



0.1359, 0.0691, 0.0492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5603, 19.6633, 20.1121



35.7493, 31.2618, 31.1697



21.1037, 23.3527, 31.4123



5.8335, 5.8285, 6.2293



10.5601, 5.4291, 1.1645

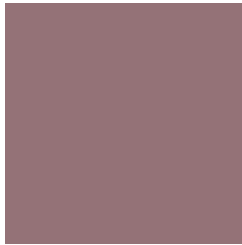


0.1359, 0.0691, 0.0492



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

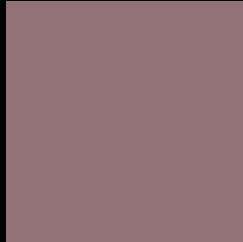
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.5598, 19.6624,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117

### Protanopia

19.0551, 19.7343, 21.8736

### Deuteranopia

20.0202, 19.7359, 19.8938



## Tritanopia

21.6307, 19.5113, 21.0383

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117

## Protanomaly

19.7825, 19.5853, 21.1500

## Deuteranomaly

20.4465, 19.6060, 19.8462

## Tritanomaly

21.5691, 19.4866, 20.7136

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117

## Achromatopsia

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331

## Achromatomaly

20.0854, 20.0914, 21.5583

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 114, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 114, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 114, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 114, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 114, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 114, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 114, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 114, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 114, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 114,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.5598, 19.6624, 20.1117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 114, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
114, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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