

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.7065, 35.8594,  
13.1746)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53B64F
RGB	83, 182, 79
RGB Percent	33%, 71%, 31%
CMY	0.6745, 0.2863, 0.6902
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.57, 0.29
HSL	118°, 41%, 51%
HSV	118°, 57%, 71%
XYZ	21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746
YIQ	140.6570, -25.9410, -53.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

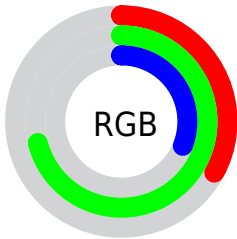
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	79, 182, 178
Decimal	5486159
CIELab	66.41, -49.60, 43.17
CIELCh	66, 65.757, 138.967
Yxy	35.8594, 0.3068, 0.5069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283676239 (0xFF53B64F)
YUV	140.6570, -30.3969, -50.5652
Hunter-Lab	59.8827, -40.0914, 28.8737

# Details

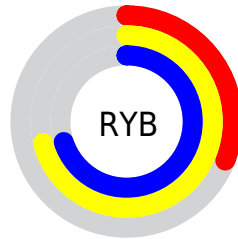
The XYZ color **21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **29.6014, 18.4355, 46.2561**, and the grayscale version is **25.3063, 26.6242, 28.9938**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.7785, 68.9471, 32.3681**, and **8.0297, 15.5756, 3.6201** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.7793, 34.9333, 10.0873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.2062, 37.0618, 17.2368**.

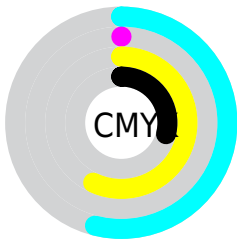
# Distribution



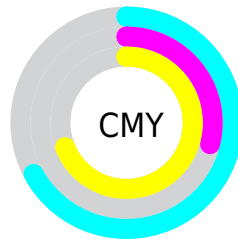
- Red (33%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.7065, 35.8594,  
13.1746


 21.7065, 35.8594,  
13.1746


253.6710,  
328.3456, 223.2806


 13.7568, 24.3256,  
7.4167


 45.7429, 68.8150,  
32.3129

 8.0323, 15.5753,  
3.6417


 62.5603, 91.0056,  
46.5304


 4.1676, 9.2242,  
1.4309


 83.0643, 117.5173,  
64.4049

 1.7974, 4.8877,  
0.1657

 107.6203,  
148.7344, 86.3548

 0.5161, 2.1815,  
0.0000

 136.5936,  
185.0415, 112.7989

 0.0000, 0.7099,  
0.0000

170.3496,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

226.8227, 144.1555

0.0000

209.2536,  
274.4626, 180.8432

■ 21.7065, 35.8594,  
13.1746

■ 21.7065, 35.8594,  
13.1746

■ 19.7793, 34.9333,  
10.0873

■ 24.2062, 37.0618,  
17.2368

■ 18.3770, 34.2575,  
7.8912

■ 27.3161, 38.5552,  
22.3438

■ 17.4484, 33.8088,  
6.4924

■ 31.0736, 40.3585,  
28.5618

■ 16.9290, 33.5567,  
5.7629

■ 35.5125, 42.4879,  
35.9510

■ 16.8171, 33.5029,  
5.5804

■ 40.6642, 44.9583,  
44.5670

■ 46.5581, 47.7838,  
54.4621

■ 53.2219, 50.9777,  
65.6855

■ 60.6821, 54.5524,  
78.2837

■ 68.9638, 58.5201,  
92.3011

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.2942, 35.8594, 6.9434



21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746



18.6765, 35.8594, 29.5622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746



30.5877, 35.8594, 120.0767



55.2998, 35.8594, 23.9436

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746



29.6014, 18.4355, 46.2561

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.2409, 35.8594, 50.3651



21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746



40.6126, 35.8594, 116.0185

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746



23.1062, 35.8594, 95.8701



50.4474, 35.8594, 86.5388



48.0805, 35.8594, 10.7679



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746



18.5972, 35.8594, 48.1175



50.4474, 35.8594, 86.5388



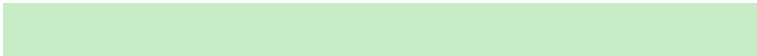
56.4066, 35.8594, 31.1909

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.7074, 35.8609, 13.1754



63.7808, 76.7390, 64.1745



36.3968, 41.8965, 13.5662



13.7138, 16.7702, 13.5516



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.7074, 35.8609, 13.1754



35.1207, 62.9760, 17.1216



23.6776, 36.6094, 25.3389



8.9217, 10.0763, 9.5816



11.8887, 23.6651, 3.9412



0.4301, 0.8399, 0.1395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.6014, 18.4355, 46.2561



50.8045, 28.2474, 83.0103



26.5077, 17.3056, 25.1067



9.3456, 9.1445, 11.3519



18.4509, 8.8230, 31.9836



0.6612, 0.3166, 1.1280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

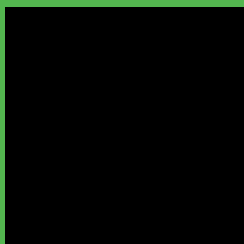
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.7065, 35.8594,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746

### Protanopia

32.2747, 35.4226, 11.2671

### Deuteranopia

35.8765, 35.2063, 13.9214



## Tritanopia

29.2637, 35.6928, 51.2460

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746

**Protanomaly**

26.7857, 34.7236, 11.9472

**Deuteranomaly**

28.3933, 34.1596, 13.4845

**Tritanomaly**

25.5553, 35.3319, 32.6670

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746

**Achromatopsia**

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

**Achromatomaly**

22.9042, 29.0780, 21.5450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 182, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 182, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 182, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 182, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 182, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 182, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 182, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 182, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 182, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 182,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.7065, 35.8594, 13.1746 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 182, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 182,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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