

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.8313, 43.2811, 8.4533)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.8313, 43.2811, 8.4533)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(21.8272, 43.2795,  
8.4317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CC1E
RGB	0, 204, 30
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 12%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2000, 0.8823
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.20
HSL	129°, 100%, 40%
HSV	129°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317
YIQ	123.1680, -65.7300, -97.3620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

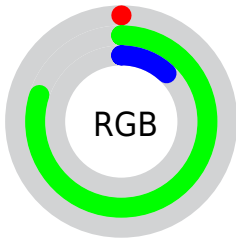
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 178, 204
Decimal	52254
CIELab	71.74, -72.02, 66.04
CIELCh	72, 97.711, 137.482
Yxy	43.2795, 0.2968, 0.5885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242334 (0xFF00CC1E)
YUV	123.1680, -45.9318, -108.0183
Hunter-Lab	65.7872, -55.9039, 38.4520

# Details

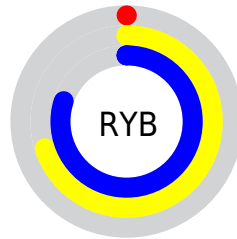
The XYZ color **21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **32.5422, 15.8936, 41.3934**, and the grayscale version is **19.0460, 20.0379, 21.8212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.5615, 75.3136, 22.5970**, and **10.5899, 21.1798, 3.5300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.8282, 43.2813, 8.4327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.4119, 43.5490, 9.9575**.

# Distribution



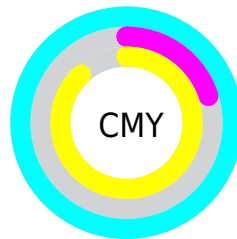
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (88%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 21.8272, 43.2795,  
8.4317


 21.8272, 43.2795,  
8.4317


254.2919,  
359.7599, 189.1392


 13.8459, 30.1045,  
4.2807


 45.9412, 80.1325,  
23.3605


 8.0945, 19.9179,  
1.7806


 62.8046, 104.5792,  
34.9754


 4.2078, 12.3354,  
0.4151


 83.3594, 133.5520,  
49.9152

 1.8204, 6.9725,  
0.0000

 107.9710,  
167.4351, 68.5987

 0.5299, 3.4449,  
0.0000

 137.0046,  
206.6131, 91.4443

 0.0000, 1.3682,  
0.0000

 170.8258,

 0.0000, 0.1931,

251.4703, 118.8705

0.0000

209.7998,  
302.3911, 151.2960

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 21.8272, 43.2795,  
8.4317

■ 21.8272, 43.2795,  
8.4317

■ 21.8282, 43.2813,  
8.4327


■ 22.4119, 43.5490,  
9.9575


■ 23.4489, 44.0343,  
12.2357


■ 25.0616, 44.7984,  
15.3504


■ 27.3202, 45.8761,  
19.3724

■ 30.2848, 47.2969,  
24.3649

 34.0084, 49.0871,  
30.3855

 38.5389, 51.2702,  
37.4874

 43.9203, 53.8678,  
45.7198

 50.1934, 56.8999,  
55.1293

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.2824, 43.2795, 2.6673



21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



17.2012, 43.2795, 29.9738

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



34.6050, 43.2795, 204.2798



79.6551, 43.2795, 24.6724

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



32.5422, 15.8936, 41.3934

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.7705, 43.2795, 69.8157



21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



51.4759, 43.2795, 198.8871

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



23.1319, 43.2795, 151.5473



69.3941, 43.2795, 139.6892



66.6642, 43.2795, 6.7780

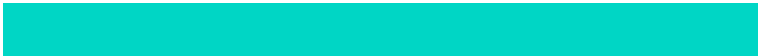


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



16.9306, 43.2795, 60.0411



69.3941, 43.2795, 139.6892



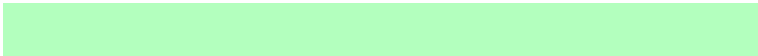
81.5358, 43.2795, 36.2067

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.8282, 43.2813, 8.4327



63.5024, 84.7512, 61.5859



39.6804, 52.5115, 8.0444



12.8752, 17.7946, 12.0653



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.8282, 43.2813, 8.4327



36.1020, 71.6568, 13.7212



25.5697, 44.7779, 28.1348



11.1342, 12.5634, 12.2640



13.7597, 27.2492, 5.4196



0.7320, 1.4146, 0.3960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5422, 15.8936, 41.3934



53.8279, 26.2952, 68.2168



26.1661, 13.3432, 7.8174



11.6138, 11.3743, 13.7671



20.5086, 10.0140, 26.1946

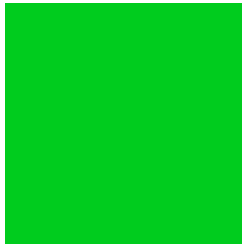


1.0778, 0.5245, 1.4558



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

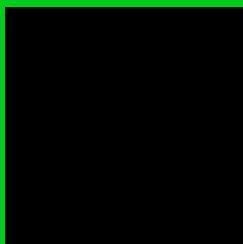
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.8272, 43.2795,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317

### Protanopia

38.4913, 42.5844, 6.9004

### Deuteranopia

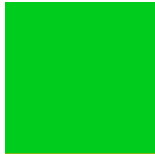
43.2884, 42.2183, 9.1162



## Tritanopia

33.1792, 43.1660, 64.3407

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



## Protanomaly

26.1812, 39.5437, 7.1170



## Deuteranomaly

27.2222, 37.9110, 8.2657



## Tritanomaly

25.8441, 41.7376, 31.8933

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317



## Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697



## Achromatomaly

16.1733, 24.7974, 13.3852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 30) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 204, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 30)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.8272, 43.2795, 8.4317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor