

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.8348, 23.7660, 34.0338)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.8348, 23.7660, 34.0338)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.8486, 23.8693,  
34.0275)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	73899A
RGB	115, 137, 154
RGB Percent	45%, 54%, 60%
CMY	0.5490, 0.4627, 0.3961
CMYK	0.25, 0.11, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	206°, 16%, 53%
HSV	206°, 25%, 60%
XYZ	21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275
YIQ	132.3600, -18.5690, 0.6230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

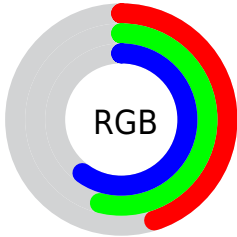
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	115, 129, 154
Decimal	7571866
CIE Lab	55.96, -3.87, -11.66
CIE LCh	56, 12.285, 251.643
Yxy	23.8693, 0.2740, 0.2993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285761946 (0xFF73899A)
YUV	132.3600, 10.6685, -15.2247
Hunter-Lab	48.8562, -5.6728, -7.0951

# Details

The XYZ color **21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **24.6723, 24.6102, 19.6700**, and the grayscale version is **22.0301, 23.1774, 25.2402**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.9471, 49.7058, 66.8470**, and **8.1031, 8.9539, 14.1332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.0657, 21.0626, 33.6328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.0306, 26.9711, 34.4589**.

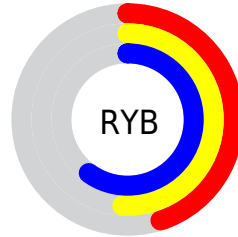
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (54%)

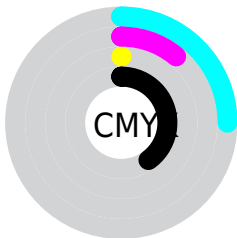
Blue (60%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (60%)

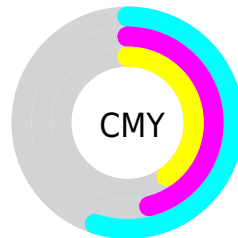


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 21.8486, 23.8693,  
34.0275

■ 21.8486, 23.8693,  
34.0275

254.4019,  
272.1590, 335.0276

■ 13.8617, 15.2367,  
22.6372

■ 45.9764, 49.8168,  
67.1108

■ 8.1056, 8.9857,  
14.1231

■ 62.8479, 67.9006,  
89.6409

■ 4.2150, 4.7318,  
8.0666

■ 83.4117, 89.9034,  
116.7213

■ 1.8244, 2.0908,  
4.0492

108.0331,  
116.2099, 148.7707

■ 0.5323, 0.6594,  
1.6524

137.0775,  
147.2042, 186.2074

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3278

170.9101,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

183.2710, 229.4501

0.0000

209.8965,  
224.7944, 278.9173

■ 21.8486, 23.8693,  
34.0275

■ 21.8486, 23.8693,  
34.0275

■ 19.0657, 21.0626,  
33.6328

■ 25.0306, 26.9711,  
34.4589

■ 16.6620, 18.5372,  
33.2721

■ 28.6263, 30.3752,  
34.9264

■ 14.6188, 16.2827,  
32.9446

■ 32.6520, 34.0923,  
35.4317

■ 12.9148, 14.2862,  
32.6490

■ 37.1226, 38.1313,  
35.9757

■ 11.5266, 12.5340,  
32.3840

■ 42.0521, 42.5010,  
36.5593

■ 10.4269, 11.0103,  
32.1479

■ 47.4540, 47.2097,  
37.1835

■ 9.5807, 9.6951,  
31.9386

■ 53.3412, 52.2655,  
37.8491

■ 9.2313, 9.1301,  
31.8480

■ 59.7259, 57.6760,  
38.5569

■ 66.6203, 63.4487,  
39.3078

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.7315, 23.8693, 31.4648



21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275



23.2355, 23.8693, 34.3083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275



25.4311, 23.8693, 24.4624



20.9425, 23.8693, 20.6365

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275



24.6723, 24.6102, 19.6700

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.1473, 23.8693, 19.1376



21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275



24.7618, 23.8693, 21.1896

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275



25.3430, 23.8693, 28.4977



23.5467, 23.8693, 19.3291



20.2234, 23.8693, 23.6332



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275



24.1309, 23.8693, 33.1320



23.5467, 23.8693, 19.3291



21.3020, 23.8693, 19.9554

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.8493, 23.8703, 34.0280



50.0706, 53.3676, 63.1983



22.7843, 28.4196, 26.0790



11.1181, 11.8765, 14.2768



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.8493, 23.8703, 34.0280



36.9340, 40.6049, 61.4272



19.3348, 18.8412, 33.1899



6.1590, 6.5754, 7.8735



7.5569, 7.5105, 25.9591



0.1491, 0.1846, 0.4001



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.9731, 20.9381, 26.4460



41.4843, 34.6336, 45.1124



27.5524, 30.3704, 20.6300



6.3474, 6.2781, 7.2094



12.2731, 6.1635, 7.9634



0.2017, 0.0994, 0.2151



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

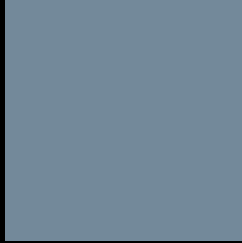
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

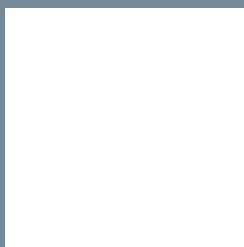
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.8486, 23.8693,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275

### Protanopia

23.3335, 23.8347, 32.6489

### Deuteranopia

24.3492, 23.9175, 34.3435



## Tritanopia

21.4527, 23.9243, 31.9209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275

## Protanomaly

22.6500, 23.6772, 33.0821

## Deuteranomaly

23.3572, 23.8087, 34.3748

## Tritanomaly

21.6138, 23.9887, 32.7693

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275

## Achromatopsia

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

## Achromatomaly

21.8629, 23.3793, 28.1713

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 137, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 137, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 137, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 137, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

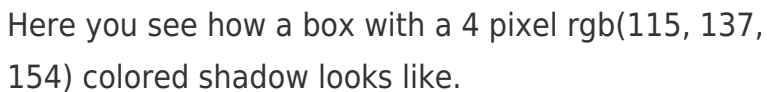
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 137, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 137, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 137, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 137, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 137, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 137,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.8486, 23.8693, 34.0275 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 137, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
137, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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