

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.8678, 9.3327, 95.2566)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.8678, 9.3327, 95.2566)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(21.8940, 9.3467,  
95.2579)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5509FF
RGB	85, 9, 255
RGB Percent	33%, 4%, 100%
CMY	0.6666, 0.9648, 0.0000
CMYK	0.67, 0.96, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	259°, 100%, 52%
HSV	259°, 96%, 100%
XYZ	21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579
YIQ	59.7680, -33.6700, 92.6180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

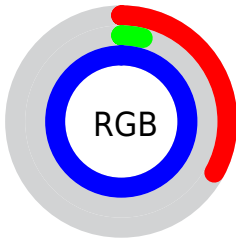
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 9, 255
Decimal	5573119
CIELab	36.64, 79.59, -100.52
CIELCh	37, 128.213, 308.372
Yxy	9.3467, 0.1731, 0.0739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283763199 (0xFF5509FF)
YUV	59.7680, 96.2494, 22.1285
Hunter-Lab	30.5724, 74.3288, -163.3361

# Details

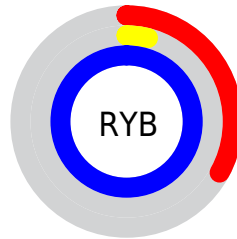
The XYZ color **21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **54.3933, 81.1201, 13.0489**, and the grayscale version is **4.1369, 4.3524, 4.7397**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6290, 20.0252, 96.6479**, and **9.9638, 3.9855, 52.4687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.2581, 8.8738, 95.2001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.1870, 11.2536, 95.5051**.

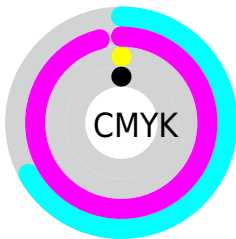
# Distribution



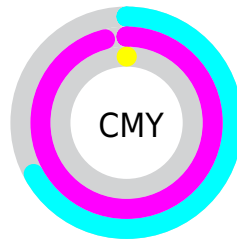
- Red (33%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.8940, 9.3467,  
95.2579

 21.8940, 9.3467,  
95.2579


254.6350,  
185.9436, 565.9957


 13.8952, 4.9680,  
71.7516


 46.0509, 24.5592,  
156.6195

 8.1290, 2.2285,  
52.4702


 62.9397, 36.1619,  
195.3118


 4.2301, 0.7355,  
36.9952


 83.5226, 50.9413,  
239.9033

 1.8331, 0.0000,  
24.9080

 108.1648, 69.2818,  
290.8124

 0.5375, 0.0000,  
15.7901

 137.2318, 91.5680,  
348.4576

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
9.2230

 171.0890,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

118.1840, 413.2575

4.7881

210.1016,  
149.5144, 485.6307

0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0669

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5960

21.8940, 9.3467,  
95.2579

21.8940, 9.3467,  
95.2579

21.2581, 8.8738,  
95.2001

24.1870, 11.2536,  
95.5051

27.4453, 14.4608,  
95.9524

31.7962, 19.1854,  
96.6350

37.3441, 25.6021,  
97.5812

■ 44.1798, 33.8612,  
98.8151

■ 52.3848, 44.0957,  
100.3581

■ 62.0332, 56.4261,  
102.2296

■ 73.1937, 70.9632,  
104.4473

■ 85.9303, 87.8098,  
107.0277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2616, 9.3467, 140.2537



21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579



31.5228, 9.3467, 35.7856

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579



15.6704, 9.3467, 0.0000



0.7592, 9.3467, 17.8363

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579



54.3933, 81.1201, 13.0489

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.9506, 9.3467, 1.1209



21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579



6.8666, 9.3467, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579



26.6922, 9.3467, 0.0000



2.4312, 9.3467, 0.0000



1.5353, 9.3467, 67.2869



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579



34.0392, 9.3467, 11.4521



2.4312, 9.3467, 0.0000



0.7271, 9.3467, 9.0002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.8947, 9.3468, 95.2579



59.4593, 53.1117, 101.7255



34.7259, 40.4050, 100.5764



11.8413, 10.2358, 21.6016



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.8947, 9.3468, 95.2579



21.2581, 8.8738, 95.2001



43.5446, 20.5077, 96.2711



17.5310, 17.6500, 22.7327



11.2412, 4.7055, 49.7504



1.2008, 0.5129, 4.8490



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.4714, 24.7086, 44.7951



49.0960, 24.4024, 43.2989



37.5650, 72.4448, 12.2613



18.5396, 18.1992, 21.4588



25.7238, 12.7788, 22.9935

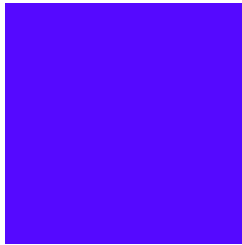


2.5537, 1.2638, 2.4971



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

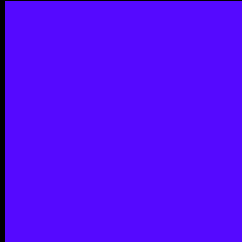
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

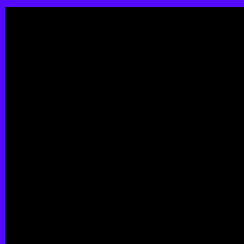
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.8940, 9.3467,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579

### Protanopia

10.8311, 9.2817, 41.7781

### Deuteranopia

8.9972, 9.3147, 29.7575



## Tritanopia

6.5811, 9.3251, 14.0234

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579

## Protanomaly

12.8783, 7.4793, 57.8916

## Deuteranomaly

11.2580, 7.1539, 48.3644

## Tritanomaly

8.5700, 6.4267, 33.1365

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579

## Achromatopsia

4.2949, 4.5186, 4.9208

## Achromatomaly

7.3439, 4.4898, 21.9523

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 9, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 9, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 9, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 9, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 9, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 9, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 9, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 9, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 9, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 9, 255)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.8940, 9.3467, 95.2579 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 9, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 9,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**