

# Converting Colors

XYZ(21.8859, 20.0127, 16.6517)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(21.8859, 20.0127, 16.6517)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.9214, 20.0953,  
16.6333)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	99736B
RGB	153, 115, 107
RGB Percent	60%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.4000, 0.5490, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.30, 0.40
HSL	10°, 18%, 51%
HSV	10°, 30%, 60%
XYZ	21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333
YIQ	125.4500, 25.2160, 5.5680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

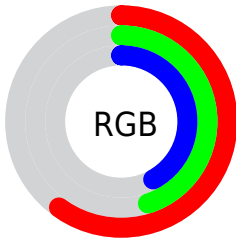
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 117, 107
Decimal	10056555
CIE Lab	51.94, 13.76, 10.23
CIE LCh	52, 17.150, 36.627
Yxy	20.0953, 0.3738, 0.3426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288246635 (0xFF99736B)
YUV	125.4500, -9.0958, 24.1614
Hunter-Lab	44.8278, 8.8403, 9.3800

# Details

The XYZ color **21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **21.9382, 25.6756, 33.9366**, and the grayscale version is **19.6690, 20.6933, 22.5350**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.0027, 43.5160, 38.3226**, and **8.1896, 7.1073, 5.2152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.8430, 17.1146, 12.3144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.3409, 23.5300, 21.7691**.

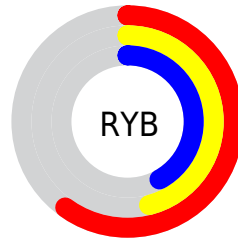
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (45%)

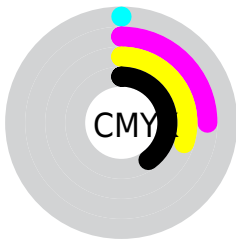
Blue (42%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (42%)

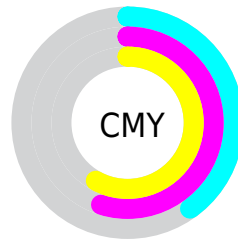


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.9214, 20.0953,  
16.6333


 21.9214, 20.0953,  
16.6333


254.7756,  
252.4306, 245.0222


 13.9154, 12.4643,  
9.8142


 46.0959, 43.5769,  
38.4762

 8.1432, 7.0607,  
5.1720


 62.9951, 60.1963,  
54.3370

 4.2393, 3.5001,  
2.2880

 83.5894, 80.5807,  
74.0489

 1.8384, 1.3981,  
0.7245

 108.2443,  
105.1144, 98.0303

 0.5406, 0.2153,  
0.0000

137.3250,  
134.1819, 126.6998

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

171.1968,

168.1674, 160.4759

210.2253,  
207.4555, 199.7772

■ 21.9214, 20.0953,  
16.6333

■ 21.9214, 20.0953,  
16.6333

■ 19.8430, 17.1146,  
12.3144

■ 24.3409, 23.5300,  
21.7691

■ 18.0886, 14.5662,  
8.7690

■ 27.1145, 27.4339,  
27.7597

■ 16.6421, 12.4307,  
5.9514

■ 30.2563, 31.8246,  
34.6421

■ 15.4851, 10.6860,  
3.8107

■ 33.7791, 36.7183,  
42.4509

■ 14.5973, 9.3080,  
2.2894

■ 37.6954, 42.1302,  
51.2187

■ 13.9558, 8.2700,  
1.3202

■ 42.0167, 48.0750,  
60.9765

■ 13.5201, 7.5388,  
0.7426

■ 46.7545, 54.5667,  
71.7541

■ 51.9193, 61.6190,  
83.5797

■ 57.5217, 69.2448,  
96.4808

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.6307, 20.0953, 20.7900



21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333



20.4623, 20.0953, 14.1915

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333



16.1825, 20.0953, 18.2851



19.4898, 20.0953, 32.8814

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333



21.9382, 25.6756, 33.9366

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7995, 20.0953, 31.9402



21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333



15.9571, 20.0953, 23.0082

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333



17.1672, 20.0953, 15.0388



16.5317, 20.0953, 28.1289



21.1726, 20.0953, 30.5342



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333



19.2981, 20.0953, 13.6209



16.5317, 20.0953, 28.1289



18.9032, 20.0953, 32.9438

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.9219, 20.0962, 16.6337



49.0311, 49.7928, 50.7423



23.5312, 19.3425, 29.4163



10.6687, 10.7735, 10.8610



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.9219, 20.0962, 16.6337



36.7189, 32.3529, 24.4894



24.8315, 25.9154, 17.6036



6.2914, 6.3879, 6.5072



11.1924, 6.2671, 0.6198



0.1864, 0.1318, 0.0156



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.9382, 25.6756, 33.9366



36.7459, 43.9580, 60.5200



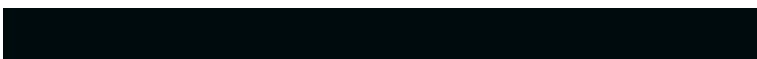
18.8139, 19.4270, 32.8951



6.2931, 6.8436, 7.9182



10.9800, 14.3567, 27.1001



0.1854, 0.2572, 0.4122



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.9214, 20.0953,

16.6333.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333

### Protanopia

19.1302, 20.2301, 17.9355

### Deuteranopia

20.3537, 19.9850, 16.4204



## Tritanopia

22.9355, 20.1840, 21.0994

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333

## Protanomaly

20.1331, 20.2038, 17.5904

## Deuteranomaly

20.9340, 20.1085, 16.4136

## Tritanomaly

22.5546, 20.1890, 19.5377

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333

## Achromatopsia

19.4927, 20.5079, 22.3331

## Achromatomaly

20.0991, 20.1336, 19.9664

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 115, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 115, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 115, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 115, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 115, 107) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 115, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 115, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 115, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 115, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 115,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.9214, 20.0953, 16.6333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 115, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
115, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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