

Converting Colors

XYZ(210.7768, 174.1181,
75.5510)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(210.7768, 174.1181, 75.5510)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(87.0780, 96.8112,
66.9203)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FFFFC5 |
| RGB | 255, 255, 197 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 100%, 77% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.2274 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.23, 0.00 |
| HSL | 60°, 100%, 89% |
| HSV | 60°, 23%, 100% |
| XYZ | 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 |
| YIQ | 248.3880, 18.6180, -18.0380 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

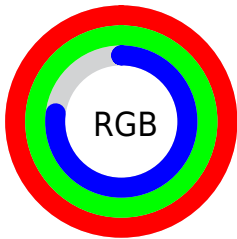
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 197, 255, 197 |
| Decimal | 16777157 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 98.75, -9.01, 27.81 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 99, 29.230, 107.956 |
| Yxy | 96.8112, 0.3472, 0.3860 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294967237 (0xFFFFF5C5) |
| YUV | 248.3880, -25.3343, 5.7987 |
| Hunter-Lab | 98.3927, -14.2138, 28.5497 |

Details

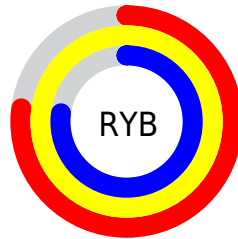
The XYZ color **87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.0433, 59.0242, 102.7832**, and the grayscale version is **89.7298, 94.4027, 102.8046**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.8894, 99.9358, 108.0543**, and **48.4407, 54.3771, 33.9293** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.3987, 95.7395, 52.8109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.2523, 98.0809, 83.6355**.

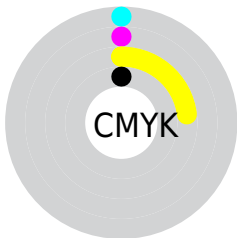
Distribution



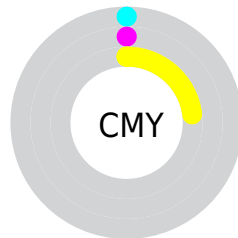
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87.0780, 96.8112,
66.9203

 87.0780, 96.8112,
66.9203


506.8598,
549.9472, 468.1548

 65.8880, 73.6434,
48.5587


142.1720,
156.7645, 116.4458

 48.4489, 54.5022,
33.9064


176.8066,
194.3187, 148.4467

 34.3952, 39.0033,
22.5449


216.6536,
237.4372, 185.8311

 23.3617, 26.7623,
14.0557

262.0782,
286.5043, 229.0176

 14.9830, 17.3948,
8.0202

313.4457,
341.9045, 278.4246

 8.8937, 10.5164,
4.0199

371.1216,

 4.7284, 5.7426,

404.0221, 334.4708

1.6363

435.4712,
473.2416, 397.5747

■ 2.1219, 2.6892,
0.3165

■ 0.7011, 0.9717,
0.0000

■ 87.0780, 96.8112,
66.9203

■ 87.0780, 96.8112,
66.9203

■ 84.3987, 95.7395,
52.8109

■ 90.2523, 98.0809,
83.6355

■ 82.1885, 94.8554,
41.1722

■ 93.9436, 99.5575,
103.0740

■ 80.4207, 94.1483,
31.8634

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 79.0657, 93.6063,
24.7276

■ 78.0898, 93.2159,
19.5890

■ 77.4547, 92.9619,
16.2442

■ 77.1133, 92.8253,
14.4468

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

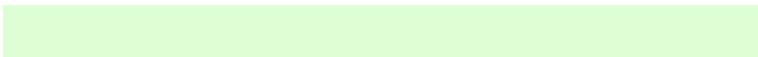
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.4622, 96.8112, 66.0032



87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



80.4253, 96.8112, 77.1162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



81.5178, 96.8112, 144.0526



108.9102, 96.8112, 115.4631

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



61.0433, 59.0242, 102.7832

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.6704, 96.8112, 139.8970



87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



88.6540, 96.8112, 158.0223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



77.3535, 96.8112, 120.4802



97.1375, 96.8112, 156.3943



108.4236, 96.8112, 91.6537

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



77.7085, 96.8112, 88.8305



97.1375, 96.8112, 156.3943



107.9802, 96.8112, 123.9359

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.0783, 96.8113, 66.9217



92.3080, 98.9032, 94.4608



71.2851, 65.2249, 61.6573



19.7097, 21.1502, 19.9658



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

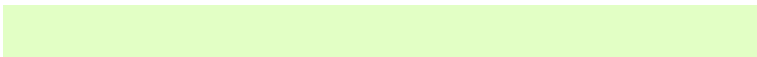
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.0783, 96.8113, 66.9217



85.8789, 96.3316, 60.6056



77.2027, 91.7203, 66.4595



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.0433, 59.0242, 102.7832



55.9267, 52.8589, 101.8629



69.3812, 63.3225, 103.1734



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



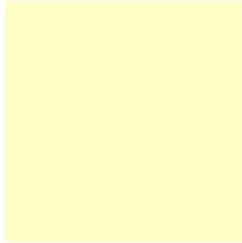
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

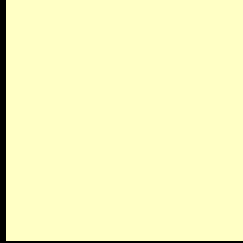
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

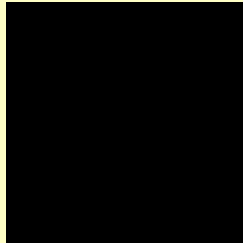
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203.

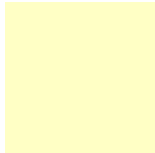


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.0780, 96.8112,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



Protanopia

91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372

Deuteranopia

92.6805, 97.0317, 102.6511

Tritanopia

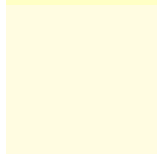
93.4756, 96.8512, 108.3752

Trichromacy



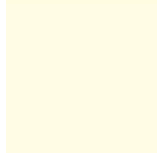
Original Color

87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



Protanomaly

89.6410, 96.3170, 85.1006



Deuteranomaly

90.1933, 96.5380, 88.0087



Tritanomaly

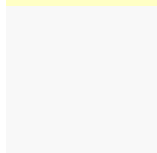
90.9017, 96.8213, 91.7393

Monochromacy



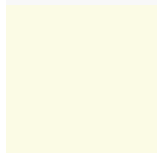
Original Color

87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203



Achromatopsia

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229



Achromatomaly

88.4237, 95.1607, 87.8362

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 197); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 197); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.0780, 96.8112, 66.9203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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