

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.0249, 40.5203, 18.2224)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.0249, 40.5203, 18.2224)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(21.9445, 40.3617,  
18.1893)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C462
RGB	0, 196, 98
RGB Percent	0%, 77%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2314, 0.6157
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.50, 0.23
HSL	150°, 100%, 38%
HSV	150°, 100%, 77%
XYZ	21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893
YIQ	126.2240, -85.3580, -72.0300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

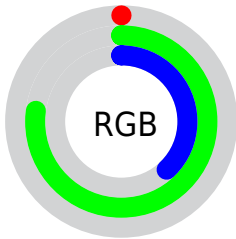
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 131, 196
Decimal	50274
CIELab	69.73, -62.77, 37.65
CIELCh	70, 73.201, 149.043
Yxy	40.3617, 0.2726, 0.5014
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240354 (0xFF00C462)
YUV	126.2240, -13.9144, -110.6984
Hunter-Lab	63.5309, -49.5225, 27.4965

# Details

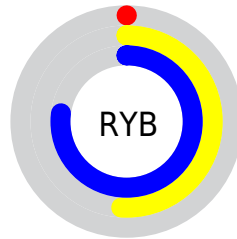
The XYZ color **21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **24.9708, 12.6183, 12.6762**, and the grayscale version is **19.9753, 21.0156, 22.8860**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.0924, 75.7383, 41.0438**, and **10.0584, 19.2632, 5.9843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.9453, 40.3633, 18.1896**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.7175, 40.7045, 20.7919**.

# Distribution



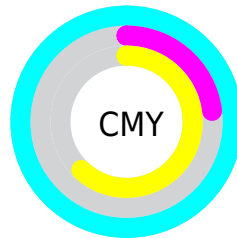
- Red (0%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (62%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.9445, 40.3617,  
18.1893


 21.9445, 40.3617,  
18.1893


254.8941,  
347.6457, 254.2077


 13.9325, 27.8207,  
10.9151


 46.1338, 75.7140,  
41.1779


 8.1551, 18.1905,  
5.8963


 63.0418, 99.2940,  
57.7294


 4.2470, 11.0869,  
2.7144


 83.6458, 127.3225,  
78.2105

 1.8428, 6.1253,  
0.9507

 108.3113,  
160.1839, 103.0396

 0.5433, 2.9214,  
0.0000

 137.4035,  
198.2625, 132.6354

 0.0000, 1.0908,  
0.0000

171.2878,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

241.9427, 167.4163

0.0000

210.3295,  
291.6090, 207.8009

■ 21.9445, 40.3617,  
18.1893

■ 21.9445, 40.3617,  
18.1893

■ 21.9453, 40.3633,  
18.1896

■ 22.7175, 40.7045,  
20.7919

■ 23.8317, 41.2154,  
23.7155

■ 25.3900, 41.9482,  
26.9755

■ 27.4460, 42.9303,  
30.5836

■ 30.0453, 44.1852,  
34.5506

■ 33.2278, 45.7332,  
38.8870

■ 37.0299, 47.5928,  
43.6027

■ 41.4845, 49.7809,  
48.7071

■ 46.6225, 52.3131,  
54.2093

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.3248, 40.3617, 8.0116



21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



19.7838, 40.3617, 42.8649

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



37.9829, 40.3617, 146.8984



61.9465, 40.3617, 19.2592

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



24.9708, 12.6183, 12.6762

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.9721, 40.3617, 45.0472



21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



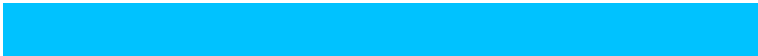
50.5292, 40.3617, 129.3162

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



27.7892, 40.3617, 127.0887



61.4236, 40.3617, 86.8186



51.3263, 40.3617, 8.3675



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



20.5949, 40.3617, 68.8788



61.4236, 40.3617, 86.8186



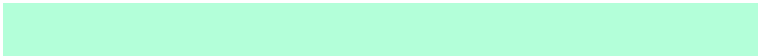
64.2019, 40.3617, 25.9002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.9455, 40.3633, 18.1902



66.7268, 86.0410, 78.5656



25.1379, 42.2638, 6.8330



13.6258, 18.0949, 16.0181



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.9455, 40.3633, 18.1902



39.6233, 73.0653, 32.2639



29.3371, 43.3200, 57.1136



10.1497, 11.3409, 11.7919



14.1438, 25.9516, 11.9160



0.6459, 1.1352, 0.6981



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9708, 12.6183, 12.6762



45.1036, 22.8054, 22.2753



22.7838, 11.7435, 1.1598



10.2785, 10.1600, 11.5572



16.0876, 8.1248, 8.3731

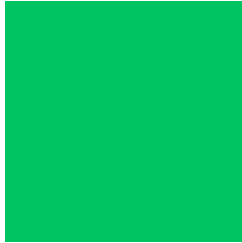


0.7299, 0.3650, 0.5450



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 21.9445, 40.3617,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893

### Protanopia

36.2408, 39.5363, 15.1724

### Deuteranopia

40.3006, 39.3886, 19.3886



## Tritanopia

30.6759, 40.3639, 60.8178

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



## Protanomaly

25.5231, 36.8645, 15.8956



## Deuteranomaly

26.8407, 36.0174, 18.6341



## Tritanomaly

26.0274, 39.6679, 40.9352

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893



## Achromatopsia

19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206



## Achromatomaly

17.5273, 25.0996, 20.4439

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 196, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 196, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 196, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 196, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 196, 98) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 196, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 196, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 196, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 196, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 196, 98)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 21.9445, 40.3617, 18.1893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 196, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 196,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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