

# Converting Colors

XYZ(22.0497, 27.1155, 22.1420)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(22.0497, 27.1155, 22.1420)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(22.1033, 27.1862,  
22.1717)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	789679
RGB	120, 150, 121
RGB Percent	47%, 59%, 47%
CMY	0.5294, 0.4118, 0.5255
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.19, 0.41
HSL	122°, 13%, 53%
HSV	122°, 20%, 59%
XYZ	22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717
YIQ	137.7240, -8.5710, -15.3790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

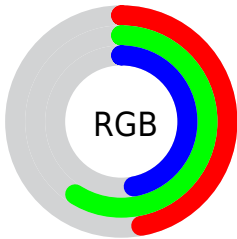
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	120, 149, 150
Decimal	7902841
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.15, -16.43, 11.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 20.287, 144.090
Yxy	27.1862, 0.3093, 0.3804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286092921 (0xFF789679)
YUV	137.7240, -8.2449, -15.5439
Hunter-Lab	52.1404, -15.5761, 11.2863

# Details

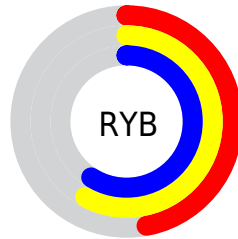
The XYZ color **22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **24.7199, 22.0876, 31.3955**, and the grayscale version is **24.0857, 25.3400, 27.5953**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.3693, 55.0871, 47.7241**, and **8.2301, 10.7312, 7.7684** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3603, 25.8681, 17.7454**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.3074, 28.7281, 27.3186**.

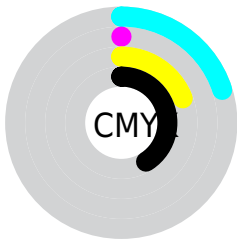
# Distribution



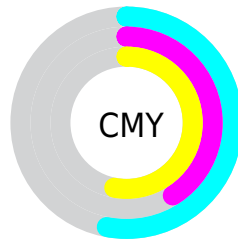
- Red (47%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22.1033, 27.1862,  
22.1717

■ 22.1033, 27.1862,  
22.1717

255.7075,  
288.5575, 276.4243

■ 14.0499, 17.7131,  
13.7836

■ 46.3943, 55.1825,  
47.9354

■ 8.2373, 10.7442,  
7.8333

■ 63.3625, 74.4745,  
66.1482

■ 4.3002, 5.8951,  
3.9022

■ 84.0330, 97.8083,  
88.4728

■ 1.8733, 2.7814,  
1.5719

108.7711,  
125.5683, 115.3280

■ 0.5613, 1.0187,  
0.2706

137.9423,  
158.1388, 147.1322

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

171.9119,

195.9042, 184.3039

211.0451,  
239.2490, 227.2618

■ 22.1033, 27.1862,  
22.1717

■ 22.1033, 27.1862,  
22.1717

■ 19.3603, 25.8681,  
17.7454

■ 25.3074, 28.7281,  
27.3186

■ 17.0552, 24.7601,  
14.0057

■ 28.9901, 30.5000,  
33.2141

■ 15.1658, 23.8525,  
10.9189

■ 33.1707, 32.5118,  
39.8873

■ 13.6675, 23.1332,  
8.4475

■ 37.8668, 34.7721,  
47.3650

■ 12.5329, 22.5891,  
6.5503

■ 43.0951, 37.2889,  
55.6728

■ 11.7310, 22.2052,  
5.1811

■ 48.8716, 40.0700,  
64.8349

■ 11.2257, 21.9640,  
4.2865

■ 55.2117, 43.1227,  
74.8750

■ 10.9342, 21.8246,  
3.7799

■ 62.1299, 46.4542,  
85.8155

■ 69.6390, 50.0705,  
97.6780

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.9081, 27.1862, 18.6352



22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717



21.3048, 27.1862, 28.1924

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717



25.3430, 27.1862, 45.6985



30.5303, 27.1862, 24.2805

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717



24.7199, 22.0876, 31.3955

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9763, 27.1862, 31.0561



22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717



27.8726, 27.1862, 44.1962

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717



23.0953, 27.1862, 42.3522



29.9750, 27.1862, 38.5286



28.7932, 27.1862, 19.7067



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717



21.4108, 27.1862, 33.1170



29.9750, 27.1862, 38.5286



30.8407, 27.1862, 26.3434

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.1040, 27.1874, 22.1723



47.0808, 51.8612, 52.0886



26.6921, 29.5596, 22.0685



10.3534, 11.4545, 11.4149



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.1040, 27.1874, 22.1723



36.7436, 46.8891, 35.4801



23.0968, 27.5845, 27.4004



5.7370, 6.4714, 6.2258



9.0706, 18.1010, 3.1476



0.1126, 0.2222, 0.0467



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.7199, 22.0876, 31.3955



42.2175, 36.2169, 54.7797



23.5981, 21.6389, 25.4880



6.0271, 5.9059, 7.2486



14.6729, 7.0742, 22.8222



0.1817, 0.0874, 0.2904



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.1033, 27.1862,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717

### Protanopia

25.4616, 27.1144, 20.7213

### Deuteranopia

27.4840, 27.0279, 22.8371



## Tritanopia

24.8154, 27.1207, 35.8252

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717

## Protanomaly

24.0429, 27.0478, 21.0931

## Deuteranomaly

25.2808, 26.9791, 22.6139

## Tritanomaly

23.7799, 27.1661, 30.3758

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717

## Achromatopsia

24.1572, 25.4152, 27.6772

## Achromatomaly

23.1979, 25.8372, 25.5942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 150, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 150, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 150, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 150, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 150, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 150, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 150, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 150, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 150, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 150,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.1033, 27.1862, 22.1717 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 150, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
150, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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