

Converting Colors

XYZ(22.1697, 11.3198, 22.1145)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(22.1697, 11.3198, 22.1145)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(22.1666, 11.3076,
22.1334)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B01382
RGB	176, 19, 130
RGB Percent	69%, 7%, 51%
CMY	0.3098, 0.9254, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.26, 0.31
HSL	318°, 80%, 38%
HSV	318°, 89%, 69%
XYZ	22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334
YIQ	78.5970, 57.9410, 67.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

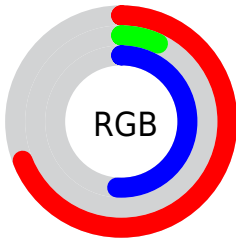
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 19, 130
Decimal	11539330
CIE _{Lab}	40.09, 65.98, -20.88
CIE _{LCh}	40, 69.210, 342.439
Yxy	11.3076, 0.3986, 0.2033
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289729410 (0xFFB01382)
YUV	78.5970, 25.3417, 85.4224
Hunter-Lab	33.6268, 58.8194, -15.4864

Details

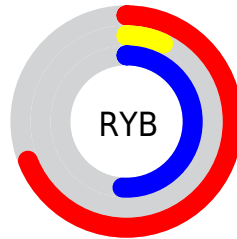
The XYZ color **22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **16.7489, 31.5712, 10.2149**, and the grayscale version is **7.3022, 7.6825, 8.3663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.3806, 28.2258, 47.8033**, and **8.9192, 4.4307, 7.9745** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.6115, 10.7376, 20.2830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9385, 12.2834, 24.1418**.

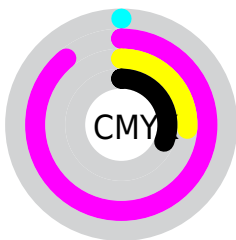
Distribution



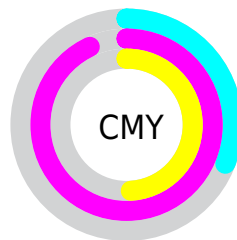
- Red (69%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22.1666, 11.3076,
22.1334

■ 22.1666, 11.3076,
22.1334

256.0311,
199.7659, 276.2183

■ 14.0967, 6.2741,
13.7557

■ 46.4980, 28.2276,
47.8714

■ 8.2701, 3.0125,
7.8141

■ 63.4902, 40.8829,
66.0688

■ 4.3215, 1.1382,
3.8902

■ 84.1871, 56.8476,
88.3764

■ 1.8856, 0.0104,
1.5653

■ 108.9542, 76.5061,
115.2130

■ 0.5684, 0.0000,
0.2659

■ 138.1568,
100.2428, 146.9969

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 172.1602,

128.4420, 184.1467

211.3299,
161.4883, 227.0810

■ 22.1666, 11.3076,
22.1334

■ 22.1666, 11.3076,
22.1334

■ 21.6115, 10.7376,
20.2830

■ 22.9385, 12.2834,
24.1418

■ 21.5697, 10.6962,
20.1385

■ 23.9908, 13.7916,
26.3305

■ 25.3575, 15.9004,
28.7119

■ 27.0677, 18.6671,
31.2971

■ 29.1469, 22.1425,
34.0956

■ 31.6180, 26.3723,
37.1162

■ 34.5023, 31.3982,
40.3671

■ 37.8193, 37.2592,
43.8558

■ 41.5872, 43.9913,
47.5896

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2560, 11.3076, 43.9349



22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



22.5143, 11.3076, 7.4512

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



8.8796, 11.3076, 0.1078



5.2738, 11.3076, 40.1482

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



16.7489, 31.5712, 10.2149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.0194, 11.3076, 18.9280



22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



5.6451, 11.3076, 1.2936

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



13.7797, 11.3076, 0.2197



4.1312, 11.3076, 5.9348



8.1964, 11.3076, 58.6160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



20.5701, 11.3076, 2.8799



4.1312, 11.3076, 5.9348



4.6885, 11.3076, 32.6289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.1670, 11.3082, 22.1336



58.1907, 49.2946, 68.3013



10.1514, 4.6742, 41.4414



12.2621, 10.0802, 14.3935



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.1670, 11.3082, 22.1336



39.0168, 19.3579, 35.9793



18.7810, 9.9538, 4.3034



8.7418, 8.6034, 10.1387



15.8525, 7.8586, 14.9153



0.5228, 0.2568, 0.5955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.1670, 11.3082, 22.1336



39.0168, 19.3579, 35.9793



20.6758, 33.1419, 30.8935



8.7418, 8.6034, 10.1387



15.8525, 7.8586, 14.9153



0.5228, 0.2568, 0.5955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

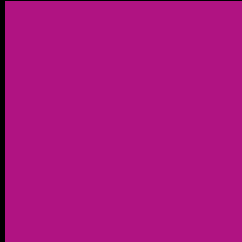
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

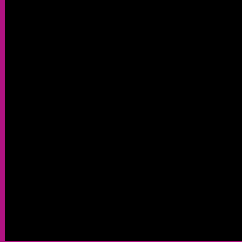
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 22.1666, 11.3076,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334

Protanopia

13.5301, 11.8104, 45.8225

Deuteranopia

11.9292, 11.6859, 20.0392



Tritanopia

18.5645, 11.3778, 4.9591

Trichromacy



Original Color

22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



Protanomaly

13.1752, 8.9205, 35.6777



Deuteranomaly

13.8772, 9.7059, 20.5441



Tritanomaly

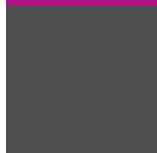
19.3675, 10.9811, 9.2824

Monochromacy



Original Color

22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334



Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146



Achromatomaly

10.6072, 7.3855, 12.4218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 19, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 19, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 19, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 19, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 19, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 19, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 19, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 19, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 19, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 19,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 22.1666, 11.3076, 22.1334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 19, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 19,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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